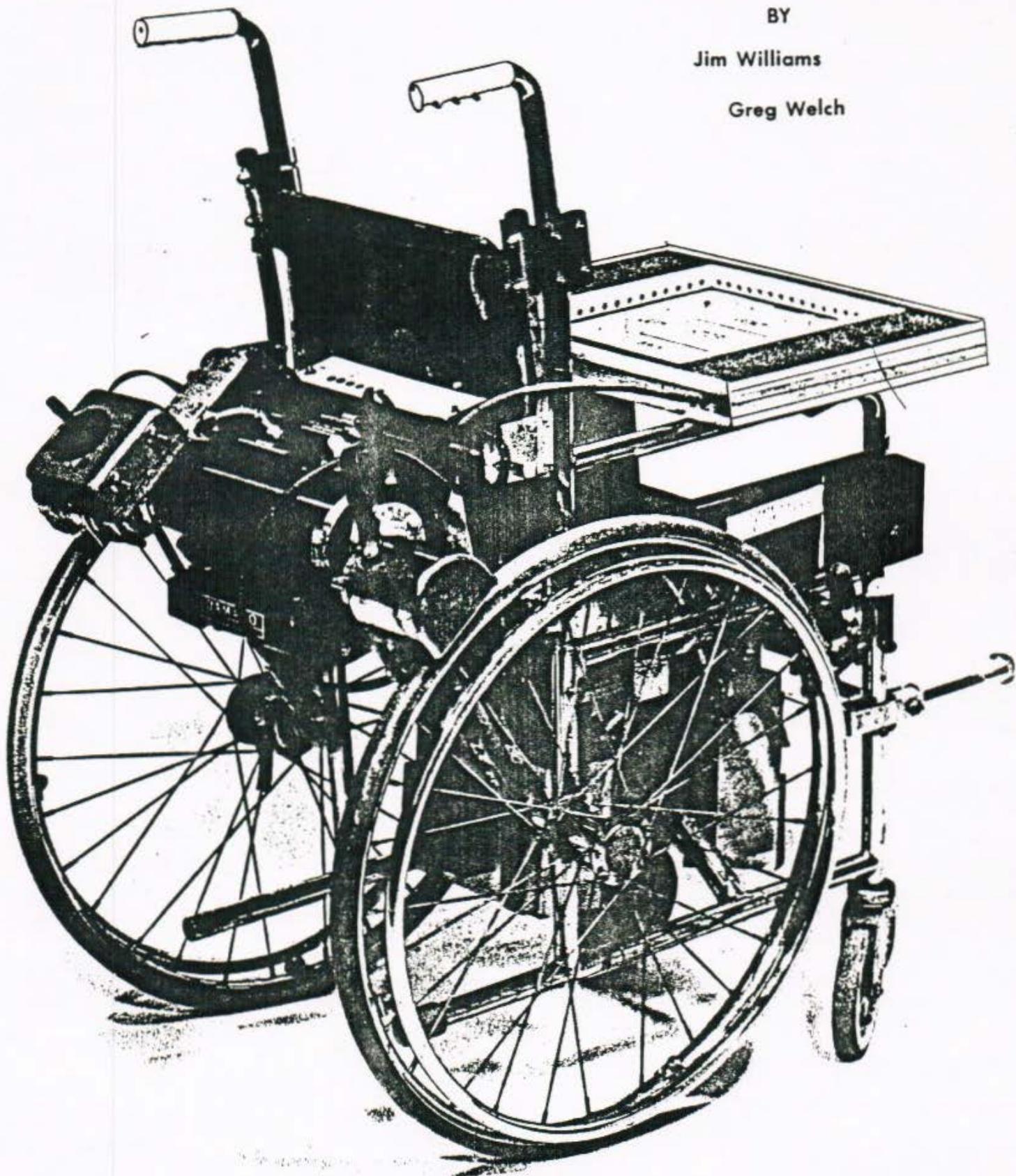


# THE EASY CHAIR

BY

Jim Williams

Greg Welch



## THE EASY CHAIR

James P. Williams - Gregory F. Welch

May 5, 1986

### WHAT IS IT?

- 5
- Microprocessor controlled wheelchair
  - Aid to handicapped (cerebral palsy victims)
  - Learning tool for children with inexperience in mobility
  - Effective means of introduction to powered mobility
  - Funded by The Wabash Center (for handicapped children) in West Lafayette, Indiana

### SPECIFICATIONS

- 6
- Must add safeguards to powered mobility
  - Must introduce a "force-free" method of input
  - Should be removable without defacing the wheelchair
  - Should be adaptable as child develops motor skills

### DESCRIPTIONS

- Overall block diagram
- 6 > Touch pad - *Digital project etc.*
- J > Ultrasonics
- G > Computer - New (re-written) monitor
- J > Tone generator
- C > Motor control - DA (4 bit) *Zero span*
- J > Power supply

### TEST RESULTS

- 6
- Touch Pad & Ultrasonics
    - > Verified hardware operation (general)
    - > Used software test routines
  - Motor control
    - > Monitored with oscilloscope
      - = Initial design produced incorrect references
      - = Modified to better meet specifications, and allow for offset & range adjustments
  - Power supply
    - > Monitored battery voltage with storage scope
      - = Developed plots and determined that current design was sufficient
      - = Regulator moved outside of enclosure for reduced temperature

### TIME ACTION PLAN

- 6
- Major portion completed on time (or ahead of schedule)

### COST

- 5
- Development cost slightly exceeded projected cost (due to miscellaneous development expenses)

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**ABSTRACT**

The Easy Chair is a microprocessor controlled electric wheelchair for small children with muscular disorders.

Because of the unique methods of control, this special wheelchair can be used by children with both limited muscular dexterity and strength.

Also, because of several safeguards incorporated into the design, even children with limited experience in mobility can operate the powerful wheelchair safely.

The following report details the design and theory of The Easy Chair. It is assumed that the reader has some degree of knowledge in the field of electrical engineering.

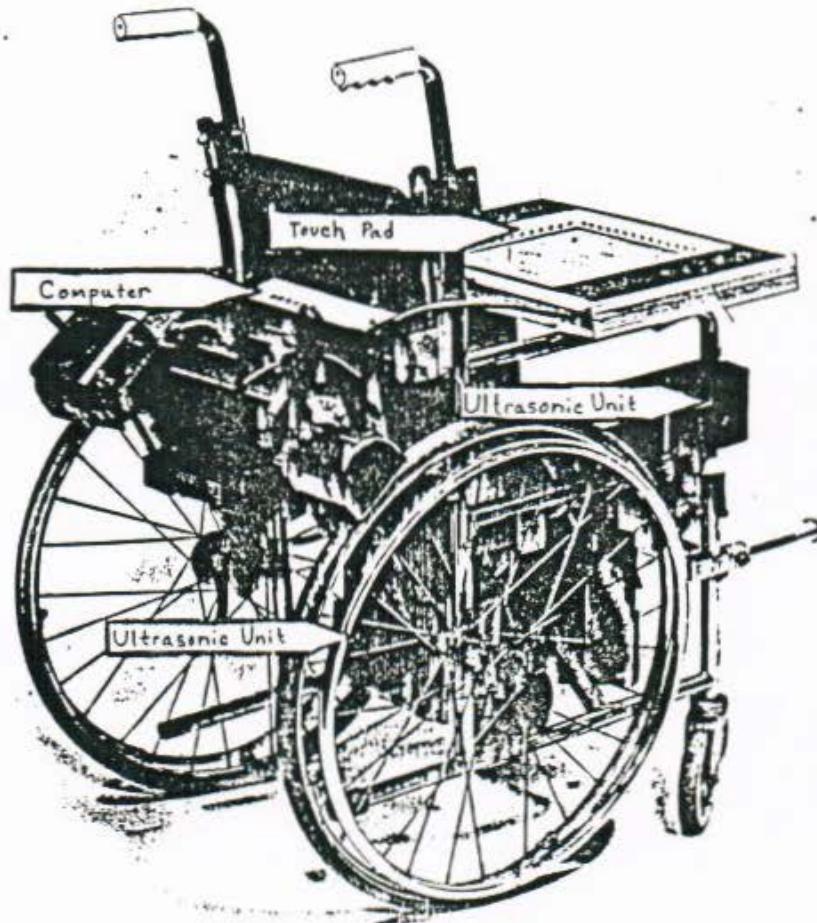


Figure 1.0 The Easy Chair

## INTRODUCTION

The development of The Easy Chair is a very significant advancement for three main reasons. First of all, for many years small children with muscular disorders have had severely limited opportunities to acquire any experience in mobility. Secondly, this lack of mobility limited the opportunities to initiate communication with others. Thirdly, this lack of communication limited further their learning capabilities.

The original idea for such a wheelchair belongs to Professor George Karlin of the Special Education department at Purdue University. Professor Karlin first conceived such a device while working with cerebral palsy victims at The Wabash Center, Lafayette, Indiana. George Karlin also acted as an intermediator between the designers and the physical therapists at the center.

The idea behind a microprocessor controlled wheelchair (The Easy Chair) is to provide a safe mode of transportation for young children with muscular disorders such as cerebral palsy. Because the users will be so young, typically two to six years old, the chair was envisioned as being equipped with a variety of special devices. These devices would not only allow them to control wheelchair movement with only limited muscular force, but will also protect them from any undesirable circumstances.

The original electric wheelchair comes equipped with a Damaco D8B Add-On power unit. This unit includes batteries, the drive units (motors and controllers), and a proportional joystick controller.

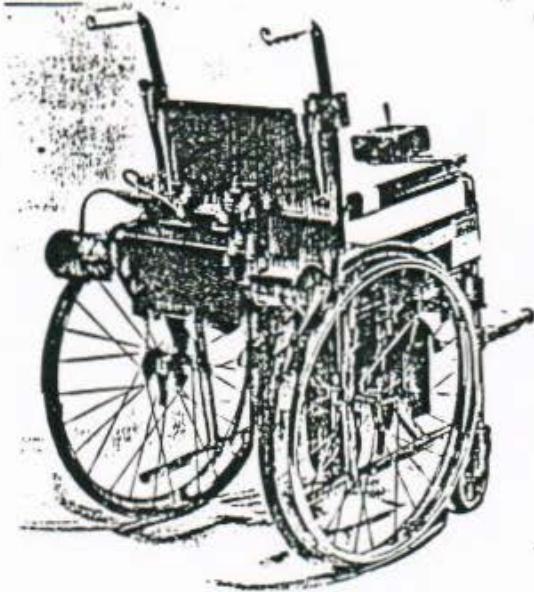


Figure 1.1 The Original Electric Wheelchair

The Easy Chair consists of this original wheelchair, with the addition of three extra devices:

- (1) An infrared touch pad
- (2) An ultrasonic ranging system
- (3) A computer control system

These three additional devices not only make operation by handicapped children more feasible, but they also give the wheelchair an added measure of control and safety.

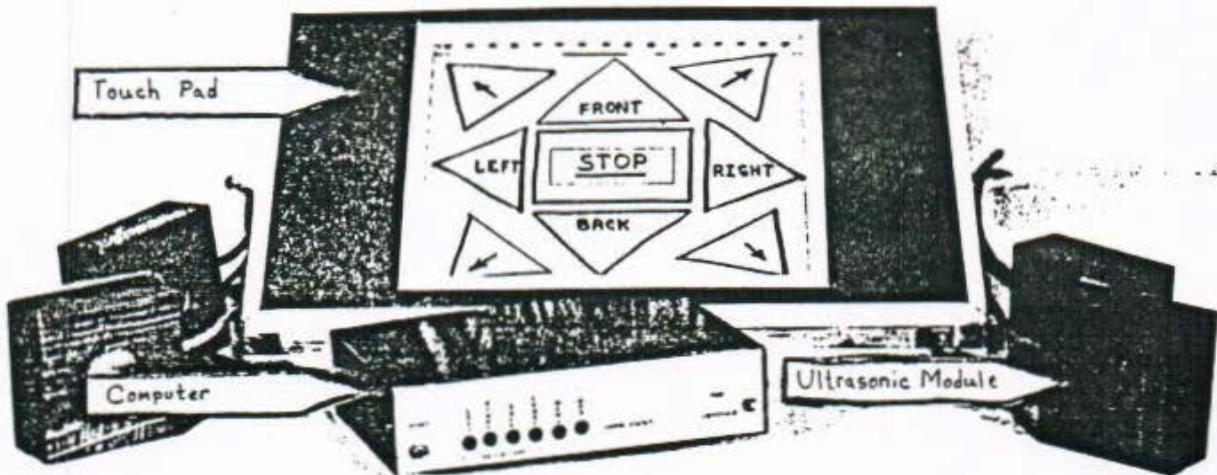


Figure 1.2 Added Devices

Shown below is a general block diagram for The Easy Chair which should give the reader an overall idea of how the different devices interact.

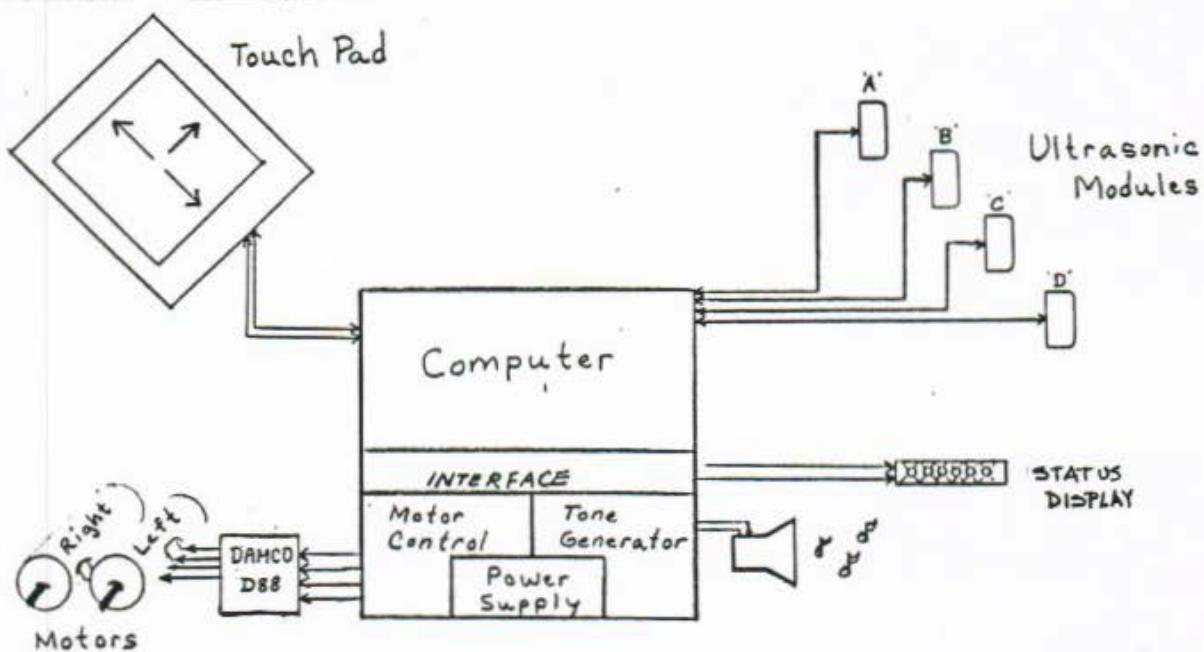


Figure 1.3 The Easy Chair Block Diagram

This report begins with the discussion of the infrared touch pad, including thoughts about why such a device was chosen. Then it explores the design and theory of the ultrasonic ranging system. Finally, it addresses the computer control system, along with the circuitry required to control the original wheelchair.

## THE INFRARED TOUCH PAD

## SPECIFICATIONS

The infrared touch pad is to be known as the input system for the control of the chair. It is thought of as the only real-time method of input to the computer control system. Therefore, it must meet several requirements which will allow it to be used to alter the current system configurations, or just to control the chair.

Specifications for the Easy Chair were outlined by an Occupational Therapist, Physical Therapist, and a classroom teacher from The Wabash Center in Lafayette, Indiana. This outlining was assisted by George Karlin, Special Education project coordinator at Purdue University, Lafayette, Indiana.

- 1) It was determined that a touch sensitive input surface requiring minimal pressure would best suit the needs of the small children. The system needed to be adaptable to different children, some of whom are incapable of generating high response force.
- 2) The touch-pad should use a common medium for set-up, to increase the independance of the system and its users. This is to say that it should be possible to simply plug in or unplug the touch-pad, and to switch between the pad and the current joystick with little or no effort.
- 3) It should be totally self-contained as a unit, electronics and all. Again, this would increase the independance of the system.
- 4) The touch-pad should be constructed in such a way that it could be attached to the current center off-set mounting arm of the wheelchair (which swings out of the way of the user), with the option of resting on the lap tray of the chair. These two methods will result in the touch-pad being as ambidextrous as possible.
- 5) The unit should be large enough to be easily viewed and touched, but small enough so as not to be obtrusive to the user and the wheelchair. A general touch-pad area of ten inches by ten inches was set for initial dimensions.
- 6) The size and locations of the symbols on the touch-pad (used to control the wheelchair) must be programmable. This will accomodate different ranges of motion.

- 7) The touch pad must be moisture proof. Children with such handicaps as cerebral palsy frequently have oral motor problems which result in excessive drooling. Any reasonable amount of moisture should not cause the wheelchair to malfunction.

In the early design stages, it had been thought that a total hardware solution was the most reliable and consistant solution to the problems presented for a touch pad. However after carefully studying that route, and testing the results, it was determined that a combination of approximately equal amounts of hardware and software would allow the most flexible design. The following sections describe the present solution, and how it is implemented.

