



# COMP 110 FOR AND ARRAYS

Instructor: Prasan Dewan

# PREREQUISITE

- Loops Advanced

- 



# STRINGS = CHAR SEQUENCES

String {sequences of characters}

J	o	h	n		F	.		K	e	n	n	e	d	y
---	---	---	---	--	---	---	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

h	e	l	l	o
---	---	---	---	---

1	4	3	2	0
---	---	---	---	---

# OTHER PREDEFINED TYPES AS SEQUENCES

IntSequence {sequences of integers}

100	98	99	100	90	80
-----	----	----	-----	----	----

60	40	50
----	----	----

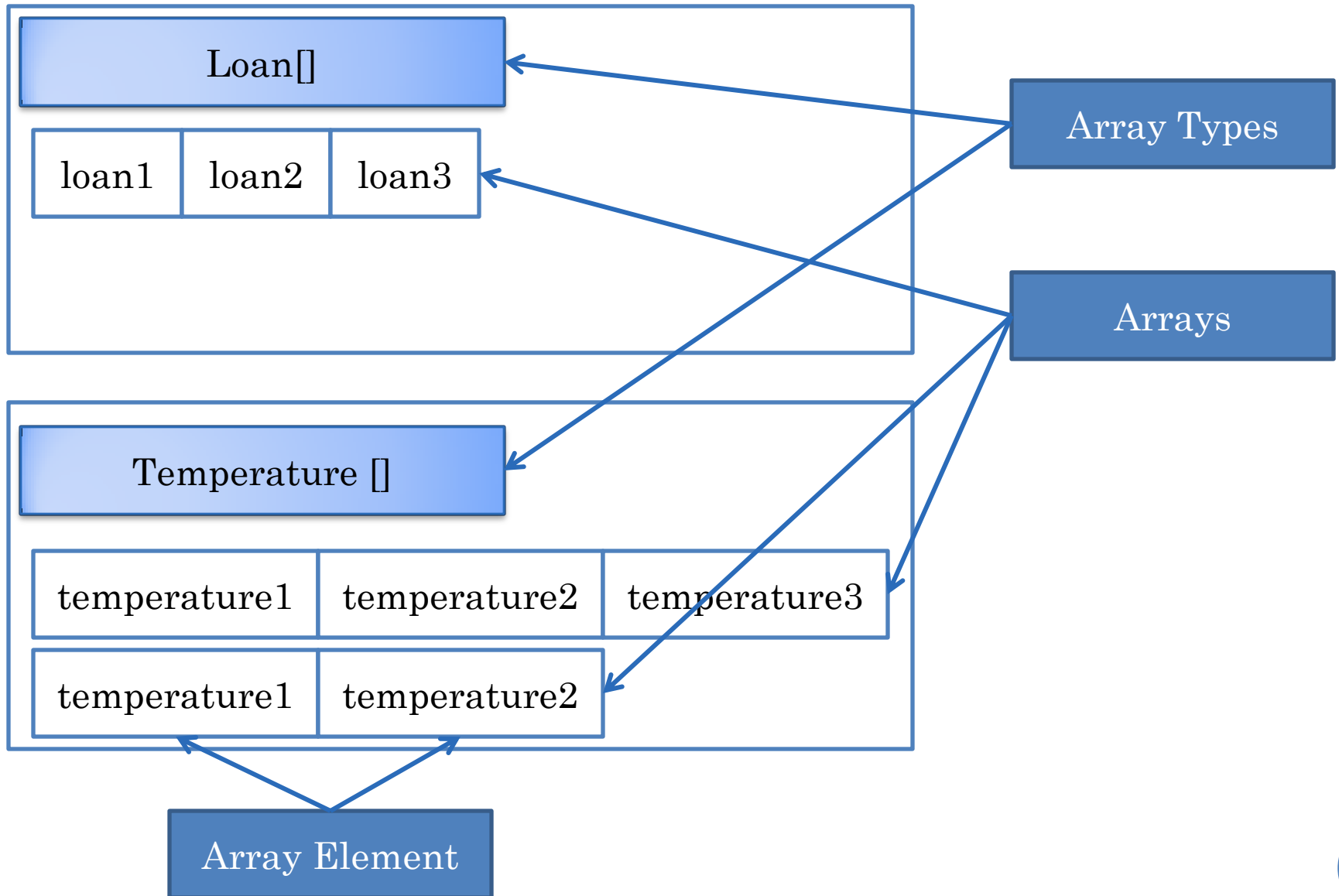
DoubleSequence {sequences of doubles}

3.8	3.1	3.7	3.1	3.6	3.9
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

StringSequence {sequences of string}

JFK	FDR	JC	BC	RR	GB
-----	-----	----	----	----	----

# SEQUENCES OF PROGRAMMER-DEFINED TYPES



# OTHER SEQUENCES AS ARRAY TYPES

int[]

