Recitation 2 Beans and object editor

What is a Bean?

- Object
 - No main method
 - Non-public global variables
 - Has public getters and setters for properties
 - MUST FOLLOW SPECIFIC NAMING CONVENTIONS

Naming conventions for a property

• Given I need a property P of type T:

 Getter must be called: public T getP(){...}

 Setters must be of the form: public void setP(T newValue){...}

Read only vs editable properties

- A Read-only property is one that you cannot directly change, however you should still be able to view its contents
- An editable property is one that should be able to directly pass a value to

Example of Bean Properties:

- Editable property name = Score
- Property type = int
- Read-only property name = Passed
- Property type = boolean

Example Bean code:

public class PassFailBean { int score;

```
public void setScore(int newScore) {
   score = newScore;
}
public int getScore() {
   return score;
}
public boolean getPassing() {
   if(score<69) {
     return false;
   }
   return true;
}</pre>
```

What is object editor?

- Prof. Dewan has created a special UI that allows us to edit objects on the fly to ensure that our projects are working properly.
- Make sure that you have object editor added to EACH of your projects that use it (similar to local checks)
 - Get oeall22.jar from the course site's downloads section and add External JARs by right clicking your java project
 → properties → java build path → add external JARs

Coding assignment for today

- Create a new java project and package (don't care about the names) and add the external JAR file for the oeall22.jar
- Create a class called "AnUppercaseFilter"
 - Must have two properties:
 - We want to be able to get and set an "inputString" String property. Thus we need an editable property called InputString of type String
 - We want to get, but NOT set an "uppercaseLetters" String property. Thus we need a read-only property called UppercaseLetters of type String

Coding Assignment cont.

- Our class must have two non-public String global variables called "inputString" and "uppercaseLetters"
- In each of your methods (excluding the fix-up method mentioned later) add the line:
 - System.out.println("METHOD_NAME is called");

Coding Assignment cont.

• Add the following method to your code:

```
void scanString(){
```

```
uppercaseLetters = "";
for(int i = o; i < inputString.length(); i++){
    if (inputString.charAt(i) >= 'A' && inputString.charAt(i) <= 'Z') {
        uppercaseLetters = uppercaseLetters + inputString.charAt(i);
    }
}</pre>
```

Call this method in your setter for inputString

Coding Assignment cont.

• Add the following lines to the top of your bean:

import util.annotations.StructurePattern; import util.annotations.EditablePropertyNames; import util.annotations.PropertyNames;

@StructurePattern("Bean Pattern")
@PropertyNames({"InputString", "UppercaseLetters"})
@EditablePropertyNames({"InputString"})

Coding Assignment final.

- Create a new class in the same package called Driver
- The code for driver is below:

import bus.uigen.ObjectEditor;

```
public class Driver {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        AnUppercaseFilter filter = new AnUppercaseFilter();
        filter.setInputString("Initial Input");
        ObjectEditor.edit(filter);
    }
}
```

- Please fiddle around with the object editor and then take the quiz on sakai
 - We are here to help and you can chat with your neighbors as well
 - Once you are finished you may leave and have a nice weekend, or stay and get help with your assignment or other quiz