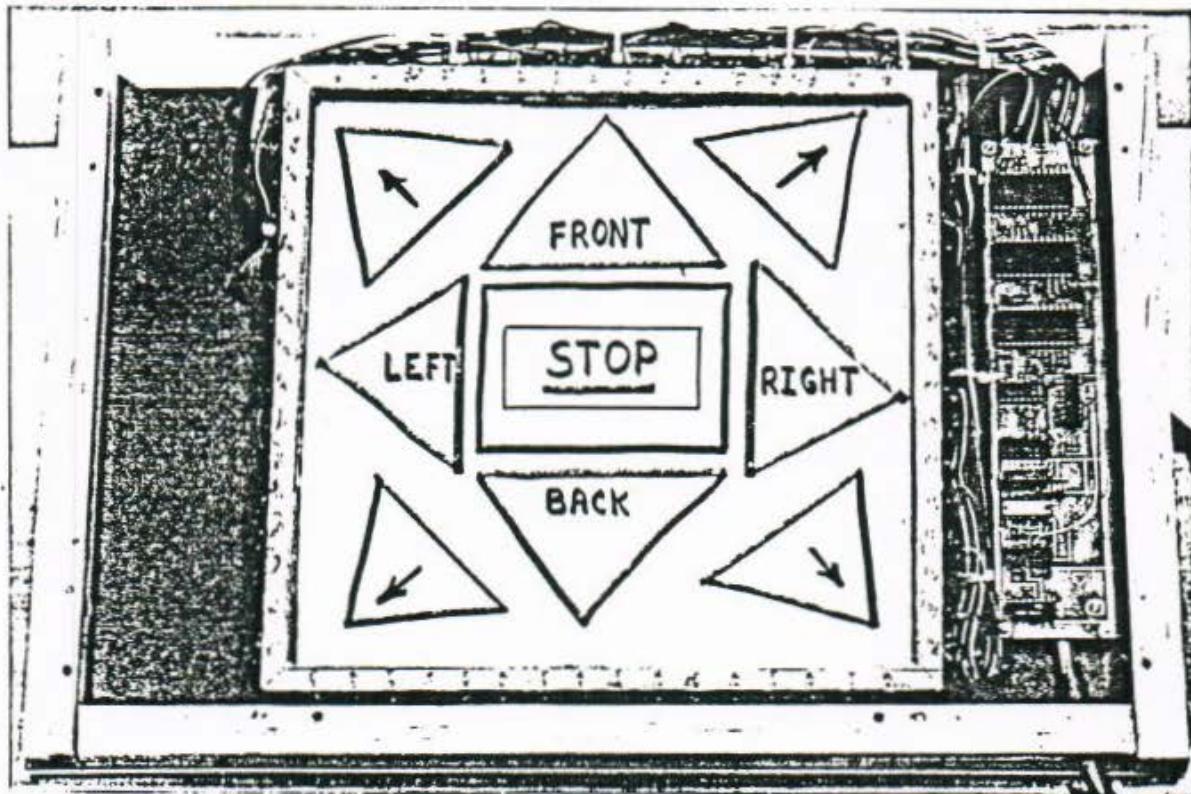


Figure 2.0: The Infrared Touch Pad

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

The block diagram for the touch pad is shown below. It consists of six main blocks which include the row decoding (selecting) block, the column decoding block, the extra decoding block (which includes the menu-select decoding), the touch-pad block, the row/column detect block, and the menu-select detect block. Each of these blocks will be discussed in greater detail in the following sections. (See also Figure 2.4 Schematics)

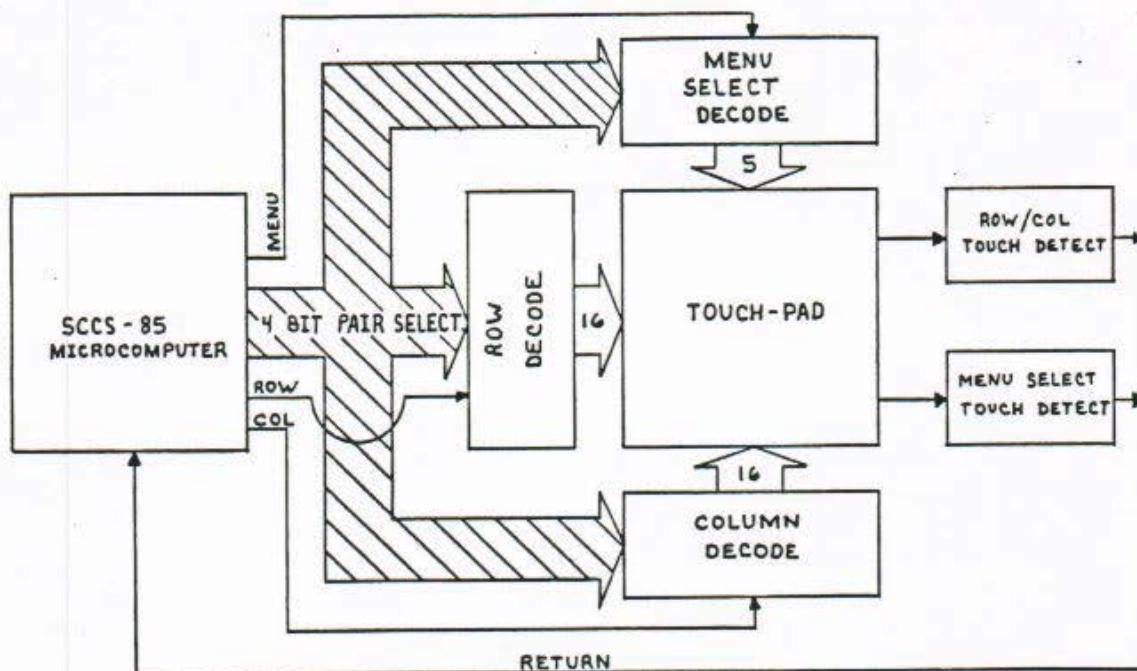


Figure 2.1 Touch Pad Block Diagram

### I. THE ROW DECODING BLOCK

The row decoding block is one such block where the seven bit control word which is sent to the touch-pad circuitry is interpreted to select a certain LED/phototransistor pair.

The decoding is accomplished by sending the lower four bits of the seven bit touch-pad word to the pad. This nibble gives a zero through fifteen (F Hex) count which is used to select one of the sixteen **row**, **column** or **extra** LEDs. Then by using the upper three bits, one of three chip select lines is brought high.

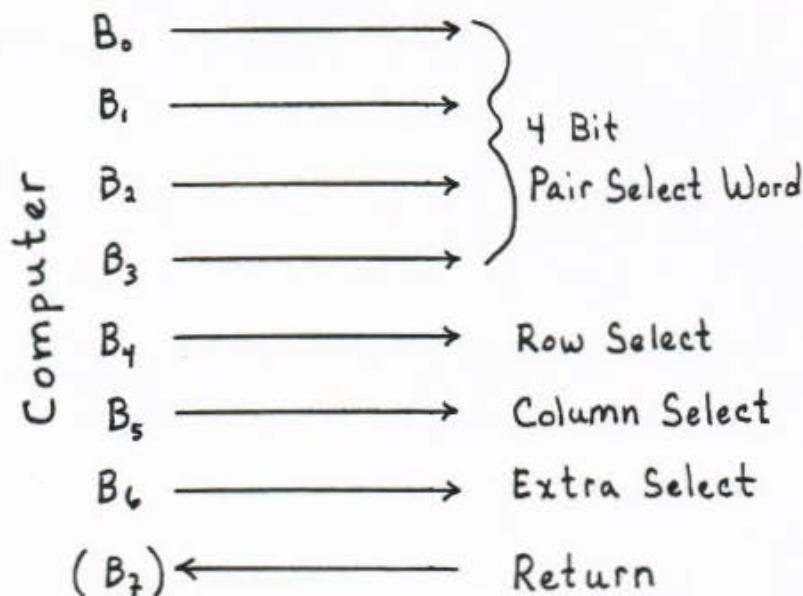


Figure 2.2 Touch Pad Control Word Diagram

To accomplish this, a 74154 4 to 16 line decoder is used. The outputs of this 74154 are low when they are selected, so they are used to provide a ground path for the infrared LEDs and phototransistors, thus allowing them to be turned on only when they are selected.

It is appropriate at this time to accent the fact that the select lines are used to select both an LED and a phototransistor. With this scheme, if there is nothing blocking the beam path from the LED to the phototransistor, then the phototransistor should be turned on.

## II. THE COLUMN DECODING BLOCK

The column decoding block functions in almost the same fashion as the row decoding block. The only difference is that of the select line which is used to select the column decoding chip. Of the three select lines (which correspond to the upper three bits of the touch-pad word), one is used to select the row decoding chip, one the column decoding chip, and one the extra decoding chip. The select lines use a 'positive logic', so for instance to select the column pairs, the column select bit must be high (+5 volts).

Again, in the same fashion as the row decoding, this block selects certain LED/phototransistor pairs which are then monitored by the touch detection circuitry.

## III. THE EXTRA DECODING BLOCK

Again, the basic function of the extra decoding block is the

same as that of the row and column decoding blocks. However, this block serves no one single function such as row or column decoding.

The term extra is meant to reflect the odd or 'extra' decoding that is done by this block. At the present time, it serves to select one of the five menu-select LED/phototransistor pairs for observation.

In referring to figure 2.4, it should be noted that the three 'menu select' lines are passed through tri-state buffers before they are connected to the LED/phototransistor pairs. This is because smaller LEDs and phototransistors had to be used for the five menu select pairs (to fit between the column pairs in the pad).

These smaller phototransistors had lower off-state resistance, which caused problems when they were not selected. Normally when a pair is not selected, +5 volts is connected to the cathode of the LED and to the emitter of the phototransistor. This would not allow either to be turned on. With these five menu select pairs however, the +5 volts (seen when not selected) caused the menu-select detect circuitry to send a touch message to the computer. Therefore, the tri-state buffers were used, which present an open circuit in their non-selected state.

#### IV. THE TOUCH PAD BLOCK

This block contains the actual touch-pad with the LEDs and phototransistors mounted in it, and the slot for the selected menus to be inserted into (see figure 4). Along the vertical and horizontal sides of the sunken touch area, are alternately mounted 32 infrared LEDs and 32 phototransistors, one across from each LED. These pairs were alternated to reduce the amount of light being received in error.

The LEDs and phototransistors were carefully aligned so as to achieve the maximum signal received when a signal is sent. Each of the cathodes of the LEDs along with the emitters of the phototransistors across from them, are tied to the select lines of the 74154s (see also The Row Decoder Block and The Column Decoder Block).

The touch-pad also contains five separate pairs which are mounted perpendicular to the row and column pairs, along the edge of the pad. These serve the purpose of allowing the computer to detect which menu is in the pad. The paper menus have five corresponding holes which can be cut open or left intact (closed), representing zeros and ones.

The anodes of all of the infrared LEDs (both row/column LEDs and menu-select LEDs) are tied high through a single series

limiting resistor. Also, the cathode of each LED is connected to the emitter of its corresponding phototransistor. Therefore, when the pair is selected, and the cathode and the emitter are both taken to ground, turning on the LED and allowing the phototransistor to be turned on.

## V. THE ROW/COLUMN DETECT BLOCK

This block is where the status of each phototransistor is transformed into a level that can be interpreted by the computer. With this signal, the computer can determine whether the beam is obstructed or not (corresponding to a touch or no touch).

As mentioned previously, the collectors of all of the phototransistors are tied together and pulled high through a single pull-up resistor (100k ohms). When any one of the LED/phototransistor pairs is selected, an infrared light beam from the selected LED should turn the phototransistor on, bringing the collector voltage somewhere near ground. If while one pair is selected, the beam is blocked, the phototransistor will remain turned off. In this case, the collector voltage approaches +5 volts because of the pull-up resistor.

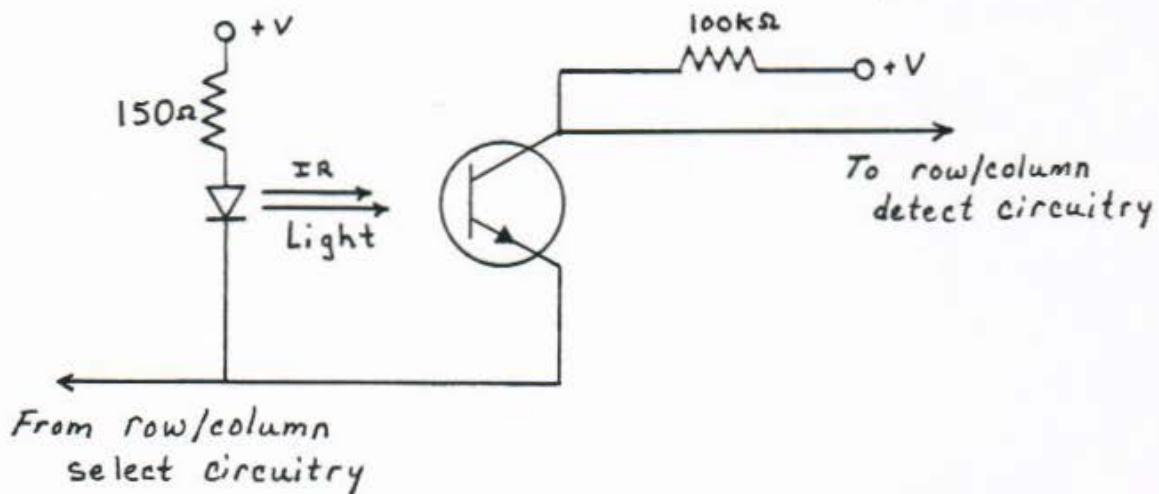


Figure 2.3 Sample LED/Transistor Circuitry

Because of the change in collector voltage from when a beam is blocked to when one is not blocked, the collectors are used as the input to the row/column detect circuitry. This circuitry begins with two comparators which have adjustable references.

The first comparator is set up in an inverting fashion, so that when any collector voltage is below the reference (no beam blocked), the output of the comparator is at positive saturation. However, if any collector voltage swings above the reference, the

output goes to negative saturation (close to ground). This output is then used as the input to the second comparator.

This second comparator uses the same reference voltage as the first one, however, it is set up in a non-inverting fashion. The main purpose of the second comparator is to clean-up the signal.

When the selected beam is *not* broken, the output of the first comparator (which is the input to the second) is high. This also sends the second comparator into positive saturation. The output of the second comparator, is then sent through an OR gate which has one input tied low, to further clean it up.

This signal is then further conditioned by the status of the row or column selects, to become the RCRET (row/column return) signal. This RCRET signal is then combined with the MSRET signal (menu-select return) to provide one single RET (return) signal for the computer. This signal is polled by the software as a single bit input to a port. By polling in this fashion, the computer can continuously look for a touch, and process one accordingly if it is encountered.

## VI. THE MENU-SELECT DETECT BLOCK

The circuitry in the menu-select detect block is almost the same as the row/column detect block. The only real differences are first of all the size of the pull-up resistor for the phototransistor, and secondly the extra select signal is used instead of the row/column selects (for conditioning).

It is appropriate at this time to note the reason for combining the three different chip selects (row select, column select, extra select) with the RCRET and the MSRET signals (see also the Touch-Pad Schematic). Normally if neither the row or column chip is selected, then the RCRET signal is high, falsely signaling a beam being broken. The same problem is encountered when the menu-select chip is not selected, the MSRET signal is high, falsely signaling a beam being broken.

To elevate this problem, the row and column chip selects are AND'ed with the RCRET signal, and the extra chip select is AND'ed with the MSRET signal. With this conditioning, RCRET can *only* go high when either the 'row' or 'column' chips are selected. Also, MSRET can *only* go high when the 'extra' chip is selected.

The resulting signals are OR'd together to form a single RET line which is high whenever any selected beam is broken. This leaves the computer free to select either a row, column or menu-select (extra) beam, and then determine by polling one line (RET) whether or not that beam is being broken.

Shown below is a photograph of the printed circuit board used inside the touch pad. Several of the main integrated circuits are labeled to help the user locate any components on the board.

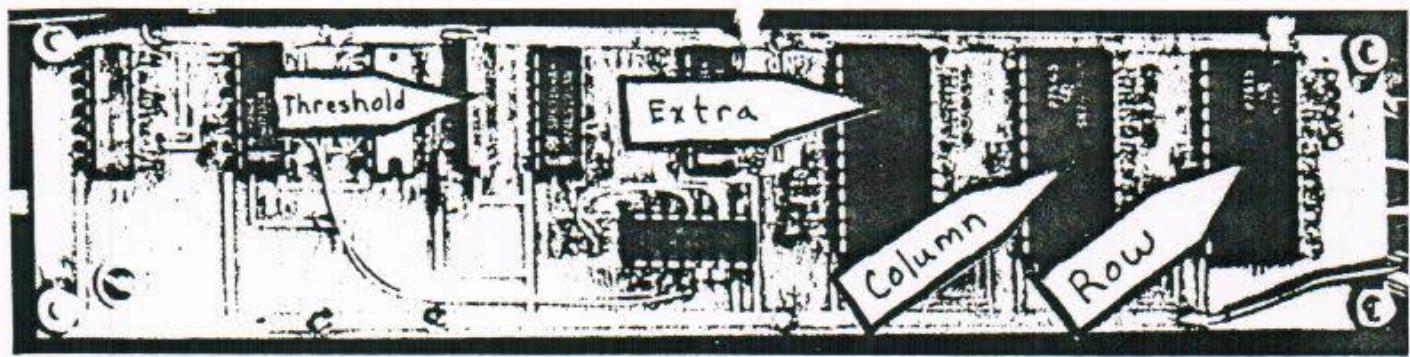


Figure 2.5 Printed Circuit Board and Components

## GENERAL DISCUSSION

As was mentioned earlier in the scope of the project, the original thought had been that a total hardware system would be best. With such a system, the computer would only have to respond to some sort of interrupt from the touch-pad. During its service request, the computer could then simply read which location had been touched. This would tend to leave the computer more free to do other tasks.

Very briefly, all of this could have been provided by using a hardware clock to run several counters. These counters could in turn select each row pair, then each column pair, and finally each menu-select pair (a process now handled by the computer).

The major disadvantage to this method was that the scan process would be set in one certain fashion, unable to change if a better process was discovered. With the present method, the computer supplies the count to the pad. With this system, the count can be supplied in any order, able to change with only minor software changes.

The current method of using infrared light beams (instead of some other form of detection) was decided upon for various reasons.

- 1) Other touch-pad schemes such as capacitive touch sensing, and pressure sensitive membrane type keypads, are all affected by water, or saliva in this case.
- 2) Most important, breaking a light beam requires the least amount of pressure of any method studied.

The decision to use identical circuits for the RCRET and the MSRET may at first seem redundant. However, because of the limited amount of physical space between the column LEDs and phototransistors, smaller optical components had to be used. These smaller components required the same type of detection circuitry, with only the change of the pull-up resistor.

So, because the two blocks need to be electrically isolated, and because the needed gates and comparators (for duplicate circuitry) were in fact available, it was decided to duplicate the row/column detection for the menu-select detection.

## THE ULTRASONIC RANGING SYSTEM

### SPECIFICATIONS

The ultrasonic ranging system is considered a protective device. Its major function is to prevent damage to the chair or injury to its operator. It is also necessary to protect other young children who might be in the general area of the chair (innocent bystanders).

When designing the ultrasonic ranging system, the following specifications were used as guidelines.

- 1) The system should be able to sense any object within approximately four feet of the chair, from any of four different directions.
- 2) It should audibly warn the user of these obstructions, so as to allow time to take corrective actions.
- 3) It should also be possible to turn this audible feedback off.
- 4) If corrective actions are not taken in time to avoid a collision, the chair should stop automatically.
- 5) It should be possible to place the ultrasonic units in any desired location on the wheelchair, and should not deface it in any manner.
- 6) If a major failure should occur, it should be possible to remove and retire the complete system without effecting normal operation of the wheelchair.
- 7) Without a major failure, it should be possible to turn the ranging system off.
- 8) Other than stopping the chair in an emergency, the system is not to take offensive control at anytime as this would deter the user from learning to be in complete control of the wheelchair. (It is anticipated that after some practice, the user will be able to control the wheelchair without the use of the ranging system.)

With these specifications in mind, the ultrasonic system generally performs two main functions: It provides feedback to the user as to the approach of obstacles, and it provides a failsafe method of stopping the chair should the child fail to respond to the system's warning.