100	98	99	100	90	80
-----	----	----	-----	----	----

60	40	50
----	----	----

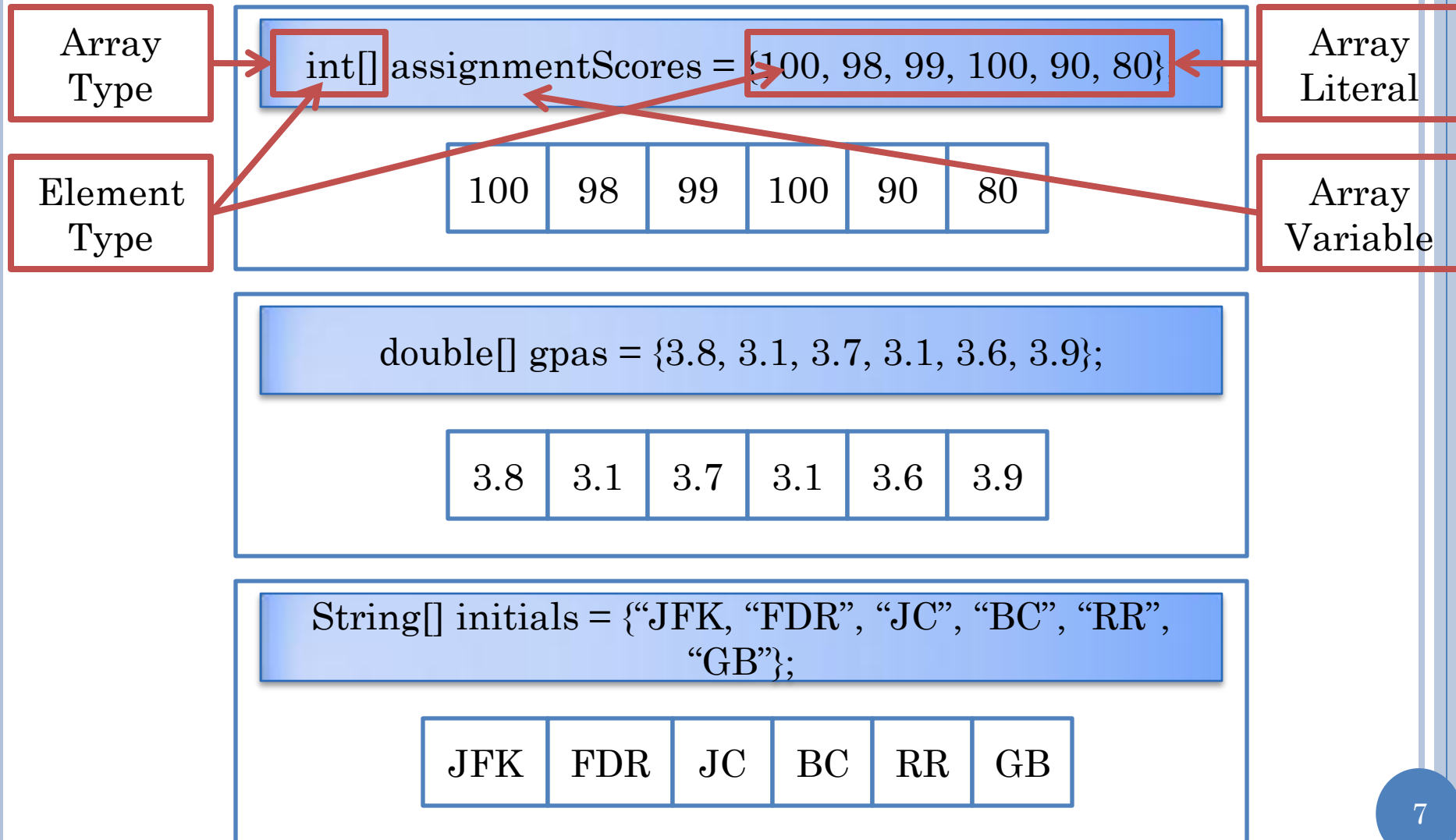
double[]

3.8	3.1	3.7	3.1	3.6	3.9
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

String[]

