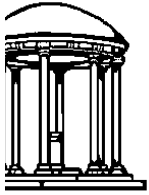




Is There Any Real Virtue In Virtual Reality?

- **What?**
- **Why?**
- **So What?**

**Fred Brooks
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill
April 21, 1998**



Hope — Sutherland's 1965 Vision

1. Display as a window into a *virtual world*
2. Improve image generation until the picture in the window *looks real*
3. Computer maintains world model in *real time*
4. User *directly manipulates* virtual objects
5. Manipulated objects *move realistically*
6. Immersion in virtual world via *head-mounted display*
7. Virtual world also *sounds real, feels real*



Hype

- ***Wall Street Journal* Article 1990**
- **Pack journalism feeding frenzy—
“GEE WHIZ!”**
- **1990 “Hip, Hype, Hope” panel**
 - **Unprofessional panel selection**
 - **Designed to wow, not to inform**



How Tell Hope Without Hype?

- **Necessity—AI example**
- **Honest, accurate status reports**
- **Warts and all**
- **Sober futures**
- **A lily needs no gilding—
the plain truth is exciting enough.**



Virtual Worlds Research

The Research Challenge:

“Look real, sound real, feel real, interact realistically”

The Scientific Questions:

- 1. Can we make virtual worlds systems good enough?**
- 2. If so, so what?
Can we do anything demonstrably useful with them?**



What *Is* Virtual Reality?

Realities essential to my broad definition:

Real time — viewpoint changes as head moves

Real space — 3-D worlds, whether concrete or abstract

Real interaction — direct manipulation of virtual objects

Not essential to the broad *definition*, in my view:

Head-mounted display

Sound display

Force display



Our Hope—Mind-Machine Systems

Thesis:

IA > AI

We want
powerful *mind-machine* systems,
with close coupling
between mind and machine,
both ways.

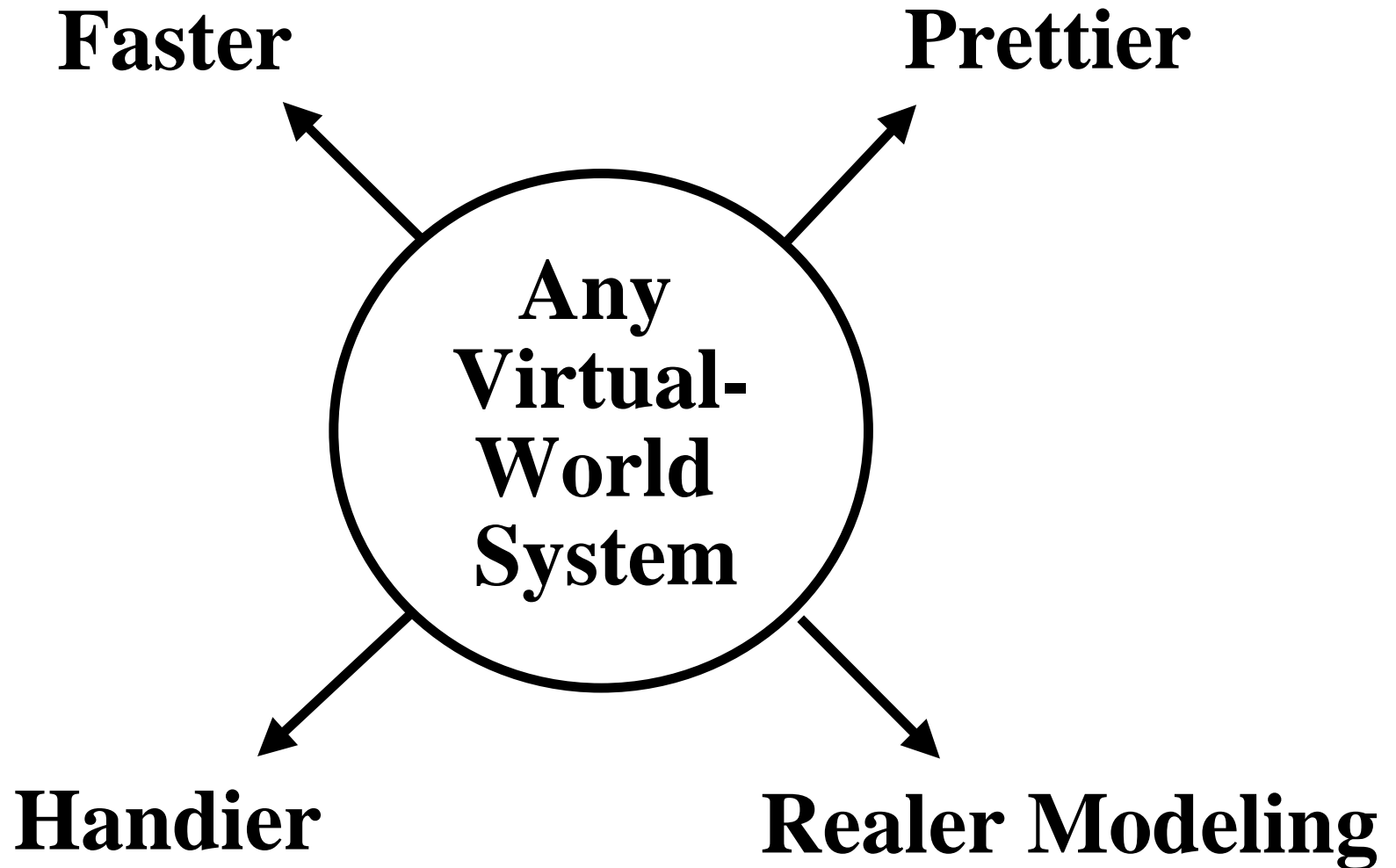


Virtual Reality — It Almost Works

- **Swimming due to lag**
- **Poor resolution — user legally blind**
- **Narrow field of view**
- **Limited model complexity**
- **Poor registration with real world**
- **Bad ergonomics**
- **Tethered ranging**
- **Tedious model-building**



How To Make VR Work?