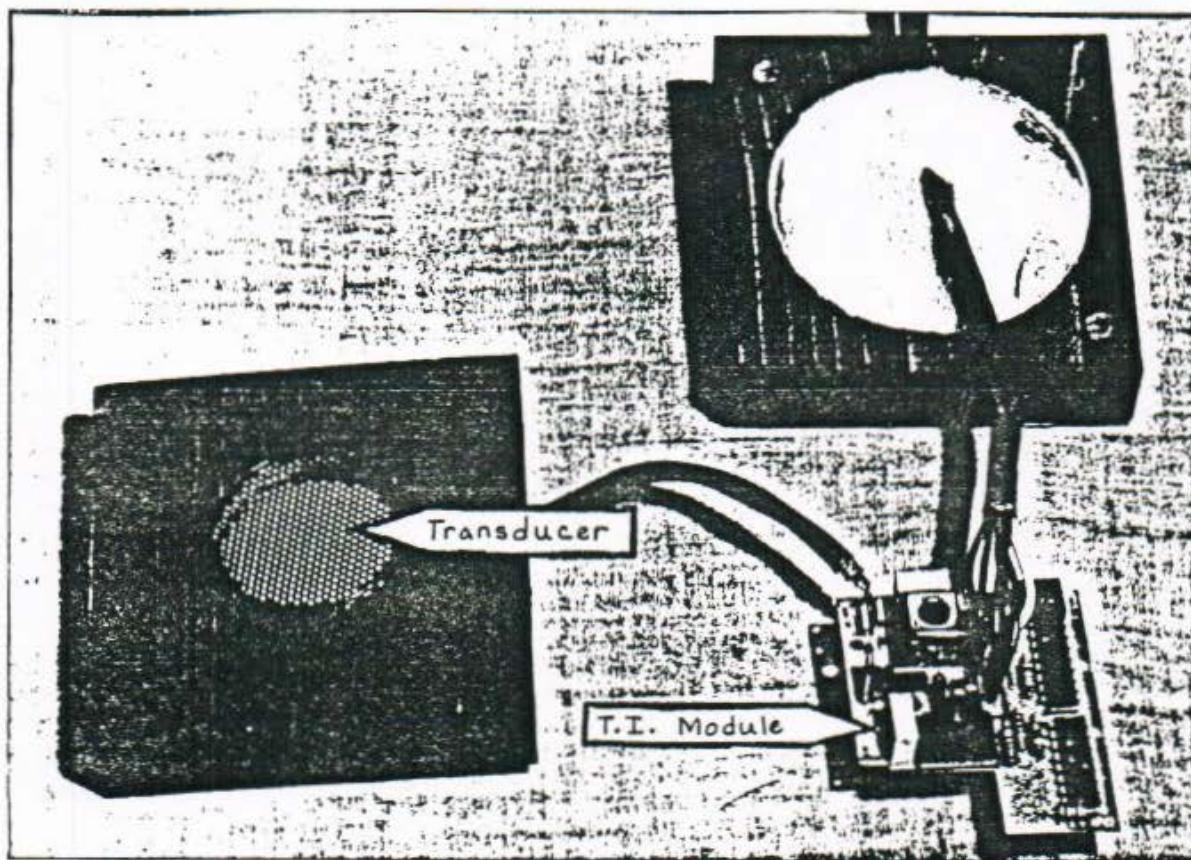


Figure 3.0 Ranging Module

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

The block diagram for the ultrasonic system (shown below) consists of four principal parts. These include four directional transducers, the tone generator, a timer to aid in distance calculations, and the additional I/O board which is the system's interface to the computer. Each of these blocks will be discussed in greater detail in the following sections.

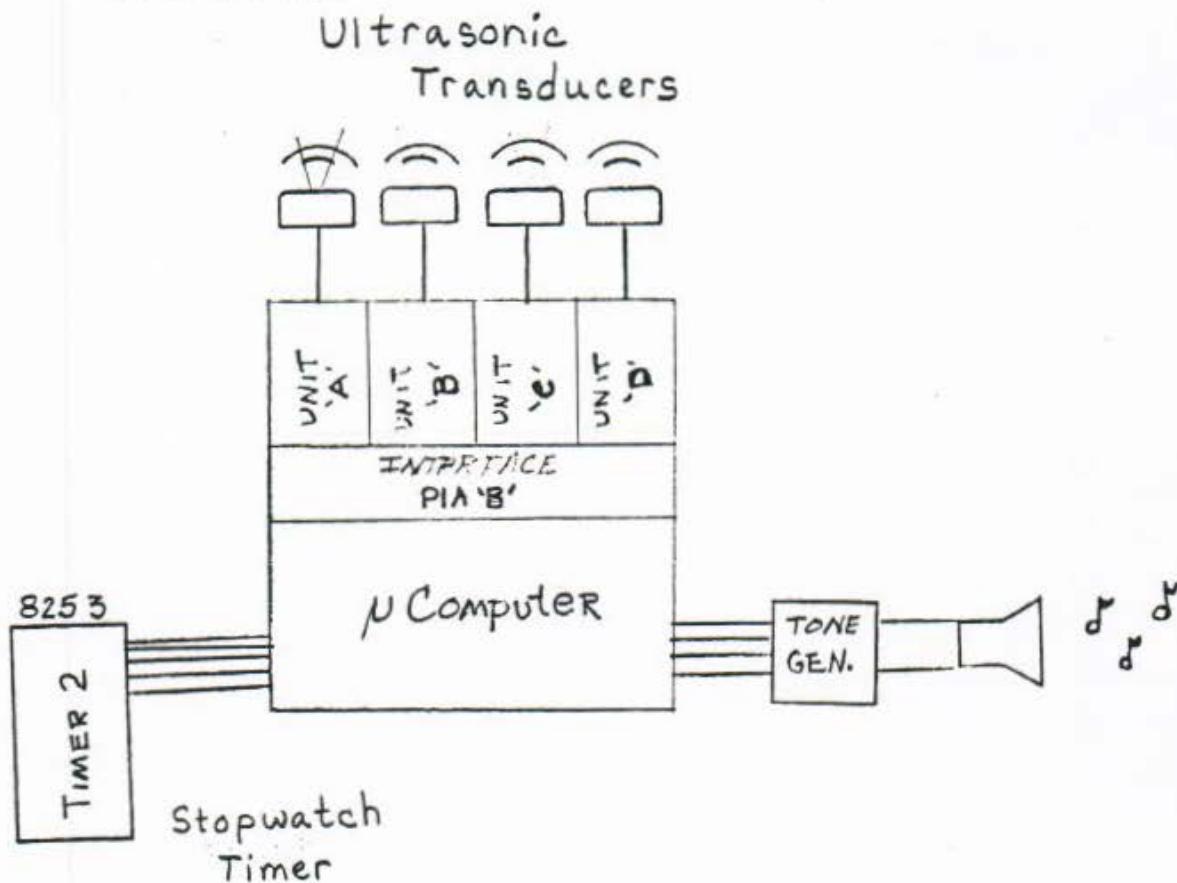


Figure 3.1 Ultrasonic System Block Diagram

### I. THE DIRECTIONAL TRANSDUCER BLOCK

The directional transducer block is the heart of the ranging system. It consists of four complete and separate ranging modules. Each module contains a 50 kHz, 300 volt electrostatic transducer, and a small amount of drive circuitry. Each module is capable of ranging from four inches to approximately 35 feet with less than two percent maximum error. (See also Figure 3.2 Ranging Module Schematic)

Each ranging module contains a Texas Instruments SN28827 sonar ranging module. This T.I. module provides the 150 volt

bias for the transducer and pulses the transducer with 16 cycles of a 50 kHz, 300 volt waveform. This pulse can actually be heard with the naked ear, as it sounds like a short click. This ultrasonic waveform travels at the speed of sound (0.9 ms/foot) until it strikes an obstacle and its echo returns to the transducer at the same speed.

The module provides a controllable blanking period to allow transducer vibration to dissipate before it is enabled to wait for a returning echo. All control signals are TTL compatible, but the echo output is of open collector type and needs a pull-up resistor in order to get a reliable TTL signal.

There are three main control signals. The INIT\* input starts the ranging process by sending out the click. The BLNK\* input defeats the internal echo blanking. And the ECHO\* output signals when the click is returned. All three signals are active low, and their relationships to each other are demonstrated below in Figure 3.3 Timing Diagram.

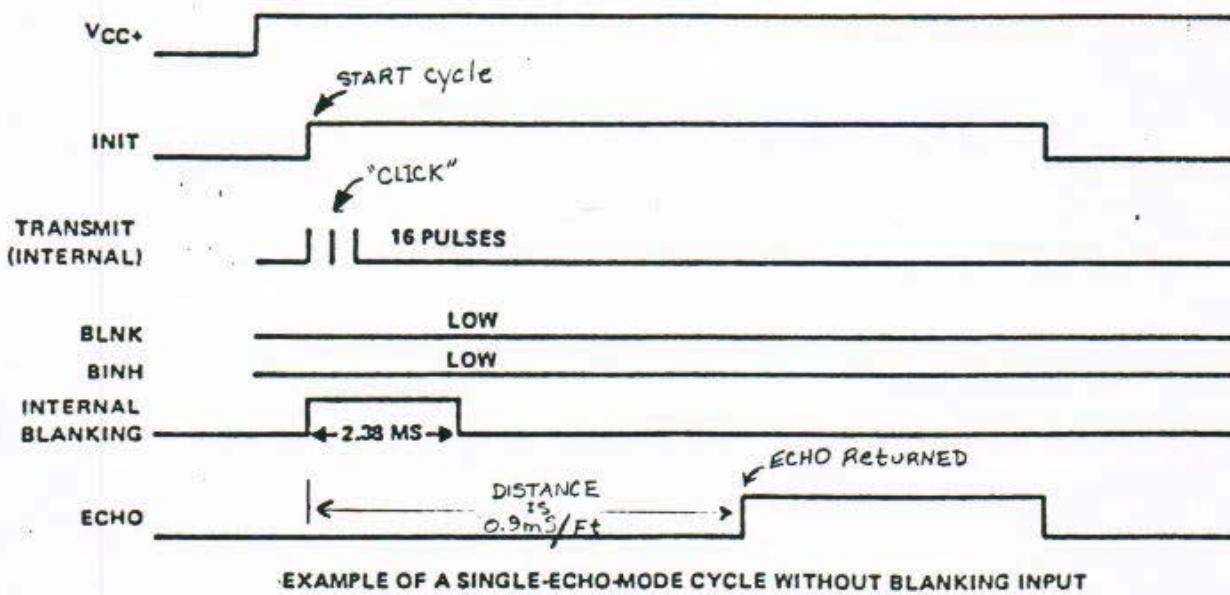


Figure 3.3 Timing Diagram

The only deviation from Texas Instruments design was that a large capacitor was added in parallel with the power connections as they enter each transducer's driver. This was done in order to supply the rated 2000 mA each transducer needs during the 326 uS transmit period. This is such a rapid drain that the power supply could not source it through six feet of cabling.

## II. THE TONE GENERATOR BLOCK

The tone generator block consists mainly of the XR2206 function generator chip (capable of switching between two selected tones) and an LM2002, eight watt audio power amplifier chip. (See also Figure 3.4 Tone Generator Schematic)

The XR2206 has the ability to output two selectable tones. These tones are selected by switching the TTL level at the FSK input. This allows several types of warnings to be generated. The two tones are separately adjustable and independent. These adjustments are made to R4 and R6. See Figure 3.4 Tone Generator Schematic. The potentiometer R7 is a volume adjustment.

Turning the tone off is done with the Amplitude Modulation input. If the AM input is held at half the supply voltage, the output will be turned off. Control was accomplished by switching a voltage divider in and out. This voltage divider has two equal resistances (in series) to ground, creating a reference of one half that of the supply. The junction between the two resistors is connected to the AM input to the chip. An NPN transistor is used to shunt the bottom resistor of the divider when it is turned on, thus turning the output on (or off). This transistor is controlled by a TTL level sent from the computer, allowing the sound to be turned on and off.

## III. THE ADDITIONAL PIA AND TIMER BLOCKS

To supply the needed output for the tone circuit and the ultrasonic units, a second 8255 programmable port had to be added. It is configured to have 20 bits of output and 4 bits of input. Ports A, B, and the lower four bits of C are defined as output. The higher four bits of port C defined as input.

Port A controls the ultrasonics INIT\* and BLNK\* of each transducer. Port B outputs a digital word to be used by the motor control circuits for direction and speed control. Port C controls the tone generator with its upper half and receives the ECHO\* from the transducers on the lower half. (See also Figure 3.5 Additional Parallel Group)

The timer block consists of three programmable timers within an 8253 timer chip. The 8253 is part of the SCCS-85 computer. (See also Figure 4.4 Timer Group, I/O Addressing Group).

The first timer is configured to count down from 65,535 (0FFF Hex) and is used as a stop watch during the ranging cycle. The second is used for the generation of the 16 times baud clock needed by the 8251 for RS-232C communication. The last of the three timers on the chip is used for what is termed a 'heartbeat' timer. With the help of a relay, if the timer counts out it will return the chair to the joystick configuration. So if the computer should fail, within 80 milliseconds the timer will count out, and control will return to the joystick.

## GENERAL DISCUSSION

The ranging system seems to perform very well. The transducer modules are fairly simple to use, and they are both accurate and reliable. The only noticeable drawback to the ultrasonic units would be the audible click when the transducer fires. This sound could become annoying after time, but one should remember that they can be shut off after they are no longer needed.

From a designers standpoint, using a prebuilt module for the units was definitely better than trying to design the modules themselves. Because they were not familiar, this made troubleshooting harder in the few instances they failed to work. After time, however, that was no longer a problem because of more familiarity.

For reasons of flexibility and pleasing tones, the decision was made to design our own tone circuit. This was chosen instead of buying small tone transducers such as piezo buzzers.

The main problem encountered here was in attempting to drive the eight ohm load of the speaker. After trying to use several voltage amps, current amps, transformers and push-pull amps, it was decided to use an LM2002. This is a self contained amplifier chip which is specifically made for such a purpose.

The additional I/O board was constructed using a point-to-point soldering technique. This method was chosen because it took less time than to create a printed circuit board, and it is a more reliable method than wire wrapping.

The I/O board contains the circuits for the tone generator, the motor control, the power supply (conditioning), the additional parallel port, and the status LED circuitry.

## COMPUTER AND MOTOR CONTROL

## SPECIFICATIONS

The computer and motor control systems are possibly the most important parts of the Easy Chair system. A failure in either of these two systems could render the entire system inoperative.

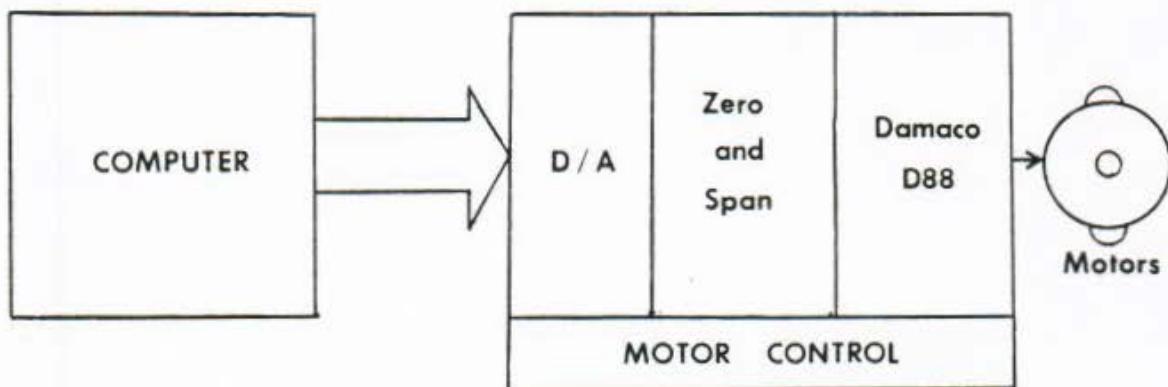
The following guidelines were used when choosing the computer for The Easy Chair:

- 1) As is the case with all of the components, the computer must be extremely rugged.
- 2) Also, it must be usable in the sense that it is user friendly, allowing anyone to alter several different characteristics of the chair.
- 3) It should have an RS-232C serial interface to allow it to communicate with other devices.
- 4) It should be designed so that should the computer fail, the chair would revert back to control by joystick.
- 5) It should have the capability to "remember" several settings, even after the power has been removed.
- 6) It should have the capability to perform some limited self-diagnostics, to identify possible problems.

The computer decided upon was the SCCS-85 single board computer, available at Purdue University. This is an 8085 based computer with many options for memory and I/O.

It was chosen because of its flexibility, the ease of use, and the fact that several faculty members in the Electrical Engineering Technology department at Purdue University are very familiar with it.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## DETAILED BLOCK DESCRIPTIONS

## I. THE COMPUTER BLOCK

The computer was initially built according to the manual provided. After operation was verified, the following changes were made.

The clock speed was increased to speed execution time. Memory configurations were altered to accomodate eight kilobytes of EEPROM (for startup sequence and monitor), and eight kilobytes of NOVRAM (non-volatile battery backup RAM) for variable storage, program development, and touch pad menu information. The NOVRAM will allow the system to be reconfigured by anyone, at any time. (See also Figures 4.2-4.7)

With the computer in normal operation, a major consideration is the software. This software includes routines which process input from the touch pad, monitor perimeters with the ranging system, control the motors through digital-to-analog circuitry.

Aside from those "real-time" responsibilities of the computer, it will also allow the user to alter such settings as the ranging distances, the audible feedback, the speed settings, durations, and menus which contain the settings mentioned.

Under normal operation, the user would first select a menu to be used for the operation. Once that menu was inserted into the touch pad, the computer would recognize it and alter settings to match those of the menu. With a menu in place, the user can select any defined area on the menu, and the computer will move the chair in the direction defined for that area. While the

chair is moving, the computer will use the ultrasonic ranging system to alert the user of any obstructions.

All of this is accomplished through very complex assembly language software. Outlines for this software can be found in Appendix B: Software Outlines. These outlines will offer an overall view of how the chair is controlled. For further detail, one can consult the actual source code found in Appendix C: Software Listing. This code is effectively commented to offer the most possible insight into the different routines.

## II. THE MOTOR CONTROL BLOCK

The motor control block contains all the necessary circuitry to switch control between joystick and the computer, and then to allow the computer to replace the joystick electronically.

The motor control circuit uses a single hexadecimal byte to control both motors. With four bits per motor this gives 16 different speeds; eight speeds forward and eight speeds in reverse. Although eight speeds may not at first seem like much, when compared to the resolution of the joystick it allows for many different speed options.

Operation of the controller is fairly straight forward. Two AD558 digital to analog converters are used to create a digitally controlled voltage which is variable from 0-2 volts. This output is then used as the input to a zero and span circuit, which allows the computer generated voltage to be adjusted so that it can effectively replace the joystick.

Using test equipment, the voltage potentials of the joystick pots were measured. The zero and span circuitry is adjusted to match not only this precise reference, but also the range available with the joysticks. (See also Figure 4.8 Motor Control Schematic)

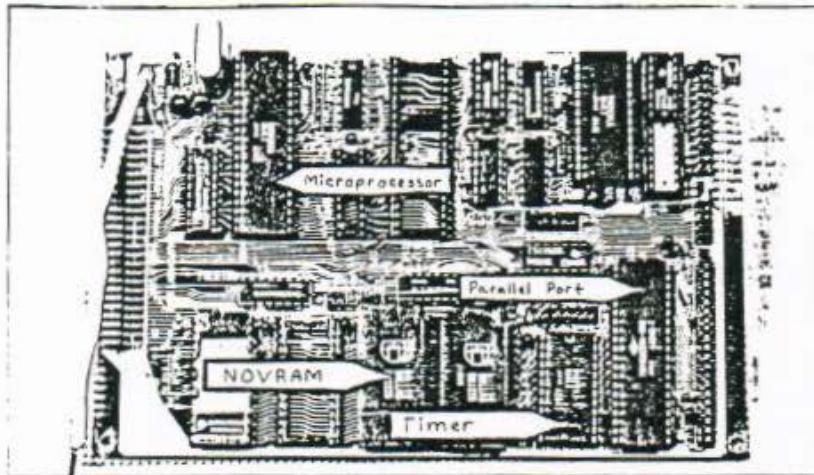


Figure 4.0 SPCS-85 Single Board Computer

## GENERAL DISCUSSION

When experimenting with different types of memory, EEPROM's were used for a short time. However, because of timing problems, the RAM was changed to NOVRAM's. This is not to say that the NOVRAM's are without fault, but operation is faster and more reliable than that of the EEPROM's.

As is mentioned in the software outlines, the software can detect several different types of errors with the system. These errors can include something as complex as a bad chip, to something as simple as a menu not fully in place.