JFK	FDR	JC	BC	RR	GB
-----	-----	----	----	----	----

# INITIALIZING ARRAY DECLARATION



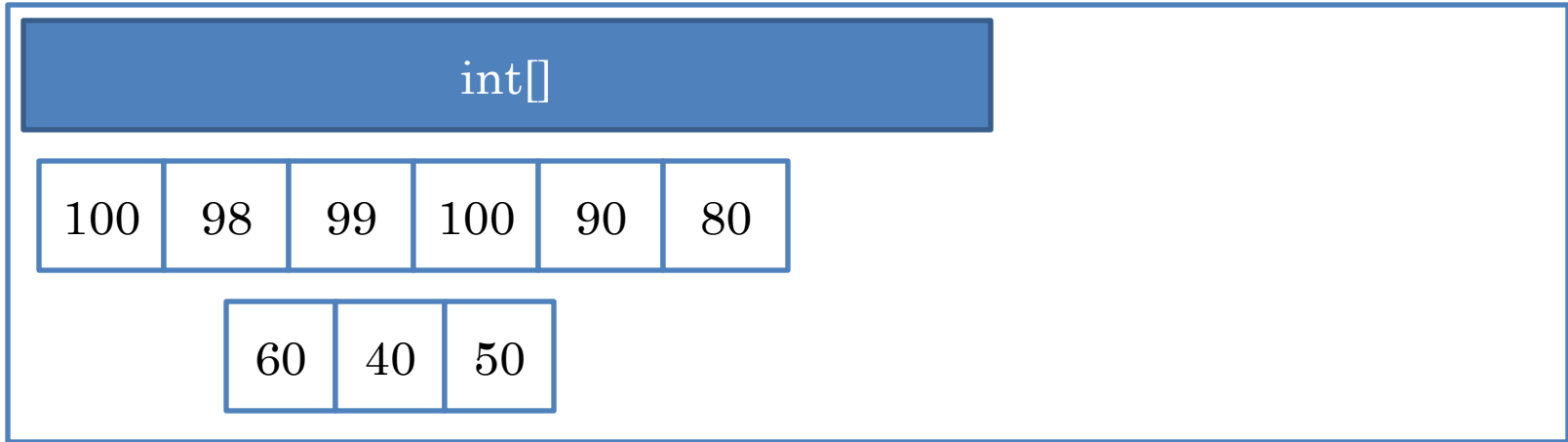
# INITIALIZING ARRAY DECLARATION SYNTAX

```
<ElementType> [] <arrayVariable> = {<element1>, ..., <elementN>}
```

```
Loan [] loans = {new ALoan(100000), new AnotherLoan (100)};
```

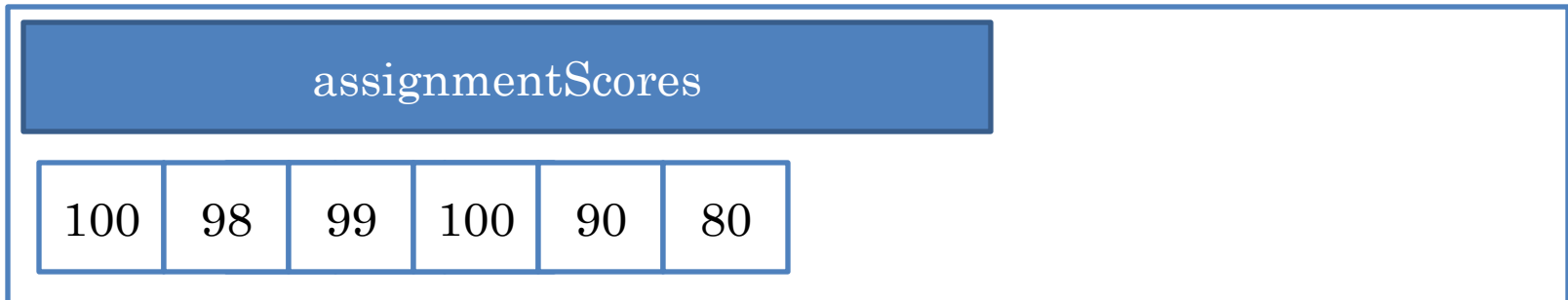


# ARRAY TYPES HAVE VARIABLE SIZE



```
int[] assignmentScores = {100, 98, 99, 100, 90, 80};
```

```
assignmentScores = new int[] {60, 40, 50};
```



# ARRAY OPERATIONS

```
String[] initials = {"JFK", "FDR", "JC", "BC", "RR", "GW", "WW"};
```



public named constant

initials.length → 6

initials[0] → JFK

initials[initials.length-1] → WW

initials[initials.length] → ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException

initials[0] = "HT"