Hardware for VR

Image Generation — Speed, textures, low latency

UNC PixelFlow: 1997, 45 M textured, shaded polys/sec

Image-warping as a really new approach

Image Delivery — See-through, resolution, wide angle;

Flip-down glasses; Projectors with seamless edges

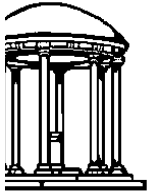
Head, Hand Tracking — Lag, range, precision

UNC optical ceiling tracker — 18' x 24', 0.3 mm, 0.3°

Virtual Feeling — Fidelity, speed, low mass

PHANToM 4-degree-of-freedom arm, 1000 hz, 1 mm.





Can We Do Anything Useful With It?

Applications Testbeds

Computer scientists are toolsmiths.

Driving problems

Spatial Design: submarines, process plants, buildings

Medical Imaging and Reconstruction

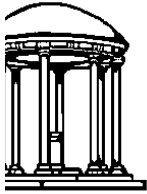
Image-guided surgical procedures: e.g. breast biopsies, laparosco

Radiation treatment planning

Telemedical consultation

Molecular Structure: protein, nucleic acid fitting, folding, docking

Scanning Probe Microscopes: Nanomanipulation



Real Virtues of Virtual Reality

What have we proved so far?

Presence — Everyone *feels* as if present; no one is fooled

Perception — Aids formation of accurate 3-D world models

Participation — Personal control aids perception

Rotation of molecules

The hand that rocks the cradle...

Direct manipulation facilitates tasks

Molecule fitting, folding, docking

13:1 speedup on fitting

Force display significantly speeds molecular docking task

Speedup bounded by x2

Flight simulator experience



Hot Open Questions

How to get lag down to acceptable levels?

Head-mounted displays versus screens with head-tracking?

**How to render massive models (> 1 M polygons)
in real time?**

How best to interact with virtual worlds?

- **Manipulation**
- **Locomotion**
- **Wayfinding**

How to make model worlds efficiently?

- **Models of existing world**
- **Models of non-existing worlds**



The Future

The technologies will get there.

Entertainment—of course; not as hard technically

Vehicle simulation

Molecular structure

Medicine

- **Surgical planning**
- **Psychiatry**

Architectural design and spatial arrangement

Microscopy

Training—especially industrial and military

?



UNC Faculty Team

Virtual Environments P.I.'s—Fred Brooks, Henry Fuchs

Project Manager—Mary Whitton

Tracking—Gary Bishop, Vern Chi, Fuchs

See-Through Display—Bishop, Chi, Fuchs

Geometry and Algorithms—Dinesh Manocha, Ming Lin

Pixel-Planes, Pixel-Flow P.I.'s—Henry Fuchs, John Poulton

Hardware—Poulton, Nick England

Software—Anselmo Lastra

Applications

Medical—Fuchs, Stephen Pizer, Brooks

Nanomanipulator—Russell Taylor, Chi, Brooks

Spatial Design—Brooks, Manocha, Lin

Molecular Structures—Mary Whitton, Brooks



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NIH National Institute for Research Resources

NSF CISE

**NSF-ARPA Center for Computer Graphics
and Scientific Visualization**

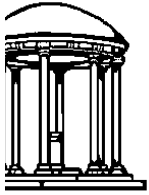
Army Research Office

Office of Naval Research

Alfred P. Sloan Foundation

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Real Virtues of Head-Mounted Display (versus stereo on big screens)?

Postulated virtues:

- Intuitive control of kinetic depth effect — a biggie
Head-tracking, not display, gives this.
- Intuitive navigation of 3-space — hard to realize
- Disbelief cues from surroundings blanked out
- Perhaps best way to do surgery

Real virtues: Limited proof so far

Vices:

- Narrow field of view, but ...
- Low resolution, but ...



What Can We Really Do Well Now?

- **Vehicle simulators: aircraft, ships, trucks, cars**
- **Microscope control**
- **Molecular structure visualization**
- **Design review of structures**
- **Entertainment**
- **Stage sets**
- **Demos**



Faster

- **Frame rate = scene complexity**
- **Textures**
- **Lag**
 - **Passmore's numbers: need 25ms, 15ms**
 - **Prediction accuracy gain 5-10x, *if* <80ms**
 - **Inertial sensors are 2-3x of that**
 - **Error goes as $(p\omega)^2$**
- **Algorithms**
- **Hardware**
- **Modeling physics**



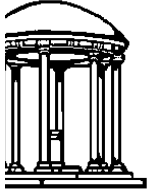
Prettier

- **Resolution**
- **Color saturation**
- **Textures**
- **Lighting**
- **Anti-aliasing**
- **See-through and registration**
- **Sound**
- **Force**



Handier

- **Tracking range**
- **Ergonomics**
 - **Weight**
 - **Moment of inertia**
 - **Balance**
 - **Umbilical cords**
 - **Motion sickness**
- **Interaction devices**
- **Interaction modes**



Realer Models

- **Model engineering**
- **Model-building tools**
 - **Build in 3-D**
 - **Inside virtual space**
 - **Image-based modeling**
 - **Progressive truthfulness**
- **Model libraries**
- **Modeling physics**
 - **Motion**
 - **Sound**
 - **Force**