This error checking software also uses some special voltage loops in the different connectors. These loops are used to determine whether or not the connections are intact. If they are not (for whatever reason) the software will signal an error by lighting the correct LED, and ignore the corresponding device. (See below, Figure 4.10 Status LED's and Control Switches)

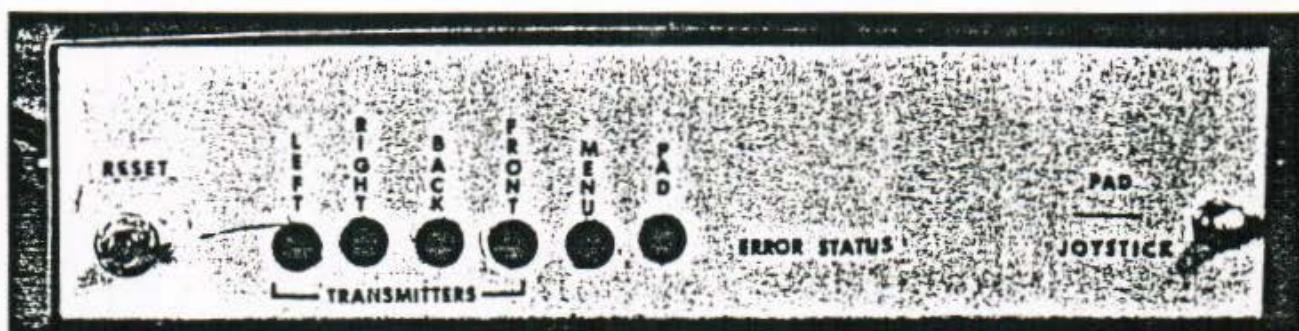


Figure 4.10 Status LED's and Control Switches

The motor control circuitry was modified from previous designs, to give added control to the signals. As mentioned previously, there are now adjustments for both the zero and span of the outputs from the D/A converters. This is in contrast to the original design which afforded only zero (offset) adjustment, but no adjustments for the span or range of the signals.

## CONCLUSION

The project as a whole ran very smoothly. All of the design criteria was met, and in some cases surpassed. The work was completed at least on time, with much of it completed ahead of schedule.

As far as software is concerned, the original monitor program used in the SCCS-85 computer has been modified to reduce unneeded code. Then all of the routines to control the overall system were added, and also several small test routines. These test routines exercise each of the separate components of the system to assure that they are working correctly.

As mentioned earlier, discussion of the software in a text form, would be very difficult for the reader to understand. For this reason, the software is explained in the software outlines found in Appendix B Software Outlines. These software outlines use a general 'English language' format, rather than flow charts or diagrams. Actual subroutine and variable names are used in the outlines so that the reader can refer to the code with less difficulty.

In the future, a major recommendation would be to check thoroughly for 'second source' vendors. For instance, after checking with Polaroid for the ultrasonic transducers and ranging modules, they were later found for almost one third the original cost at a second vendor. Also, the cost of LEDs and phototransistors could be lowered by purchasing from a large wholesale distributor, (due to the quantity).

Another thought would be that if the touch-pad were constructed just slightly larger, the same LEDs and transistors could be used for all of the detection. This would eliminate the need for special menu-select detect circuitry, and the special smaller LEDs and transistors.

Overall for the project, having two people working together seemed to greatly enhance not only productivity and problem solving, but also enthusiasm. It always helps to have 'fresh' ideas to solve a problem. With two people working together, it seemed that one problem could usually be solved with the help of another person's 'fresh' outlook.

Because of the durability, ease of use, safety and flexibility, The Easy Chair does provide an effective mode of transportation for handicapped children. With the assistance of the Easy Chair User's Manual, the system can be used by virtually anyone.