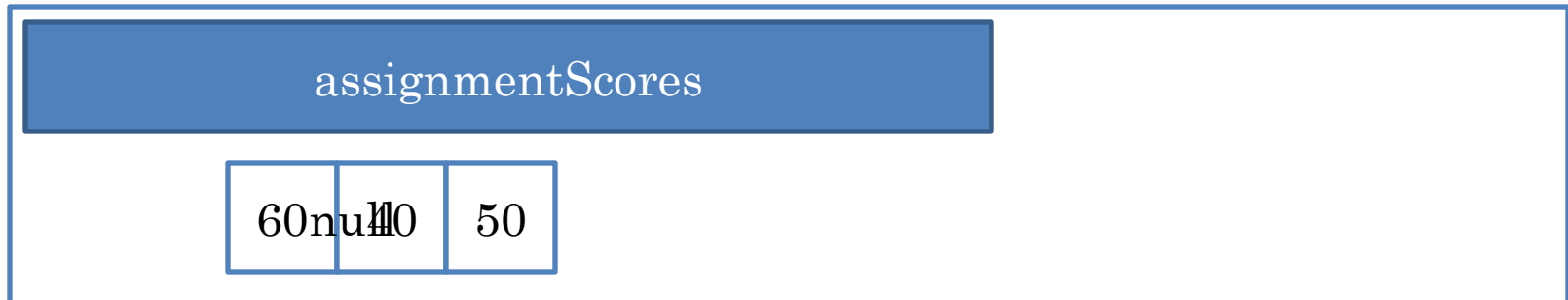
initials[initials.length] = "HT" → ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException

Array instance size fixed!

# UNINITIALIZING ARRAY DECLARATION

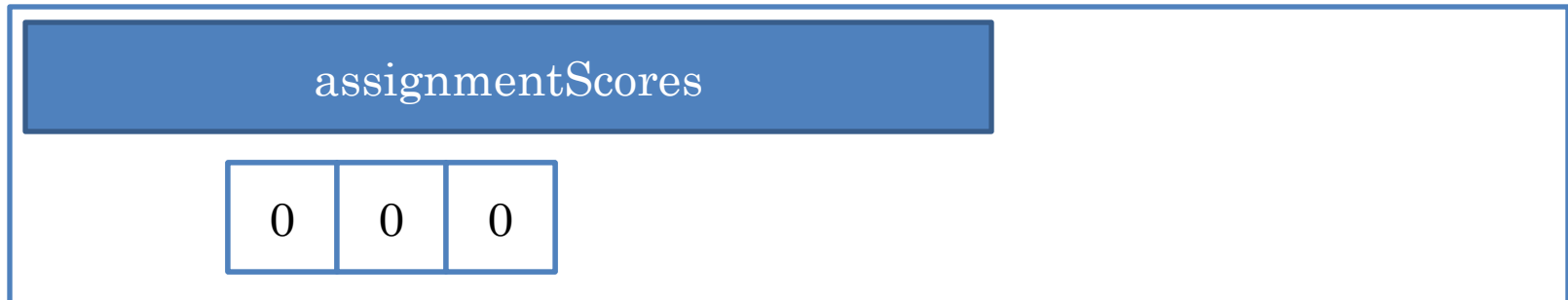
```
int[] assignmentScores;
```

```
assignmentScores = {60, 40, 50};
```



# ARRAY ELEMENTS UNINITIALIZED

```
int[] assignmentScores = new int[3];
```



# OBJECT ARRAY ELEMENTS UNINITIALIZED

```
String[] initials = new String[3];
```



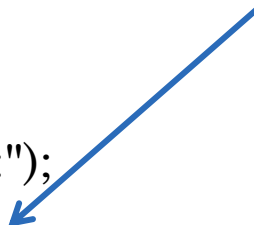
# EXAMPLE

```
Number of Strings:
3
Please enter 3 strings
James Dean
Joe Doe
Jane Smith
p
*****
James Dean
Joe Doe
Jane Smith
*****
p
*****
James Dean
Joe Doe
Jane Smith
*****
q
```

# GETSTRINGS()

Variable

```
static String[] getStrings() {  
    System.out.println("Number of Strings:");  
    int numElements = Console.readInt();  
    System.out.println("Please enter " + numElements + " strings");  
    String[] strings = new String[numElements];  
    for (int elementNum = 0; elementNum < numElements; elementNum++)  
        strings[elementNum] = Console.readString();  
    return strings;  
}
```



# PRINT()

String array of arbitrary dimension



```
static void print(String[] strings) {  
    System.out.println("*****");  
    for ( int elementNum = 0; elementNum < strings.length; elementNum++)  
        System.out.println(strings[elementNum]);  
    System.out.println("*****");  
}
```



# MAIN()

Must test that length is at least 1 before accessing char at position 0

```
public static void main(String[] args){
    String[] names = getStrings();
    String command = Console.readString();
    while (command.length() > 0 && command.charAt(0) != 'q') {
        if (command.charAt(0) == 'p')
            print(names);
        command = Console.readString();
    }
}
```

No need to test length here



# EXTRA SLIDES

loans

null

loans

Loan[]

Loan

ALoan(10000)

AnotherLoan(100)

null

null