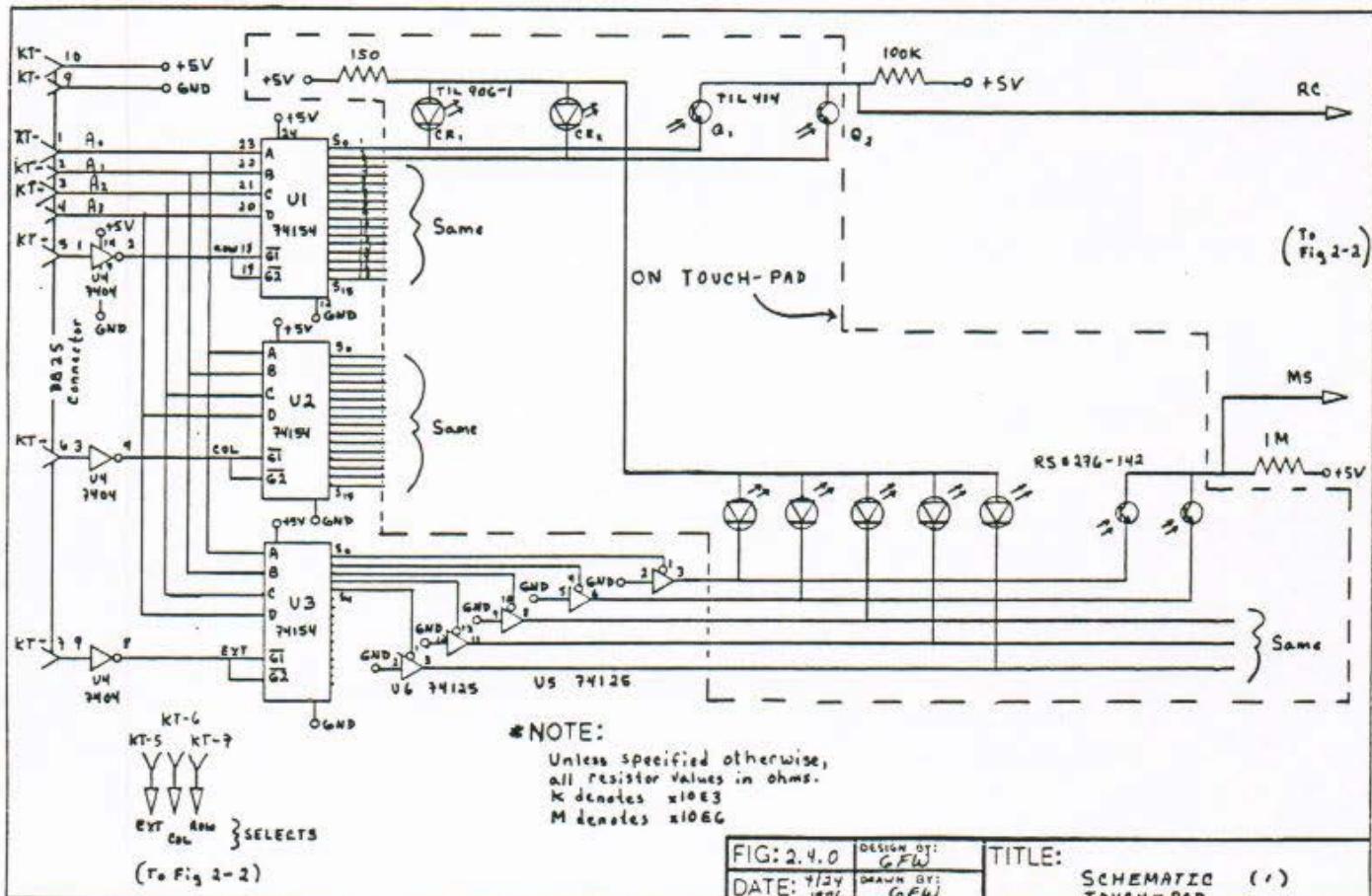


Figure 2.4.0 Touch Pad Schematics

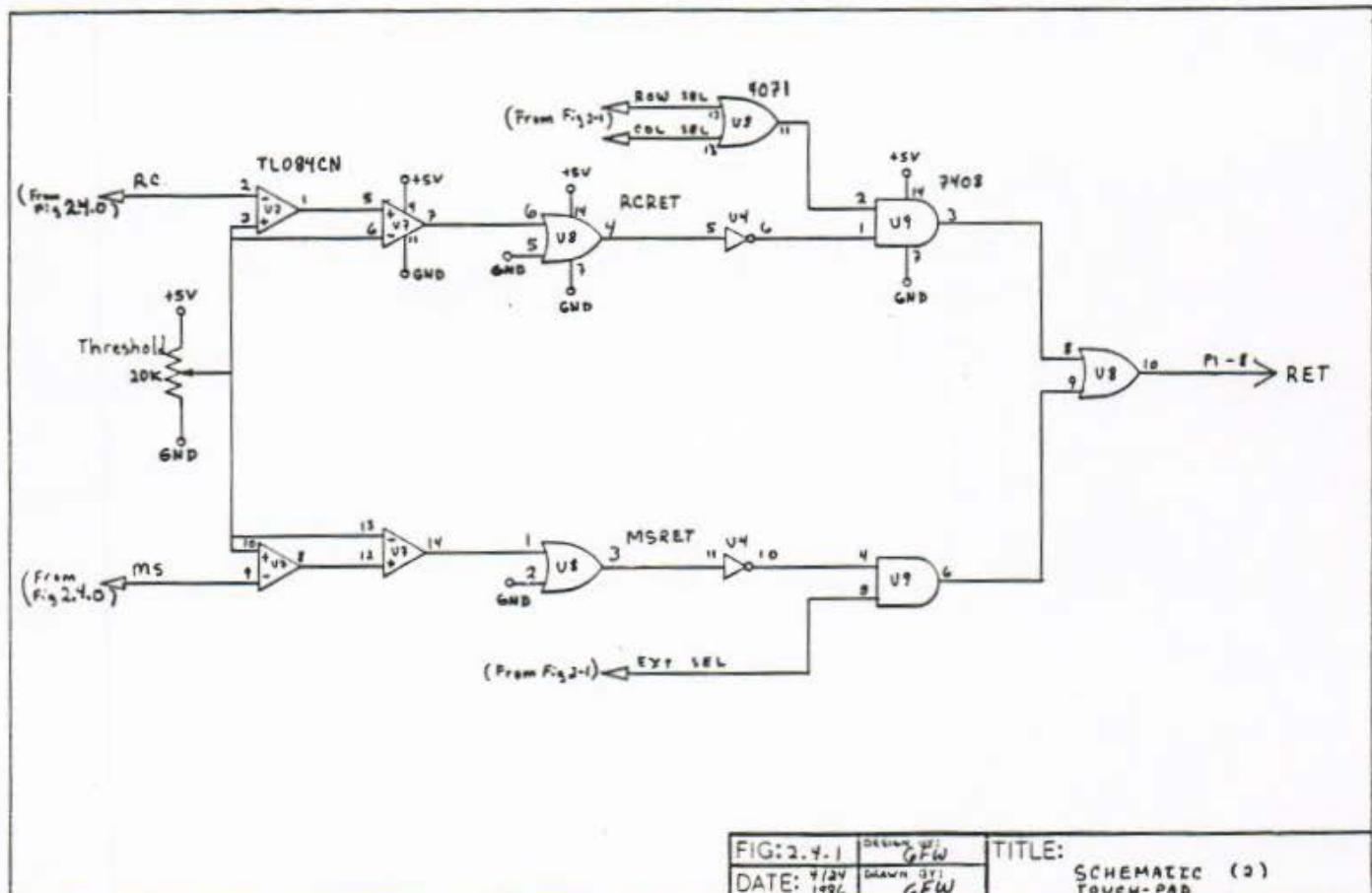


Figure 2.4.1 Touch Pad Schematics

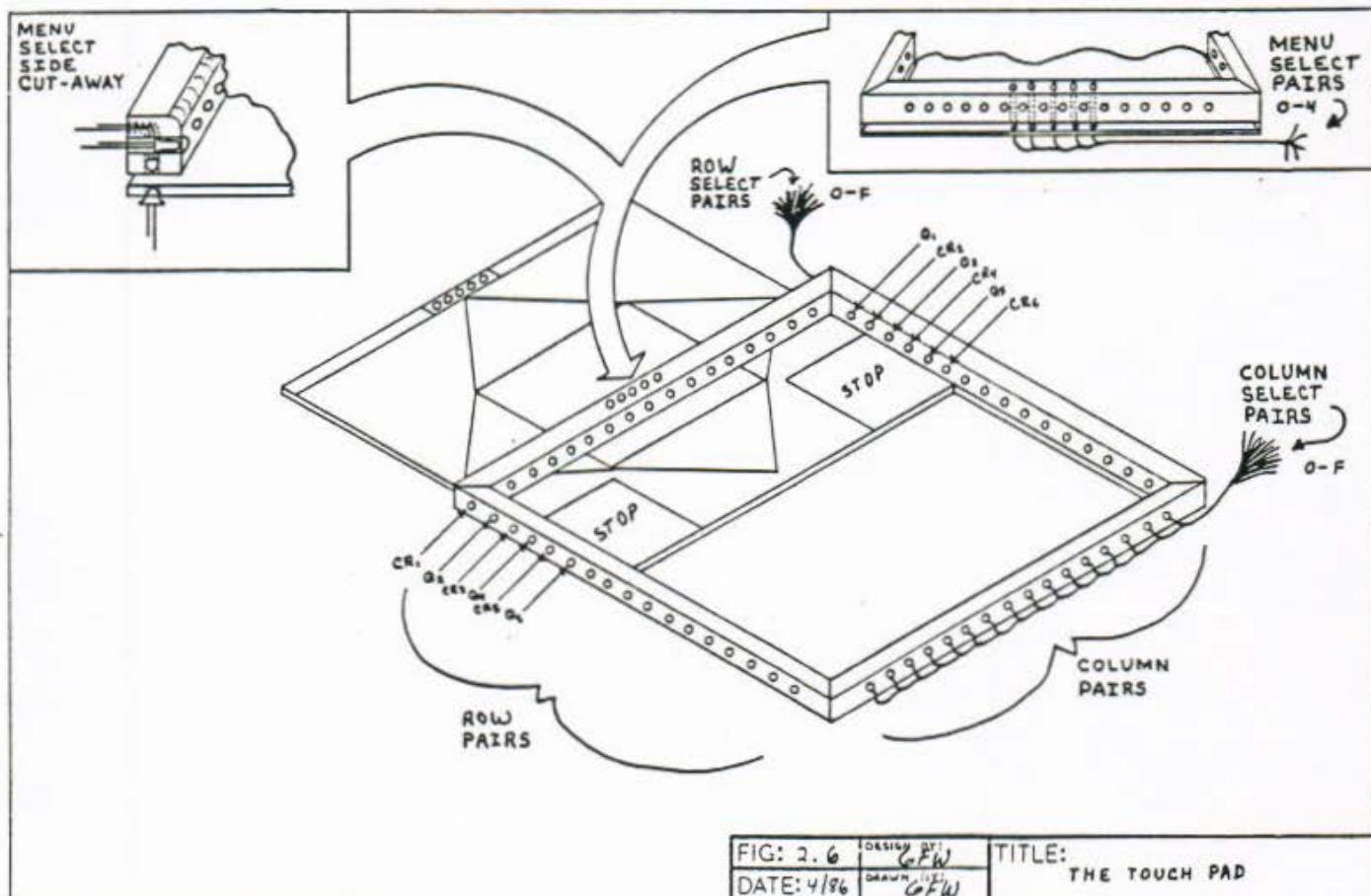


Figure 2.6 Pictorial with Cut-away

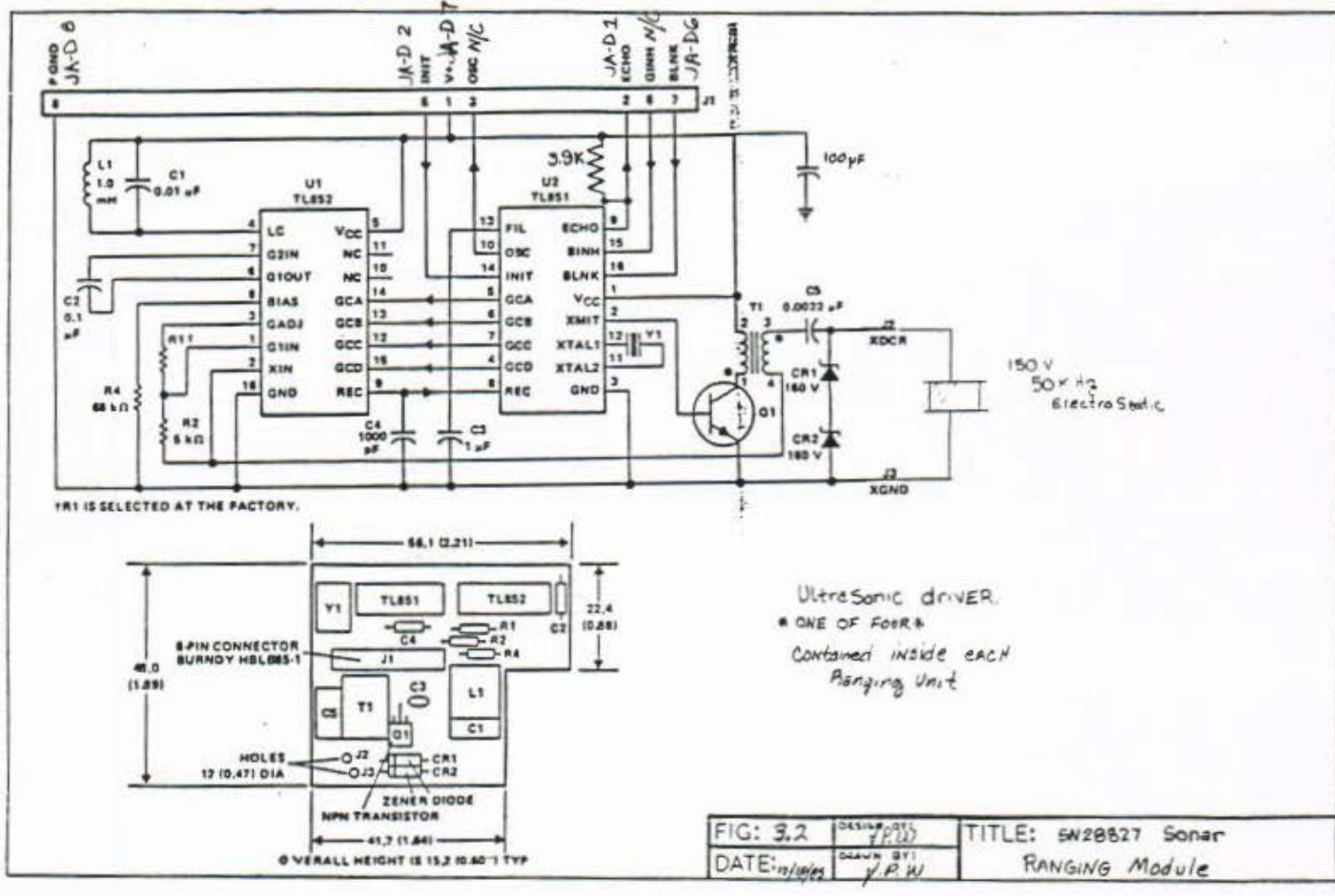


Figure 3.2 Ranging Module Schematic

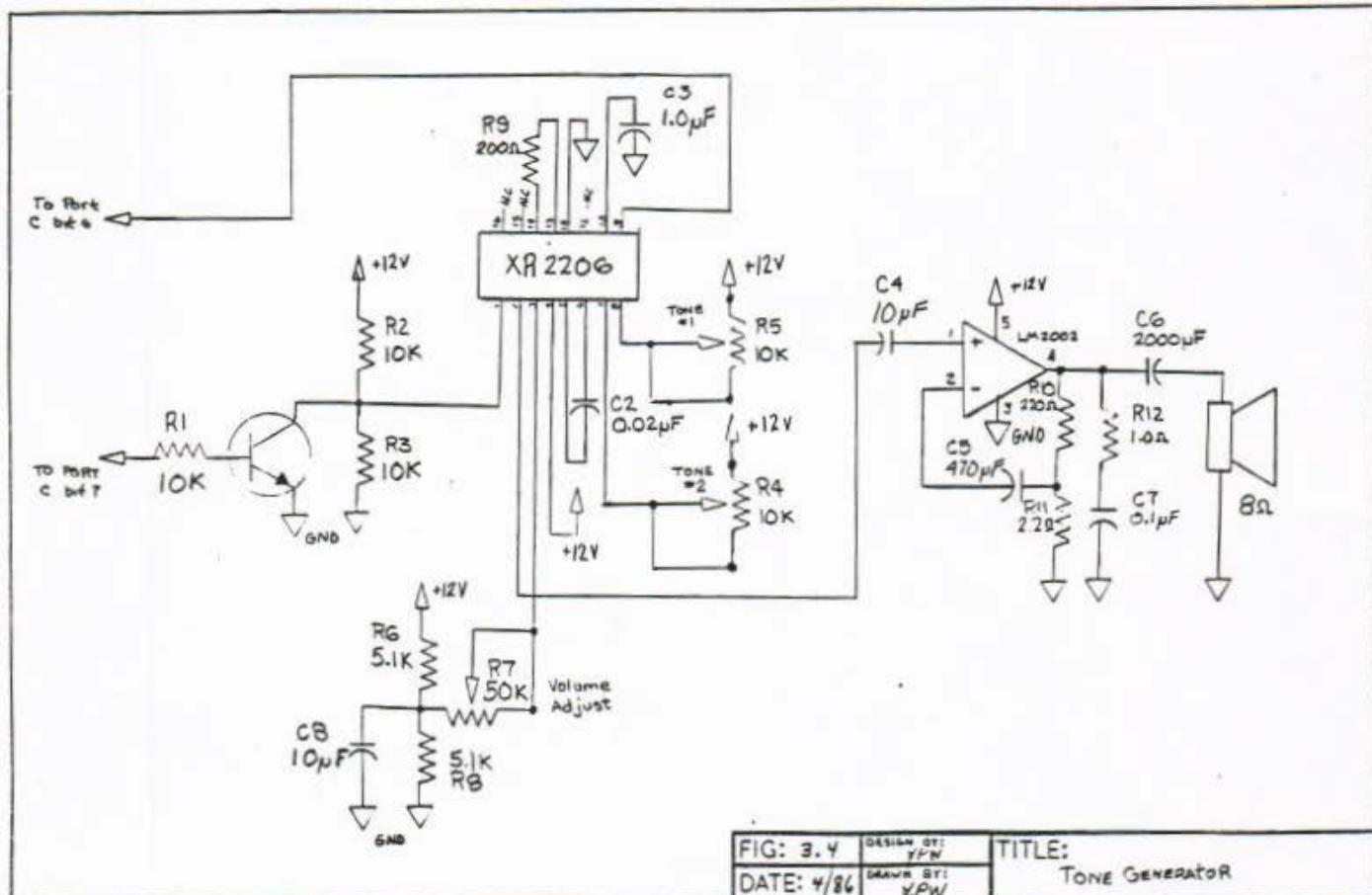


Figure 3.4 Tone Generator Schematic

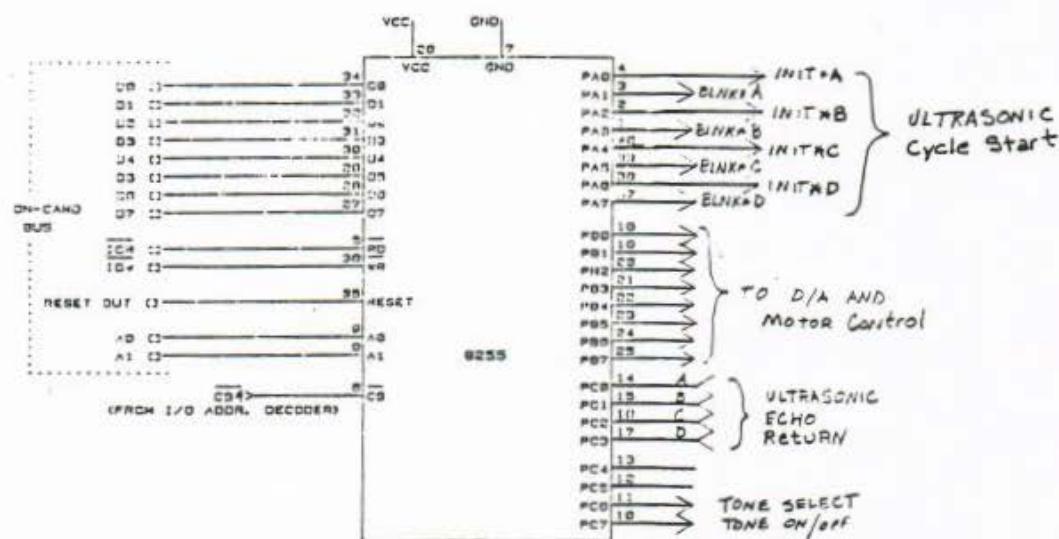


FIG: 3.5	DESIGN BY: JPN	TITLE: SCHEMATIC:
DATE: 9/26	DRAWN BY: GFW	ADDITIONAL PARALLEL GROUP

Figure 3.5 Additional Parallel Group Schematic

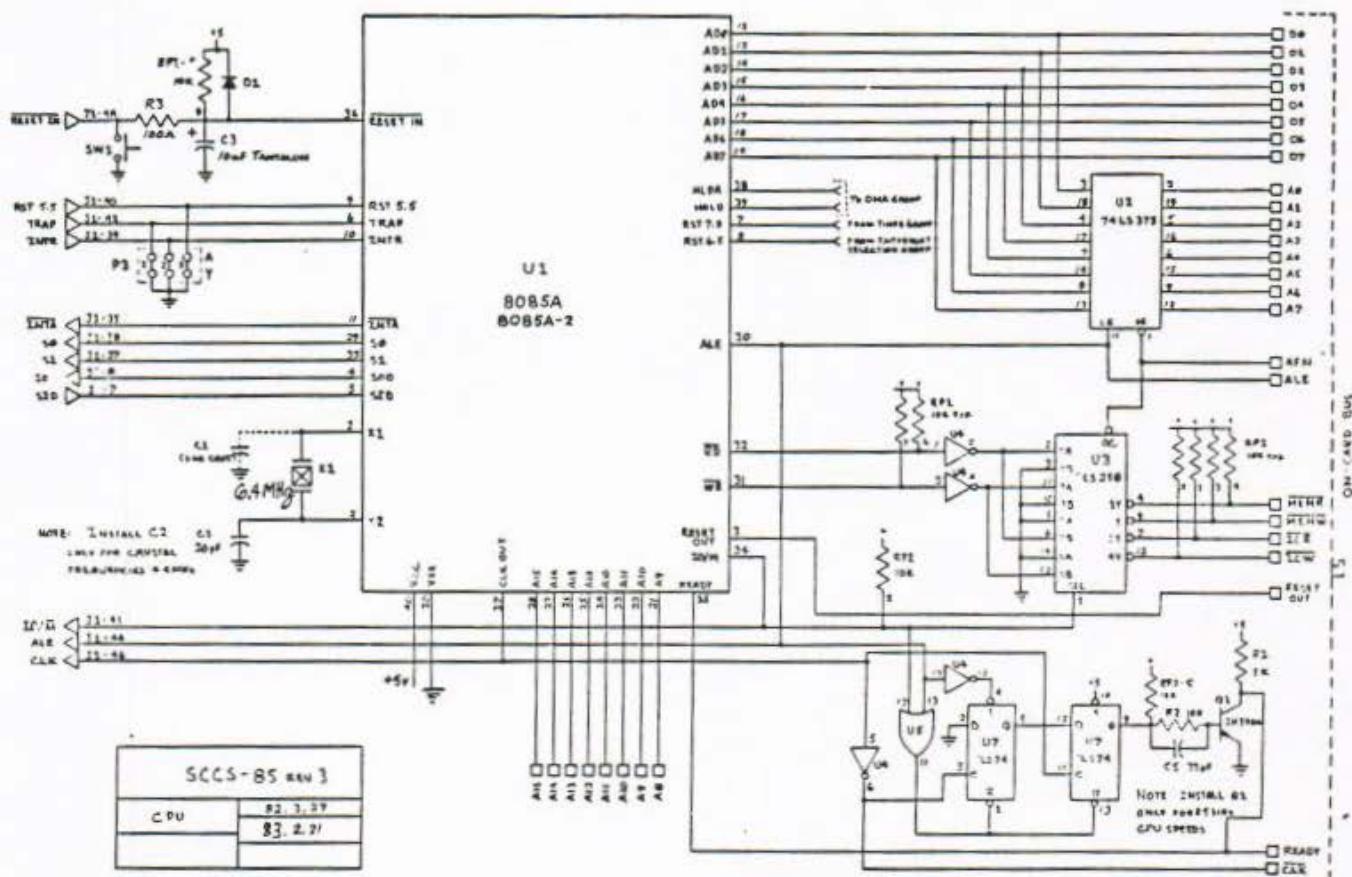


Figure 4.2 CPU Schematic

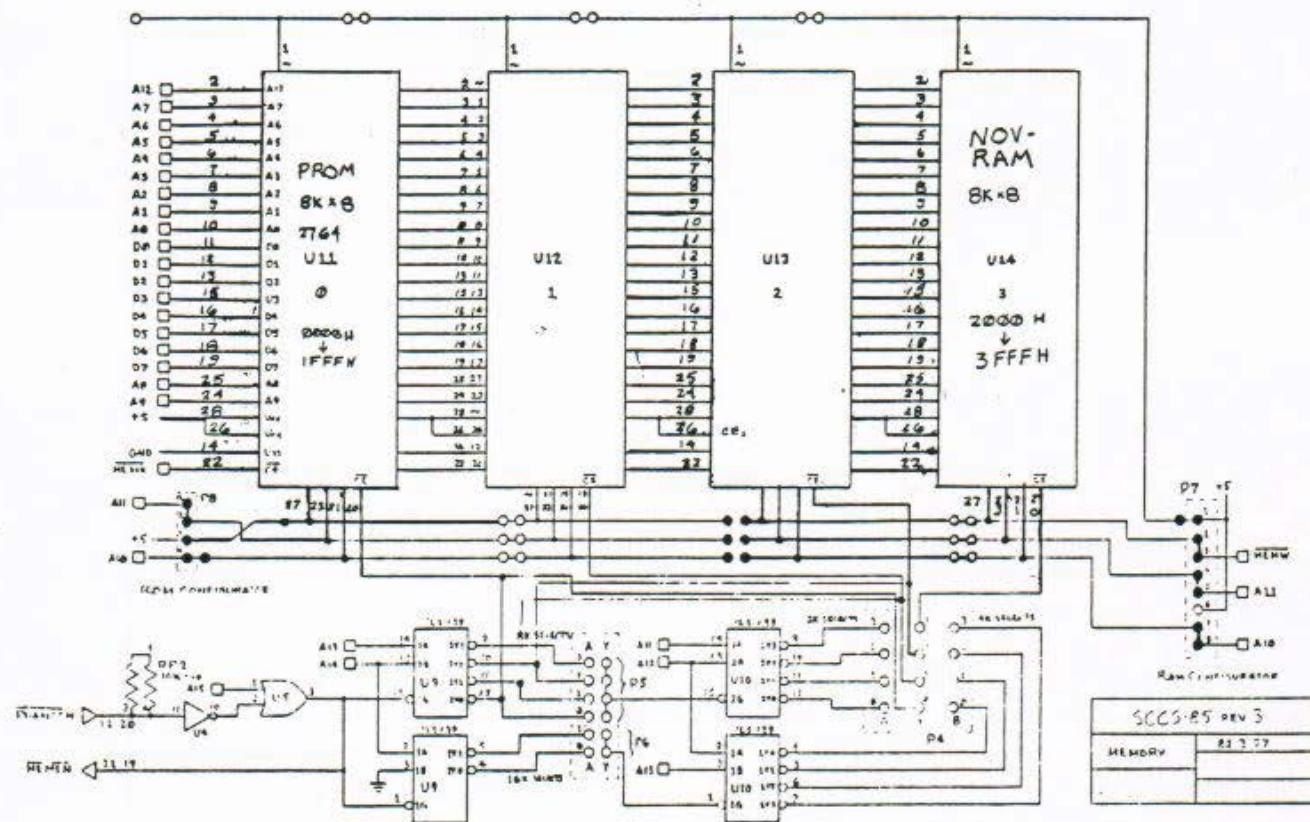


Figure 4.3 Memory Schematic

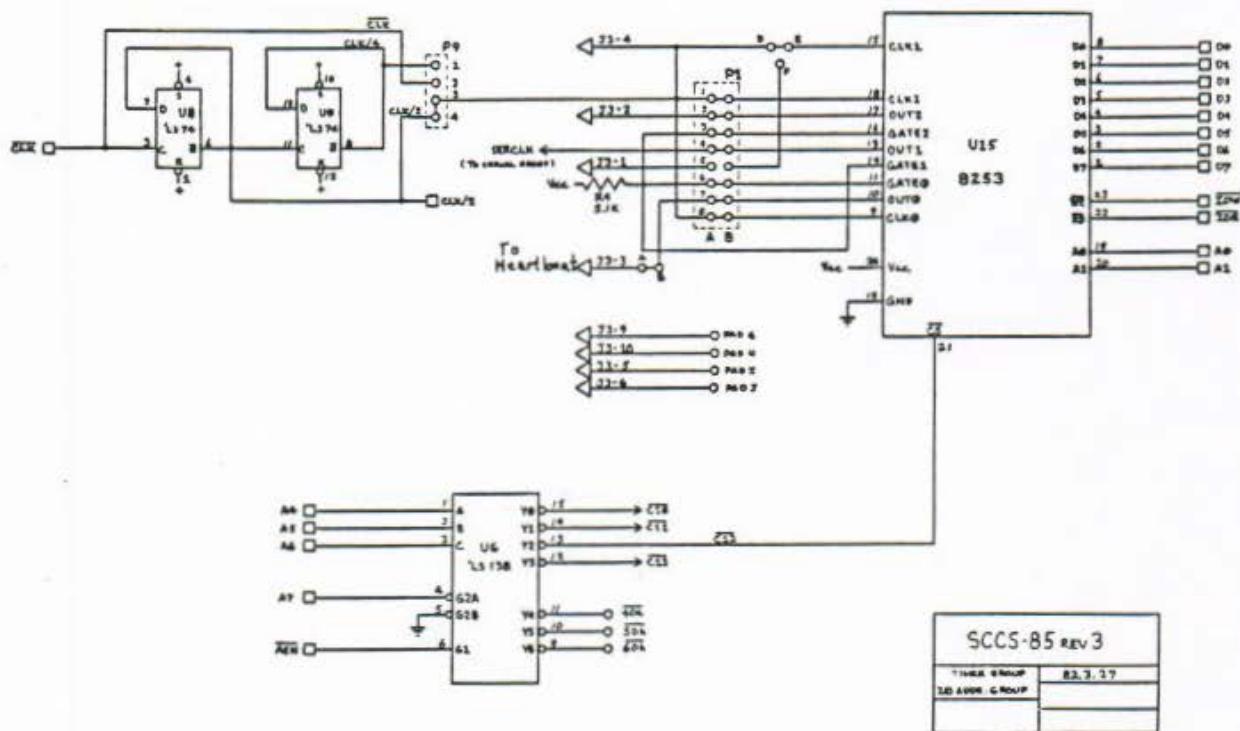


Figure 4.4 Timer Group, I/O Addressing Group Schematic

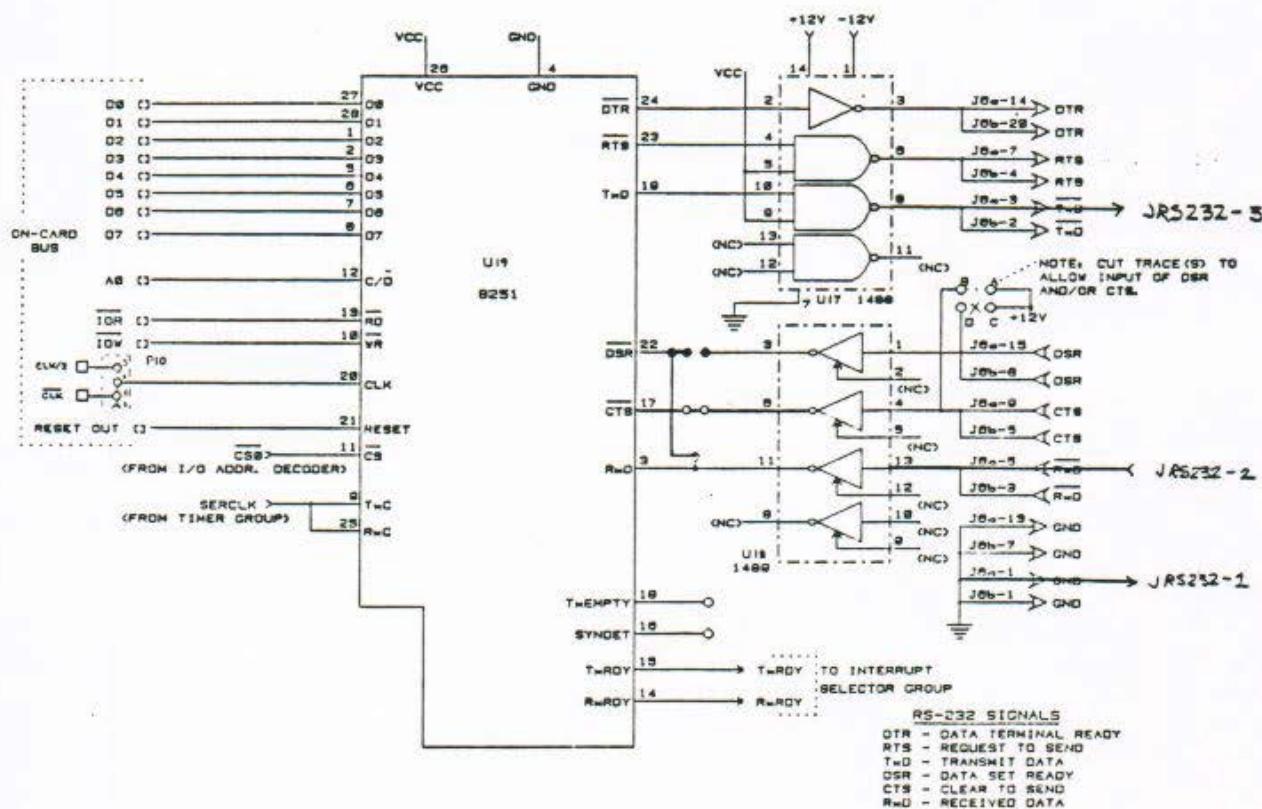
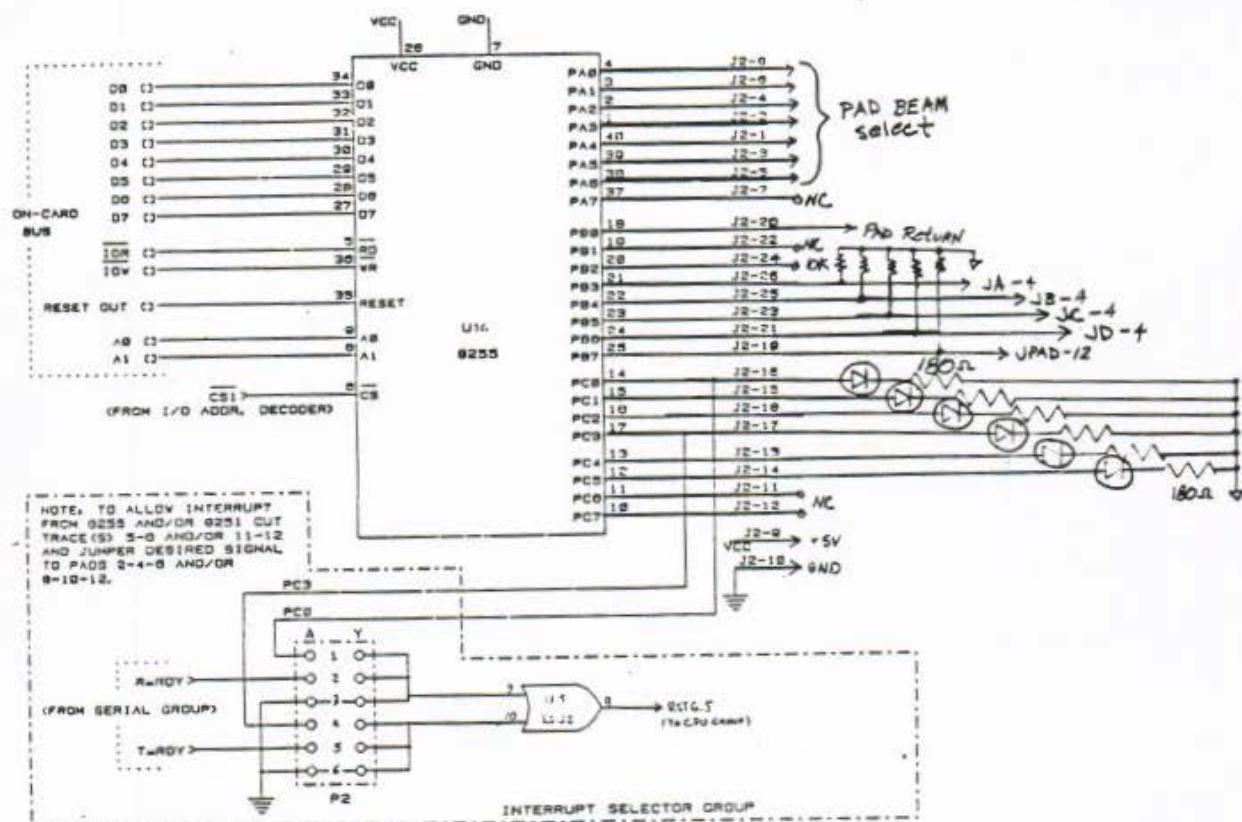


Figure 4.5 Serial Group Schematic



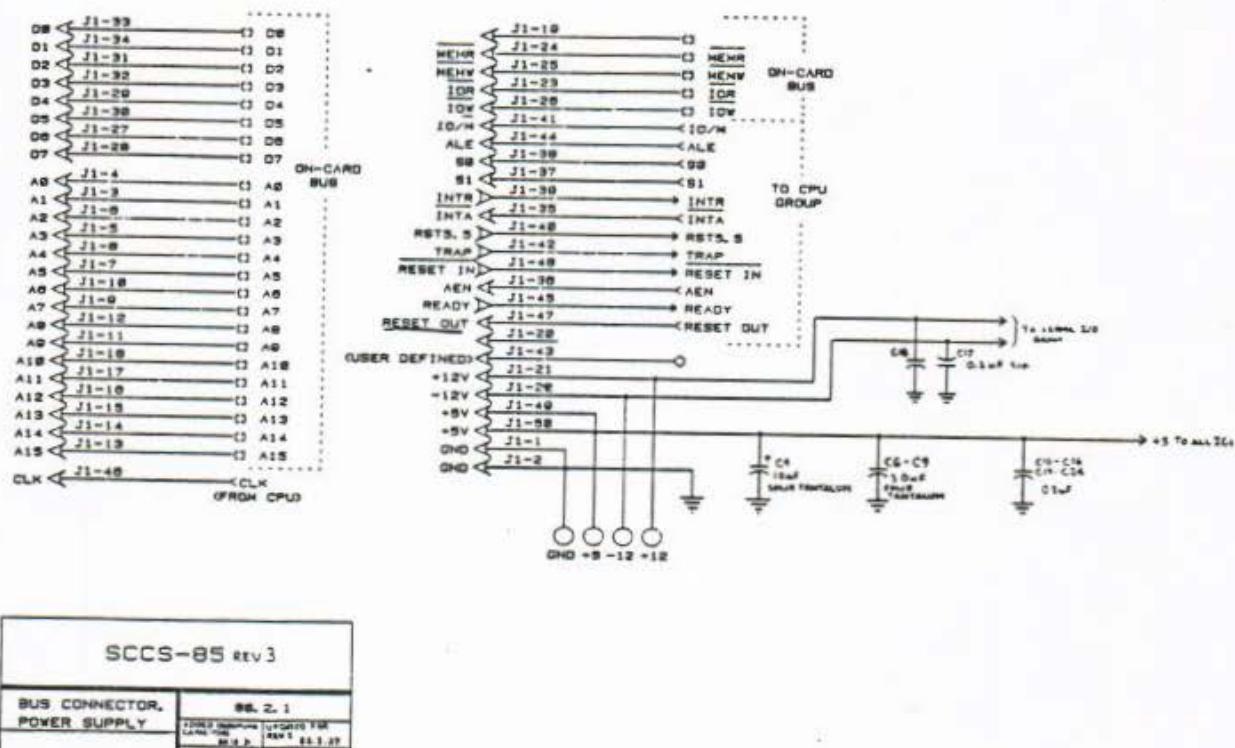


Figure 4.7 Bus Connector Schematic

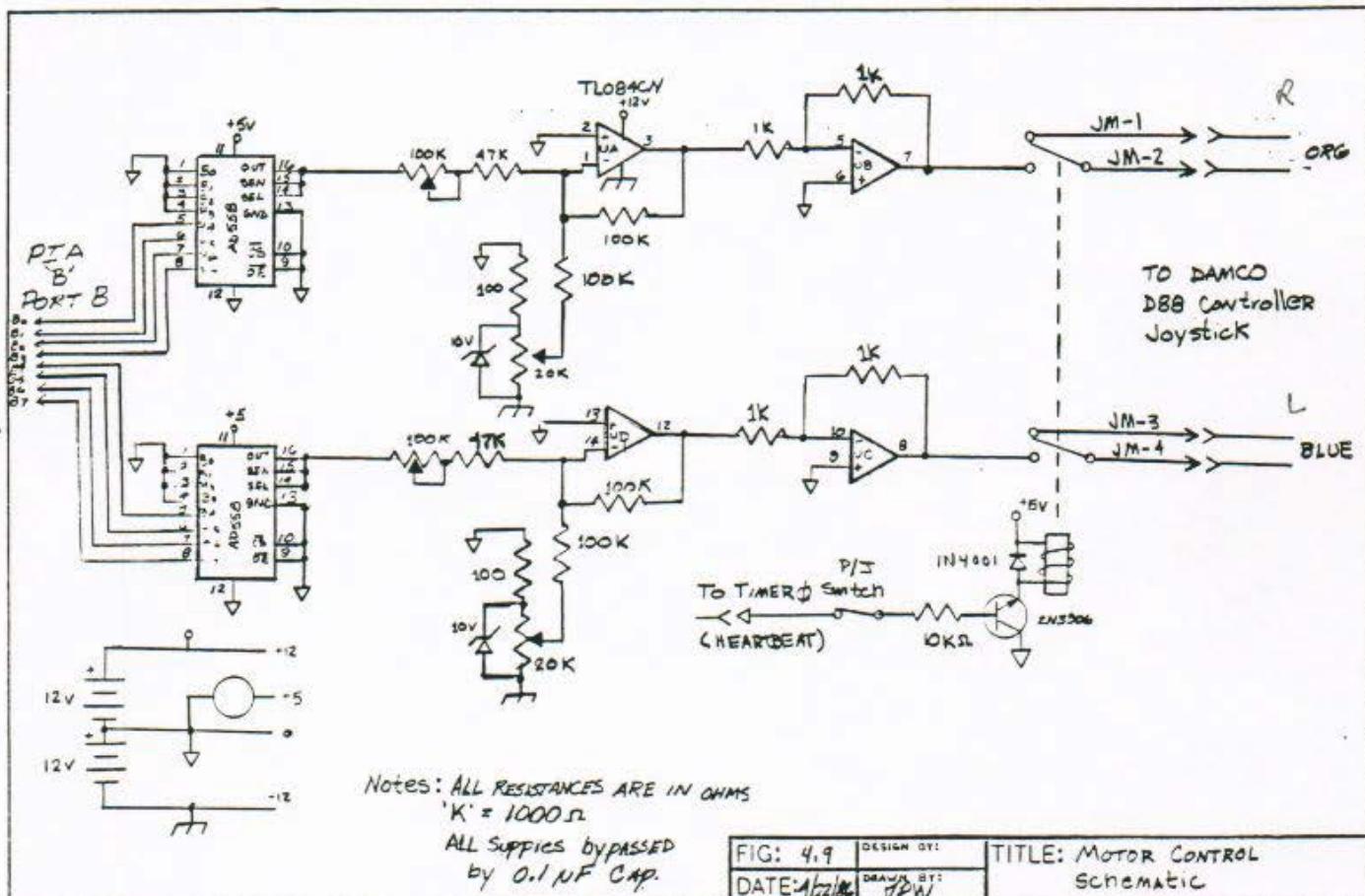


Figure 4.9 Motor Control Schematic

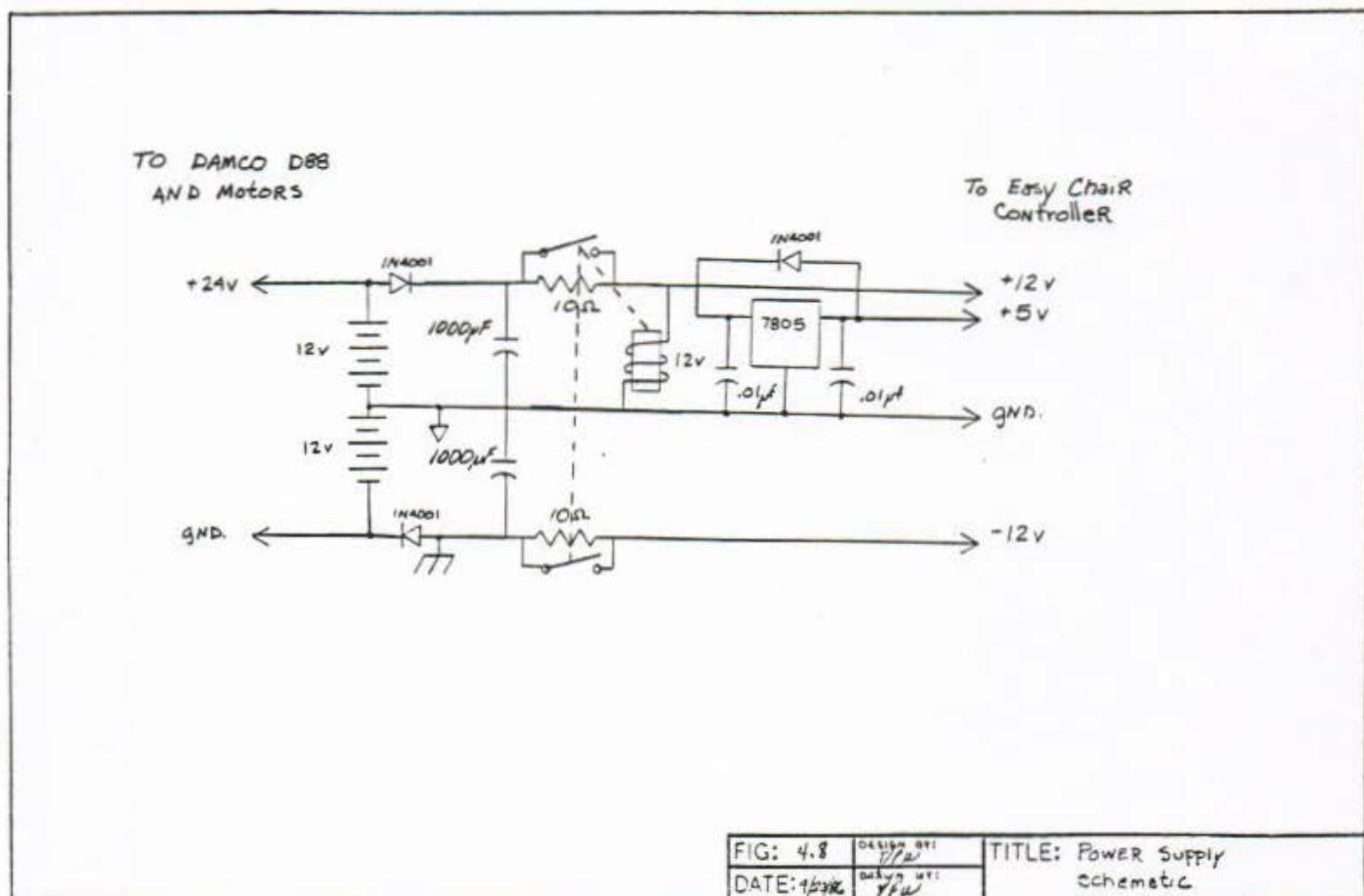


Figure 4.8 Power Supply Schematic

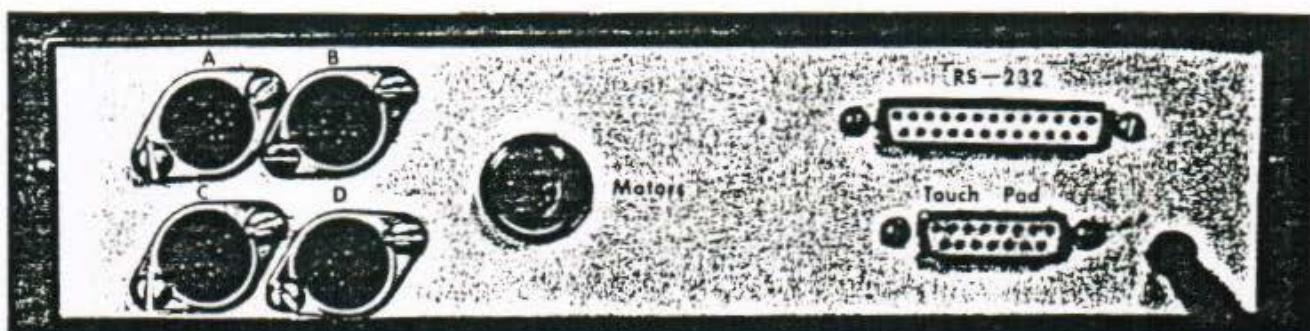


Figure 4.11 Connectors and Jacks

*MAIN PROGRAM LOOP*

INITIAL: Set stack pointer  
Initialize ports  
Initialize counters  
Send stop values to motors (to name)  
RUNCHR: Set flag for heartbeat on  
Call HRTBEAT to refresh the heartbeat timer  
Call MENCHK routine to act on current menu  
Call ULTRA to check ultrasonic units  
Call PADCHK to act on current pad touch  
Call EXTCHK to see if user has chosen to exit  
IF menu not valid (if empty)  
    THEN call STOP  
    Go to RUNCHR:  
AOK1: IF DURATION zero  
    THEN call STOP  
    Go to RUNCHR:  
AOK1: Call UPDATMTR  
Go to RUNCHR:

*HRTBEAT*

HRTBEAT: Refresh heartbeat counter to maximum value  
Return

**MENCHK**

**MENCHK:** Check to see that the pad is connected  
IF the pad is not connected  
THEN light pad error LED  
Call **STOP**  
Return  
ELSE clear pad error LED  
Call **PADRD** (determine menu number)  
IF menu error  
THEN light menu error LED  
ELSE clear menu error LED  
IF menu number 1  
THEN call **PROMEN**  
ELSE read menu variables  
Return

*ULTRA*

ULTRA:      Check to see if the front unit is connected  
                IF unit not connected  
                  THEN light correct U.S. error L.E.D.  
                  Return  
                ELSE read the object distance  
                  IF object within critical range  
                  THEN call STOP  
                  ELSE IF object within warning range  
                    THEN sound warning  
                  ELSE return

**PADCHK**

**PADCHK:**     Check to see that the pad is connected  
          IF the pad is not connected  
            THEN light the pad error LED  
            Call **STOP**  
            Return  
          ELSE clear the pad error LED  
            Call **PADRD** routine to scan the pad  
            IF pad touched  
              THEN call the **CHKTBL** routine  
              IF valid location and DURATION not 0  
                THEN IF a new motion  
                  THEN call **INITMTR**  
            Return

**UPDATMTR****UPDATMTR:****RAMP1:** IF CNTRAMP not zero  
THEN go to **LBL4:****RSPD1CHK:** Store RMCS in RMOTOR (in case RMTS=RMCS)  
IF RMTS=RMCS THEN go to **LSPD2CHK:**  
IF RMTS>RMCS THEN call **RGTFWD** (determine RMOTOR)  
IF RMTS<RMCS THEN call **RGTREV** (determine RMOTOR)**LSPD1CHK:** Store LMCS in LMOTOR (in case LMTS=LMCS)  
IF LMTS=LMCS THEN go to **LBL3:**  
IF LMTS>LMCS THEN call **LFTFWD** (determine LMOTOR)  
IF LMTS<LMCS THEN call **LFTREV** (determine LMOTOR)**LBL3:**  
Decrement DURATION  
Set RMCS to RMOTOR  
Set LMCS to LMOTOR  
Combine LMCS & RMCS into one byte  
Output motor speed byte  
Return**LBL4:** Decrement CNTRAMP  
Return

*STOP*

**STOP:** Set RMTS to MTRSTOP  
Set RMTS to MTRSTOP  
IF both motors already stopped  
THEN return

**STOP2:** Set CNTRAMP to STOPRAMP  
Set RAMPCNT to STOPRAMP

**STOP1:** Short delay  
Call UPDATMTR  
IF both motors not stopped  
THEN go to **STOP1:**  
Store zero in DURATION  
Store zero in LASTI  
Return

*PADRD*

**PADRD:**

**MENU:** Initialize loop counters  
Set menu select counter to 0

**LOOP3:** Decrement menu select counter  
Mask counter to select menu select LEDs  
Output count to light IR LED  
Short Delay  
Input from touch pad return to see if beam broken  
Combine into menu number byte  
Rotate menu number byte left one bit  
IF counter at 0  
    THEN rotate menu number byte right one bit  
    ELSE go to **LOOP3:**

**ERR1:** IF menu number byte is 0 (none of the 5 beams broken)  
    THEN signal menu error in status word (H)  
    Go to **PNTDAT:**

**ERR2:** IF menu number byte is 1FH (all 5 beams broken)  
    THEN signal menu error in status word (H)  
    Go to **PNTDAT:**

**SCAN:** Clear row/column data register

**ROW:** Set row counter to 17 (row 16 plus 1)

**LOOP4:** Decrement row counter  
Mask counter to select row LEDs  
Output count to light IR LED  
Short delay  
Input from touch pad return to see if beam broken  
IF beam being broken  
    THEN rotate row count 4 bits  
    Store row number in row/column data register  
    Go to **COL:**  
ELSE IF row counter at 0 (all 16 rows scanned)  
    THEN return  
    ELSE go to **LOOP4:**

**COL:** Set column counter to OFFH (column 0 minus 1)

**LOOP2:** Increment row counter  
Mask counter to select row LEDs  
Output count to light IR LED  
Short delay  
Input from touch pad return to see if beam broken  
IF beam being broken  
    THEN combine row number with row/column register  
    Mask status word (H) to show a touch  
    ELSE IF column counter at OFFH  
        THEN return  
    ELSE go to **LOOP2:**

**PNTDAT:** Put row/column data in (L)  
Return

**PROMEN**

**PROERR:** Sound error horn if executed here

**PROMEN:** Clear flag to verify there is a current entry

**PRO2MEN:** Wait for pad being touched

    IF invalid touch  
        THEN go to **PROERR:**

    IF sample menu in pad  
        THEN go to **PROERR:**

    Get location of correct table

**SNDCHK:** IF sound ON/Off selected  
        THEN toggle sound setting  
        Go to **PRO2MEN:**

**RANCHK:** IF ranging ON/OFF selected  
        THEN toggle ranging setting  
        Go to **PRO2MEN:**

**RRCHK:** IF ramp rate selected  
        THEN get input from ramp bar on pad  
        Store value in correct table  
        Go to **PRO2MEN:**

**LRD:** IF left (A) ranging distance selected  
        THEN get input from range bar on pad  
        Store value in correct table  
        Go to **PRO2MEN:**

**RRD:** IF right (B) ranging distance selected  
        THEN get input from range bar on pad  
        Store value in correct table  
        Go to **PRO2MEN:**

**FRD:** IF front (C) ranging distance selected  
        THEN get input from range bar on pad  
        Store value in correct table  
        Go to **PRO2MEN:**

**BRD:** IF back (D) ranging distance selected  
        THEN get input from range bar on pad  
        Store value in correct table  
        Go to **PRO2MEN:**

**DEFAREA:** IF define area selected  
        THEN get input from range bar on pad

**DEFOK1:** Store value as current entry number  
    Get upper left corner of area  
    Get lower right corner of area

**DEFOK2:** Locate area address in memory

**DEFOK3:** Store row/col min/max values in entry  
    Mark menu control word as NOT empty  
    Go to **PRO2MEN:**

**SELAREA:** IF select area was chosen  
        THEN get input from range bar on pad

**SELOK1:** Store value as current entry number  
    Locate area address in memory

**SELOK2:** Store pointer to area address

**SELOK3:** Go to **PRO2MEN:**

(Continued on next page)

**PROMEN**

**PROERR:** Sound error horn if executed here  
**PROMEN:** Clear flag to verify there is a current entry  
**PRO2MEN:**  
 Wait for pad being touched  
 IF invalid touch  
     THEN go to **PROERR:**  
 IF sample menu in pad  
     THEN go to **PROERR:**  
 Set location of correct table  
**SNDCHK:** IF sound ON/OFF selected  
     THEN toggle sound setting  
     Go to **PRO2MEN:**  
**RANCHK:** IF ranging ON/OFF selected  
     THEN toggle ranging setting  
     Go to **PRO2MEN:**  
**RRCHK:** IF ramp rate selected  
     THEN get input from ramp bar on pad  
     Add 1 and store value in correct table  
     Go to **PRO2MEN:**  
**LRD:** IF left (A) ranging distance selected  
     THEN get input from range bar on pad  
     Double, add USSTDP and store in correct table  
     Go to **PRO2MEN:**  
**RRD:** IF right (B) ranging distance selected  
     THEN get input from range bar on pad  
     Double, add USSTDP and store in correct table  
     Go to **PRO2MEN:**  
**FRD:** IF front (C) ranging distance selected  
     THEN get input from range bar on pad  
     Double, add USSTDP and store in correct table  
     Go to **PRO2MEN:**  
**BRD:** IF back (D) ranging distance selected  
     THEN get input from range bar on pad  
     Double, add USSTDP and store in correct table  
     Go to **PRO2MEN:**  
**DEFAREA:** IF define area selected  
     THEN get input from range bar on pad  
**DEFOK1:** Store value as current entry number  
     Get upper left corner of area  
     Get lower right corner of area  
**DEFOK2:** Locate area address in memory  
**DEFOK3:** Store row/col min/max values in entry  
     Mark menu control word as NOT empty  
     Go to **PRO2MEN:**  
**SELAREA:** IF select area was chosen  
     THEN get input from range bar on pad  
**SELOK1:** Store value as current entry number  
**SELOK2:** Locate area address in memory  
**SELOK3:** Store pointer to area address  
     Go to **PRO2MEN:**

*(Continued on next page)*

(Continuation of PROMEN:)

LMTR: IF left motor speed selected  
     THEN set flag for left motor data  
     Go to MOK1:  
 RMTR: IF right motor speed selected  
     THEN clear flag for left motor data  
     Go to MOK1:  
     ELSE go to DUR:  
 MOK1: IF flag set for left motor data  
     THEN set left motor speed  
     ELSE go to RSET:  
 RSET: Set right motor speed  
     Go to PRO2MEN:  
 DUR: IF duration selected  
     THEN IF no entry selected  
         THEN go to PROERR:  
 DOK1: Set input from duration bar on pad  
     Store duration with current entry  
     Go to PRO2MEN:  
 RESMEN: IF reset menu selected  
     THEN wait for another input for verification  
     IF reset selected again  
         THEN Set global parameters to defaults  
         Set all ten areas to defaults  
         Mark control word for empty menu  
     Go to PRO2MEN:

**CHKTBL**

CHKTBL: Set ENTRY to 0  
 Set memory pointer at the first entry of the table  
 ROWMIN: IF touched row < minimum row  
     THEN go to NXTENT1:  
 COLMIN: IF touched column < minimum column  
     THEN go to NXTENT1:  
 ROWMAX: Increment memory pointer  
     IF touched row > maximum row  
         THEN go to NXTENT2:  
 COLMAX: IF touched column > maximum column  
         THEN go to NXTENT2:  
 VALID: Increment memory pointer  
     Store pointer value in MTRADDR  
     Increment ENTRY  
     Return  
 NXTENT1: Increment memory pointer  
 NXTENT2: Increment memory pointer to next motion data  
     Increment ENTRY  
     IF ENTRY is 10 (all 10 entries checked)  
         THEN return  
     ELSE go to ROWMIN:

*INITMTR*

**INITMTR:** Set memory pointer to MTRADDR  
Read left/right motor target speed from table  
Mask for right target speed only (low nibble)  
Store in RMTS  
Mask for left target speed only (high nibble)  
Rotate left data to low nibble  
Store in LMTC  
Increment memory pointer  
Read DURATION from table  
Set RAMPCNT value  
Store in CNTRAMP  
Return

*(Continuation of PROMEN:)*

LMTR: IF left motor speed selected  
THEN set flag for left motor data  
Go to MOK1:  
RMTR: IF right motor speed selected  
THEN clear flag for left motor data  
Go to MOK1:  
ELSE go to DUR:  
MOK1: IF flag set for left motor data  
THEN set left motor speed  
ELSE go to RSET:  
RSET: Set right motor speed  
Go to PRO2MEN:  
DUR: IF duration selected  
THEN IF no entry selected  
THEN go to PROERR:  
DOK1: Set input from duration bar on pad  
Store duration with current entry  
Go to PRO2MEN:  
RESMEN: IF reset menu selected  
THEN wait for another input for verification  
IF reset selected again  
THEN Set global parameters to defaults  
Set all ten areas to defaults  
Mark control word for empty menu  
Go to PRO2MEN:

*CHKTBL*

CHKTBL: Set ENTRY to 0  
Set memory pointer at the first entry of the table  
ROWMIN: IF touched row < minimum row  
THEN go to NXTENT1:  
COLMIN: IF touched column < minimum column  
THEN go to NXTENT1:  
Increment memory pointer  
ROWMAX: IF touched row > maximum row  
THEN go to NXTENT2:  
COLMAX: IF touched column > maximum column  
THEN go to NXTENT2:  
VALID: Increment memory pointer  
Store pointer value in MTRADDR  
Increment ENTRY  
Return  
NXTENT1: Increment memory pointer  
NXTENT2: Increment memory pointer to next motion data  
Increment ENTRY  
IF ENTRY is 10 (all 10 entries checked)  
THEN return  
ELSE go to ROWMIN:

*INITMTR*

**INITMTR:** Set memory pointer to MTRADDR  
Read left/right motor target speed from table  
Mask for right target speed only (low nibble)  
Store in RMTS  
Mask for left target speed only (high nibble)  
Rotate left data to low nibble  
Store in LMTS  
Increment memory pointer  
Read DURATION from table  
Get RAMPCNT value  
Store in CNTRAMF  
Return

*RGTFWD, RGTREV, LFTFWD, LFTREV*

**RGTFWD:**     IF CNTRAMP is 0  
                  THEN increment RMCS  
                  Store in RMOTOR  
Return

**RGTREV:**     IF CNTRAMP is 0  
                  THEN decrement RMCS  
                  Store in RMOTOR  
Return

**LFTFWD:**     IF CNTRAMP is 0  
                  THEN increment LMCS  
                  Store in LMOTOR  
Return

**LFTREV:**     IF CNTRAMP is 0  
                  THEN decrement LMCS  
                  Store in LMOTOR  
Return

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***** EASY CHAIR THE BEST IN CHAIR *****

;***** EASY CHAIR THE BEST IN CHAIR *****

;
4000 n     BASE    EQU    4000H ;BASE ADDRESS OF MONITOR
5400 n     MONRAM  EQU    5400H ;BASE ADDRESS OF RAM FOR MONITOR
5FFF n     ENDRAM  EQU    5FFFH ;END OF RAM MEMORY
0100 n     MRSIZ   EQU    0100H ;MONITOR RAM SIZE
5300 n     USRRAM  EQU    MONRAM+100H ;FIRST BYTE OF USER RAM
00FF n     EOL    EQU    OFFH ;END OF STRING (LINE) CHARACTER
0007 n     BEL    EQU    07H ;BEEEEEEEEEEEEE
000D n     CR     EQU    0DH ;CARRIAGE RETURN
000A n     LF     EQU    0AH ;LINE FEED
0010 n     HOME   EQU    01CH ;CURSOR UP AND LEFT
001B n     ESC    EQU    01BH ;ESCAPE
007F n     RUB    EQU    07FH ;RUBOUT
0013 n     XOFF   EQU    013H ;DC3 (X-OFF)
0011 n     XON    EQU    011H ;DC1 (X-ON)
000F n     MWIDTH  EQU    05H ;CONTROLS THE WIDTH OF "DUMP" "PUNCH"
                                ;COMMANDS:
;
;                                     0FH = 16 BYTES, 52 COLUMNS
;                                     07H = 8 BYTES, 26 COLUMNS
;
0020 n     TIME0   EQU    20H ;#253 TIMER ZERO
0021 n     TIME1   EQU    21H ;TIMER ONE
0022 n     TIME2   EQU    22H ;TIMER TWO
0023 n     TIMCTL  EQU    23H ;#253 CONTROL REGISTER
0010 n     PIAA   EQU    010H ;PIA A DATA REGISTER
0011 n     PIAB   EQU    011H ;PIA B DATA REGISTER
0012 n     PIAC   EQU    012H ;PIA C DATA REGISTER
0040 n     PIAD   EQU    040H ;PIA D DATA REGISTER
0041 n     PIAE   EQU    041H ;PIA E DATA REGISTER
0042 n     PIAF   EQU    042H ;PIA F DATA REGISTER
0043 n     PIBCNTL EQU    043H ;#2 PIA CONTROL REGISTER
0013 n     PIACNTL EQU    013H ;#1 PIA CONTROL REGISTER
0001 n     SERCON  EQU    01H ;ACIA CONTROL REGISTER
0000 n     SERDAT  EQU    00H ;ACIA DATA REGISTER
0001 n     PROMSK  EQU    00000001B ;PROGRAM MENU DETECT
00FF n     TRUE    EQU    OFFH
0000 n     FALSE   EQU    00H
0001 n     BEAMSK  EQU    00000001B ;MASK FOR DETECT (PIAB EO)
0010 n     ROWMSK  EQU    00010000B ;MASK FOR ROW SELECT (PIAA)
0020 n     COLMSK  EQU    00100000B ;COLUMN SELECT (PIAA)
0040 n     EXTMISK EQU    01000000B ;EXTRA SELECT (PIAA)
                                ;EXTRA SELECT INCLUDES:
                                ;MENU SELECT LEDS/TRANS.
                                ;ULTRASONIC DIRECTION LEDS
00B0 n     TOUCH   EQU    10000000B ;MASK FOR A TOUCH CHL
001E n     VALMEN  EQU    00011110B ;VALID MENU NUMBER MASK
                                ;NOTE THAT BIT 0 IS USED TO SIGNAL
                                ;THE PROGRAM MENU.
0040 n     MENERR  EQU    01000000B ;MASK MENU ERROR
0020 n     FADERR  EQU    00100000B ;MASK LED/TRANS. ERROR
0001 n     PADLED  EQU    00000001B ;MASK FOR PAD ERROR LED (OUTPUT)
0002 n     MENLED  EQU    00000010B ;" " " MENU "
0004 n     LUSLED  EQU    00000100B ;(SAME) LEFT U.S.
0008 n     RUSLED  EQU    00001000B ;(SAME) RIGHT U.S.

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0010 #     BUSLED EQU    00010000B ; (SAME) BACK U.S.
0020 #     FUSLED EQU    00100000B ; (SAME) FRONT U.S.
0030 #     PADLOOP EQU    10000000B ; PAD +5V LOOP (CONNECTED?)
0040 #     LUSLOOP EQU    01000000B ; LEFT U.S. .....
0050 #     RUSLOOP EQU    00100000B ; RIGHT U.S. .....
0060 #     BUSLOOP EQU    00010000B ; BACK U.S. .....
0070 #     FUSLOOP EQU    00001000B ; FRONT U.S. .....
0080 #     PJMASK EQU    00000100B ; MASK FOR INPUT FROM PAD/JOYSTICK
0090 #     MTRSTOP EQU    08H ; 1/2 OF 160 VALUE (USED TO STOP)
00A0 #     RONOFF EQU    00000100B ; FLAG TO SIGNAL RANGING ON
00B0 #     SONOFF EQU    00000010B ; FLAG TO SIGNAL SOUND ON
00C0 #     EMPTMEN EQU    00000001B ; FLAG TO SIGNAL EMPTY MENU
                                ; (NOT PROGRAMMED)
00D0 #     USSTOP EQU    00H ; ULTRASONIC STOPPING DIST
                                ; ( 8 INCHES)
00E0 #     STOFRMF EQU    04H ; STOPPING RAMF RATE

; BEGIN EQUATES FOR PROGRAMMING MENU (SEE PROMEN)
; NUMBERS REPRESENT LOCATIONS OF MENU CHOICES ON THE
; PROGRAMMING MENU. MS NIBBLE= ROW, LS NIBBLE= COLUMN
00F0 #     SOUND EQU    21H ; SOUND ON/OFF
0100 #     RANGE EQU    31H ; RANGING ON/OFF
0110 #     RAMP EQU    41H ; ENTER RAMF RATE
0120 #     BACKR EQU    51H ; BACK...
0130 #     FRONTR EQU    61H ; FRONT...
0140 #     LEFTR EQU    71H ; LEFT RANGING DISTANCE
0150 #     RIGHTR EQU    81H ; RIGHT...
0160 #     DEFINE EQU    091H ; DEFINE AREA
0170 #     SELECT EQU    0B1H ; SELECT AREA FOR EDITING
0180 #     LEFTM EQU    0C1H ; LEFT MOTOR SPEED
0190 #     RIGHTM EQU    0D1H ; RIGHT...
01A0 #     TIME EQU    0E1H ; DURATION TIME
01B0 #     RESET EQU    09H ; RESET MENU SELECTION
01C0 #     BAR1BEG EQU    0EBH
01D0 #     BAR2BEG EQU    0EEH
01E0 #     BAR2END EQU    0F0H
;
=====;
; VECTORS FOR HARDWARE INTERRUPTS
;
5800 #     RST0 EQU    USRRAM+ 000H ; NOT USED - MONITOR RESET
5801 #     RST1 EQU    USRRAM+ 008H ;
5810 #     RST2 EQU    USRRAM+ 010H ;
5811 #     RST3 EQU    USRRAM+ 018H ;
5820 #     RST4 EQU    USRRAM+ 020H ;
5821 #     TRAP EQU    USRRAM+ 024H ;
5822 #     RST5 EQU    USRRAM+ 028H ;
5823 #     RST55 EQU    USRRAM+ 02DH ;
5830 #     RST6 EQU    USRRAM+ 030H ;
5831 #     RST65 EQU    USRRAM+ 034H ;
5832 #     RST7 EQU    USRRAM+ 038H ;
5833 #     RST75 EQU    USRRAM+ 03DH ;
;
=====;
; RST 0 ENTRY POINT - POWER UP RESET      ; RST 0
4000 ORG    BASE+0
4000 310060 LD    SP,ENDRAM+1
4003 038745 LDP    INITIAL

```

```

4006 00      NOP
4007 00      NOP
;=====
; RST 1 ENTRY POINT
4008          ORG    BASE+08H ; RST 1
4008 C0085B   JMP    RST1
4008 0000000000  DB     0,0,0,0,0
;=====
; RST 2 ENTRY POINT
4010          ORG    BASE+10H ; RST 2
4010 C0105B   JMP    RST2
4010 0000000000  DB     0,0,0,0,0
;=====
; RST 3 ENTRY POINT
4018          ORG    BASE+18H ; RST 3
4018 C0185B   JMP    RST3
4018 0000000000  DB     0,0,0,0,0
;=====
; RST 4 ENTRY POINT
4020          ORG    BASE+20H ; RST 4
4020 C0205B   JMP    RST4
4020 00      NOP
;=====
; TRAP ENTRY POINT
4024          ORG    BASE+24H ; TRAP
4024 C0245B   JMP    TRAP
4027 00      NOP
;=====
; RST 5 ENTRY POINT
4028          ORG    BASE+28H ; RST 5
4028 C0285B   JMP    RST5
4028 00      NOP
;=====
; RST 5.5 ENTRY POINT
402C          ORG    BASE+2CH ; RST 5.5
402C C02C5B   JMP    RST55
402C 00      NOP
;=====
; RST 6 ENTRY POINT
4030          ORG    BASE+30H ; RST 6
4030 C0305B   JMP    RST6
4030 00      NOP
;=====
; RST 6.5 ENTRY POINT
4034          ORG    BASE+34H ; RST 6.5
4034 C0345B   JMP    RST65
4037 00      NOP
;=====
; RST 7 ENTRY POINT
4038          ORG    BASE+38H ; RST 7
4038 C0385B   JMP    RST7
4038 00      NOP
;=====
; RST 7.5 ENTRY POINT
403C          ORG    BASE+3CH ; RST 7.5
403C C03C5B   JMP    RST75

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403F 00          NOP
;=====
4040          ORG      BASE+40H

;
; POWER-UP AND RESET INITIALIZATION
; NOW INITIALIZE USART CHIP
;

4040 310060    START: LXI    SP,ENDRAM+1 ;INIT. SP FOR MONITOR
4043 3E82        MVI    A,82H   ;FORCE USART TO EXPECT CMND WORD
4045 D301        OUT    SERCON
4047 3E40        MVI    A,040H  ;NOW MAKE USART TO EXPECT MODE WORD
4049 D301        OUT    SERCON
404B 3ECE        MVI    A,0CEH   ;MODE BYTE -
404D D301        OUT    SERCON  ; 11 00 11 10
404F 3E77        MVI    A,037H   ;COMMAND BYTE -
4051 D301        OUT    SERCON  ; 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 1

;
; INITIALIZE TIMER CHIP TO GENERATE 16K BAUDRATE FOR
;

4053 210E00    LXI    H,000EH    ; 7200 BAUD
;           ;(1/(16*7200)) / (1/3.2 MHZ)
4056 3E76        MVI    A,76H   ;INIT TIMER 1 TO DIVIDE BY N
4058 D323        OUT    TIMCTL
405A 70          MOV    A,L
405B D321        OUT    TIME1
405D 70          MOV    A,H
405E D321        OUT    TIME1

;
; INITIALIZE MONITOR RAM PERTAINING TO CONSOLE I/O
;

4060 AF          XRA    A       ;MAKE A ZERO
4061 72005A    STA    ECHOFL  ; 0=ECHO 1=NO ECHO
4064 3EOF        MVI    A,MWIDTH ; INITIALIZE WIDTH
4066 32015A    STA    WIDTH   ;  *
;

;
; PRINT STARTUP MESSAGE - ALSO EFFECTIVE WAY TO WAIT A FEW
; CHAR PERIODS WHILE DOUBLE BUFFERED
; INPUT SETTLES.
;

4069 111A55    LXI    D,CLS    ;CLEAR SCREEN
406C 003F49    CALL   MSG
406F 11A652    LXI    D,STMSG  ;PRINT STARTUP MESSAGE
4072 003F49    CALL   MSG
4075 DB00        IN     SERDAT ;EAT POSSIBLE GARBAGE CHARACTER

;
; INITIALIZE REMAINDER OF MONITOR RAM
;

4077 3EFF        MVI    A,EDL   ; ON POWER UP NO ANSWER
4079 32365A    STA    MISCBF
407C 210032    LXI    H,3200H  ; INITIALIZE
407F 22005A    SHLD   CLKBCD  ; CLOCK FREQ IN BCD
4082 CDA247    CALL   BCDTBIN
4085 220E5A    SHLD   CLKBIN  ;  AND BINARY
4088 CD1F49    CALL   M50128  ; MULT BY 50/128 (.4)
408B 220A5A    SHLD   D50DIV  ; CASE SOMETHING GOES WRONG
408C 210032    LXI    H,ENDRAM ;UNCOMMENT FOR MEM TEST
;
```

```

;      LXI    D,USRRAM      ; ON RESET/POWER UP
;      CALL   MTO
;
;      ; COMMAND LEVEL - GET CHARACTER; JUMP TO APPROPRIATE ROUTINE

408E CDDF49    COMND: CALL    SETJMP      ;RUBOUT ABORTED COMNDS COME HERE

4091 119A52      LXI    D,PRMPT      ;PRINT COMMAND PROMPT
4094 C03F49      CALL   MSG
4097 CDD247      CALL   CI          ;
409A CD024A      ;      ANI    7FH        ;PUT IN IF UCASE TAKEN OUT
409A CD024A      CALL   UCASE      ;CONVERT LOW TO UP CASE & STRIPS PARITY
;
;      ; SEQUENCE BELOW IS KLUDGE TO ALLOW CR AND ? AS ONE CHAR COMNDS
;
409D FE0D      CPI    CR          ;SPECIAL CASE, (CR) IS NOP THAT DOES NOT
409F CABE40      JZ     COMND      ; CLEAR THE ANSWER
40A2 11BE40      LXI    D,COMND    ;ADDR FOR PSEUDO CALL COMPLETED BY PCHL
40A5 D5          PUSH   D          ;
40A6 FE3F      CPI    '?'        ;SPECIAL CASE '?', MUST NOT CLEAR
40AB CAD040      JZ     ASK         ; ANSWER FIRST.

;
;      ; NOW FOR THE REAL COMMANDS...
;
40AB 67          MOV    H,A        ;PUT FIRST CHAR INTO H
40AC CDD247      CALL   CI          ;GET SECOND CHAR
40AF CD024A      ;      ANI    07FH      ;UNCOMMENT IF CALL UCASE REMOVED
40B2 6F          CALL   UCASE      ;
40B3 CDEE49      MOV    L,A        ;PUT SECOND CHAR INTO L
40B3 CDEE49      CALL   SPACE      ;GOD KNOWS WHAT FOR...
40B6 011550      LXI    B,CMDS    ;SCAN COMMAND TABLE...COMND IN H&L
40B9 0A          CMDNXT: LDAX   B        ;GET COMMAND FROM TABLE
40BA 57          MOV    D,A        ; GET FIRST LETTER
40BB 03          INX    B          ; POINT TO SECOND LETTER
40BC 0A          LDAX   B        ; GET SECOND LETTER
40BD 5F          MOV    E,A        ;
40BE 03          INX    B        ; POINT TO LOWER BYTE OF ADDRESS
40BF CDFF47      CALL   CMP16    ;COMPARE TO COMND TYPED
40C2 CAD040      JZ     CMDFND    ;FOUND IT
40C5 03          INX    B        ;SKIP OVER ADDR OF COMMAND JUST CHECKED
40C6 03          INX    B        ;POINT TO UPPER BYTE OF ADDR THEN NXT CMD
40C7 7A          MOV    A,D        ;CHECK FOR END OF TABLE
40C8 B3          ORA    E          ;
40C9 C2B940      JNZ    CMDNXT    ;NOT END...TRY NEXT ENTRY
40CC CDA849      ERRER: CALL   PRBAD    ;PRINT ERRER MESSAGE AND RETURN. "COMND"
40CF C9          RET           ; IS ON STACK AS RETURN ADDR FOR COMMAND
;
;      ; NOTE ALL THE COMMANDS USE ERRER LABEL.

40D0 3EFF      CMDFND: MVI    A,EOL    ;CLEAR ANSWER
40D2 32365A      STA    MISCBF    ;
40D5 0A          LDAX   B        ;GET LOWER BYTE OF ADDRESS
40D6 5F          MOV    E,A        ;
40D7 03          INX    B        ;POINT TO LOWER BYTE
40D8 0A          LDAX   B        ;GET UPPER BYTE
40D9 57          MOV    D,A        ;

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40DA 7C          MOV     A,H      ;COMMAND EXPECTS FIRST LETTER IN A REG
40DB EB          XCHG    ; 
40DC E9          PCHL    ; 

; **** END OF COMMAND LEVEL ****

; ***** BEGINNING OF ASK *****

;       PRINT   ONE BYTE NOTE LEFT BY LAST COMMAND

40DD CDEE49      ASK:    CALL    SPACE
40E0 11365A      LXI    D,MISCBF
40E3 CD3F49      CALL    MSG
40E6 C9          RET

; **** END OF ASK ****

; ***** BEGINNING OF HELP *****

;       HELP

40E7 118051      HELP:   LXI    D,PHELP
40EA CD3F49      CALL    MSG
40ED C9          RET

; **** END OF HELP ****

; ***** BEGINNING OF GOTO *****

;       GOTO ROUTINE - STARTS EXECUTION IN MEMORY LOCATION

40EE CDD948      GOTO:   CALL    GHW    ;GET HEX WORD
40F1 DACC40      JC     ERRER   ;
40F4 CD5849      CALL    OKCK   ;
40F7 D8          RC     ;
40FB E5          PUSH   H
40F9 CD0C48      CALL    CRLF
40FC AF          XRA    A
40FD CDF247     CALL    CO
4100 CDF247     CALL    CO
4103 E1          POP    H
4104 E9          PCHL    ;           AND GO

; **** END OF GOTO ****

; ***** BEGINNING OF MEMTST *****

;       MEMTST: CALL    FROMTO      ;GET FROM AND TO ADDRESSES
4105 CD7B48      JC     ERRER   ;
4108 DACC40      XCHG    ;
410B EB          CALL    OKCK   ;CHECK WITH USER BEFORE STARTING
410C CD5849      JC     MTEND   ;
410F DA7741      MTO:   MOV    C,H      ;STOP AT XX?? WHERE XX-1 IS THE
4112 4C          INR    C       ;UPPER BYTE OF THE USERS TO ADDR
4113 0C          MVI    B,00H   ; ALSO USE OF COUNTER
4114 0600      PUSH   B
4116 C5          MVI    B,O     ;CLEAR B PATTERN MODIFIER
4117 0600      MT1:   MOV    H,D
4119 62          MOV    L,E

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411B 7D      MTFILL: MOV    A,L      ;LOW BYTE TO ACCUM.
411C AC      XRA    H      ;XOR WITH HIGH BYTE
411D A8      XRA    B      ;XOR WITH PATTERN
411E 77      MOV    M,A      ;STORE IN ADDR
411F 23      INX    H      ;INCREMENT ADDR
4120 7C      MOV    A,H      ;LOAD HIGH BYTE OF ADDR
4121 B9      CMP    C      ;COMPARE WITH STOP ADDR
4122 C21B41   JNZ    MTFILL     ;LOOP IF NOT DONE

;
; READ AND CHECK TEST DATA
;

4125 62      MOV    H,D      ;GET STARTING ADDR
4126 6B      MOV    L,E      ;GET LOW BYTE
4127 7D      MTTST: MOV    A,L      ;GET LOW BYTE
4128 AC      XRA    H      ;XOR WITH HIGH BYTE
4129 A8      XRA    B      ;XOR WITH MODIFIER
412A C5      PUSH   B      ;
412B 47      MOV    B,A      ;COMPARE WITH MEMORY LOCATION
412C 7E      MOV    A,M      ;ERRER EXIT
412D B8      CMP    B      ;
412E C25941   JNZ    MTFXIT    ;UPDATE MEMORY ADDRESS
4131 C1      POP    B      ;
4132 23      INX    H      ;GET HIGH BYTE
4133 7C      MOV    A,H      ;COMPARE WITH STOP ADDR
4134 B9      CMP    C      ;LOOP BACK
4135 C22741   JNZ    MTTST    ;GENERATE ((WIDTH+1)*4)-1
4138 3A015A   LDA    WIDTH    ; .
413B 37      STC    B      ;
413C 17      RAL    B      ;
413D 37      STC    B      ;
413E 17      RAL    B      ;
413F A0      ANA    B      ;CHECK FOR TIME FOR CRLF
4140 CC0C48   CZ     CRLF    ;CRLF IF RUNNING OUT OF LINE
4143 04      INR    B      ;UPDATE MODIFIER
4144 EB      XCHG   B      ;
4145 3E21   MVI    A,'!'  ;PRINT PASS DONE MESSAGE
4147 CDF247   CALL   CO     ;
414A EB      XCHG   B      ;
414B C1      POP    B      ;
414C 05      DCR    B      ;
414D C5      PUSH   B      ;
414E C21941   JNZ    MT1     ;RESTART WITH NEW MODIFIER
4151 C1      POP    B      ;
4152 112351   LXI    D,MTGOOD
4155 CD3F49   CALL   MSG    ;FOR 255 TIMES THEN TO CMDS
4158 C9      RET     B      ;PRINT ERRER ADDRESS
4159 113A51   MTFXIT: LXI    D,MTERR
415C CD3F49   CALL   MSG    ;
415F CD7849   CALL   PHW    ;
4162 115C51   LXI    D,MTREAD
4165 CD3F49   CALL   MSG    ;
4168 CD8349   CALL   PHB    ;
416B 115351   LXI    D,MTWR0T
416E CD3F49   CALL   MSG    ;
4171 78      MOV    A,B      ;
4172 CD8349   CALL   PHB    ;

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4175 C1          POP    B
4176 C1          POP    B

;
4177 C9          MTEND: RET           ;RETURN TO COMMAND LOOP
;
;
;*****END OF MEMTST*****
;
;*****BEGINNING OF TEST BOARD*****

4178 CD0C48      TSTBRD: CALL   CRLF      ;THIS ROUTINE ALLOWS THE
417B 115750      LXI    D,MTSBRD    ;USER TO DO A HARDWARE
417E CD3F49      CALL   MSG       ;CHECK OF THE PIAS AND
                                ;TIMER CHIPS
4181 3E77          MVI    A,77H
4183 D323          OUT   TIMCTL     ;TIMER 1
4185 3EB7          MVI    A,0B7H
4187 D323          OUT   TIMCTL     ;TIMER 2
4189 97            SUB    A          ;TO DIVIDE BY
418A D321          OUT   TIME1
418C D322          OUT   TIME2
418E 3E20          MVI    A,20H
4190 D321          OUT   TIME1
4192 D322          OUT   TIME2

4194 3E80          MVI    A,80H
4196 D313          OUT   PIACNTL    ;SET PIAA
4198 D343          OUT   PIBCNTL    ;AND PIAB TO
419A 3E30          MVI    A,30H
419C D323          OUT   TIMCTL
419E D310          LOOPA: OUT   PIAA      ;LOOP THROUGH
41A0 D312          OUT   PIAC      ; SHOULD APPEAR
                                ; AS STAIRSTEP ON
41A2 D341          OUT   PIAE      ;LOGIC ANALIZER
41A4 3C            INR    A
41A5 CD0E4A          CALL  HRTBEAT
41A8 C39E41          JMP   LOOPA     ;LOOP FOREVER

;*****END OF TEST BOARD *****

;*****BEGINNING OF MEMED*****
;
; MEMED - HEXADECIMAL MEMORY EDITOR
;
41AB 115350      MEMED: LXI    D,EDM2  ;PRINT "CR, LF, (" 
41AE CD3F49      CALL   MSG
;
41B1 CDD948          CALL  GHW
41B4 D2C041          JNC   OK      ;GET HEX WORD INTO HL, JUMP IF VALID
;
41B7 FE2F            CPI   '/'
41B9 C8            RZ      ''      ;BAD CHAR RECEIVED - WAS IT "/"
                                ;GO BACK TO COMMAND LEVEL IF SO
;
41BA CDAB49          CALL  PRBAD    ;PRINT "WHAT ?"
41BD C3AB41          JMP   MEMED    ;THEN TRY AGAIN

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```

41C0 CD3642    OK:     CALL    DISCON ;DISPLAY CONTENTS OF LOCATION
41C3 CDC941    CALL    EDIT    ;THEN BEGIN EDITING
41C6 C3AB41    JMP     MEMED  ;LOOP IF EDIT RETURNS
;
;      END    MEMED
;
;
;      ; GET EITHER A NEW HEX BYTE TO BE WRITTEN WHERE HL POINTS,
;      ; FOLLOWED BY ANOTHER COMMAND, OR JUST ANOTHER COMMAND.
;
41C9 CDF048    EDIT:   CALL    GHB    ;GET THE NEW HEX BYTE IF TYPED
41CC D2F441    JNC    EDBYTE ;GOOD BYTE TYPED - PUT IN MEMORY
41CF FE27      CPI    027H  ;DOES USER WANT LITERAL CHARACTER ?
41D1 CAEF41    JZ     EDLIT  ; YEP...
41D4 FE5E      CPI    '^'   ;DOES USER WANT CONTROL CHARACTER ?
41D6 C2FD41    JNZ    NEXT   ;NOPE...MUST BE COMMAND OR ERROR...
41D9 CDD247    CALL   CI    ;GET CHAR
41DC E67F      ANI    07FH  ;STRIP PARITY
41DE FE40      CPI    040H  ;SEE IF MAKES SENSE...
41E0 DA2042    JC     EDBAD  ;DUMMY
41E3 FE60      CPI    060H  ;FIGURE OUT WHAT TO SUBTRACT...
41E5 DAEA41    JC     EDUC   ;IS UPPER CASE...OK AS IS
41E8 D620      SUI    020H  ;LOWER CASE...MUST BE MOVED DOWN
41EA D640      EDUC:  SUI    040H  ;CONVERT TO CONTROL CHAR
41EC C3F441    JMP    EDBYTE ;
41EF CDD247    EDLIT: CALL   CI    ;GET CHAR
41F2 E67F      ANI    07FH  ;BETTER STRIP PARITY
41F4 77        EDBYTE: MOV   M,A   ;ELSE STORE IT IN MEMORY
41F5 CDEE49    CALL   SPACE  ;SPACE TO REINFORCE THAT ONCE TWO DIGITS
;      ; ARE ENTERED, LOCATION IS CHANGED.
41F8 CDD247    CALL   CI    ;AND GET ANOTHER CHAR & ECHO IT
41FB E67F      ANI    7FH   ;KILL TOP BIT
41FD FE0D      NEXT:  CPI    CR    ;CARRIAGE RETURN?
41FF C20642    JNZ    E1    H
4202 23        INX    H
4203 C32342    JMP    PR    ;YES- PRINT NEXT LOCATION
4206 FE20      E1:   CPI    '.'  ;OR BLANK
4208 C20F42    JNZ    E2    H
420B 23        INX    H
420C C32342    JMP    PR    ;YES- DO THE SAME
420F FE2E      E2:   CPI    '.'  ;PERIOD?
4211 CA2342    JZ     PR    ;PRINT CURRENT LOCATION
4214 FE2D      E3:   CPI    '-'  ;DASH?
4216 C21D42    JNZ    E4    H
4219 2B        DCX    H
421A C32342    JMP    PR    ;YES - PRINT PREVIOUS LOCATION
421D FE2F      E4:   CPI    '/'  ;SLASH?
421F C8        RZ    ;EDIT ALL DONE IF SO
4220 CDAB49    EDBAD: CALL   PRBAD ;IF NONE OF THE ABOVE, PRINT "WHAT ?"
4223 CD2942    PR:    CALL   DISMEM ;DISPLAY THE NEW CURRENT MEMORY LOCATION
4226 C3C941    JMP    EDIT   ;AND LOOP

;      ; PRINT CR, LF THEN AN ( FOLLOWED BY THE CONTENTS OF HL IN HEX.

4229 115350    DISMEM: LXI   D,EDM2 ;DO CR,LF, "("

```

```

422C CD3F49      CALL    MSG
422F CD7849      CALL    PHW
4232 CD3642      CALL    DISCON
4235 C9          RET
; **** DISCON ****
;
; PRINT ') = ' FOLLOWED BY THE CONTENTS OF THE MEMORY LOC.
; POINTED TO BY HL
;
4236 114E50      DISCON: LXI    D,EDM1  ;
4239 CD3F49      CALL    MSG    ;
423C 7E          MOV     A,M    ;GET CONTENTS OF MEM LOC.
423D CD8349      CALL    PHB    ;PRINT IT
4240 114F50      LXI    D,EDM3  ;
4243 CD3F49      CALL    MSG    ;
4246 E5          PUSH   H     ;SAVE ADDRESS
4247 CD4548      CALL    DISASC ;CONVERT TO PRINTABLE
424A 7C          MOV     A,H    ;PRINT ' ' OR '^'
424B CDF247     CALL    CO    ;
424E 7D          MOV     A,L    ;PRINT CHARACTER
424F CDF247     CALL    CO    ;
4252 E1          POP    H    ;
4253 CDEE49      CALL    SPACE  ;
4256 C9          RET
;
;*****END OF MEMED*****
;
;*****BEGINNING OF LOADER*****
;
; HEX-FORMAT LOADER
; NOTE: RECORD LENGTH = 00 TAKEN AS EOF
4257 CDA048      LOADER: CALL   GBIAS  ;GET BIAS
425A DACC40      JC     ERRER  ;BAD CHAR - QUIT
425D 22025A      SHLD   BIAS   ;STORE BIAS
4260 CD5849      CALL   OKCK   ;CHECK WITH USER BEFORE JUMPING
4263 D8          RC    ;
4264 3A005A      LDA    ECHOFL ;SAVE ECHO FLAG
4267 32385A      STA    MISCBF+2;MISCBF & MISCBF+1 USED BY ANSWER
426A 3E11          MVI   A,XON  ;START DATA COMING
426C 32005A      STA    ECHOFL ;NON-ZERO VALUE (XON) TURNS OFF ECHO
426F CDF247     CALL   CO    ;
4272 CD9642      LOAD1: CALL   GETREC ;READ IN ONE REC, (A) = RECORD LENGTH
4275 B7          ORA    A     ;SET Z-FLAG ON RECORD LENGTH
4276 3E47          MVI   A,'G'  ;ANSWER TO QUESTION = GOOD
4278 CA8242      JZ    DONE   ;IF LENGTH = 0 THEN DONE
427B 7A          MOV    A,D    ;(D) = ERRER FLAG ON GETREC RETURN
427C B7          ORA    A     ;SEE IF THE "ERRER" FLAG IS NON-ZERO.
427D CA7242      JZ    LOAD1 ;IF NOT, GO DO NEXT RECORD
4280 3E42          MVI   A,'B'  ;STORE "BAD" FLAG IN ANSWER TO QUESTION
4282 32365A      DONE: STA    MISCBF ;STORE GOOD/BAD STRING
4285 3EFF          MVI   A,EOL  ;
4287 32375A      STA    MISCBF+1; .
428A 3A385A      LDA    MISCBF+2;RESTORE ECHO FLAG
428D 32005A      STA    ECHOFL ; .
4290 3E13          MVI   A,XOFF ;STOP FURTHER OUTPUT
4292 CDF247     CALL   CO    ;

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4295 C9          RET          ;RETURN TO COMMAND LEVEL
;
;      END      LOADER
;
;
;      *** GETREC *** READ IN ONE RECORD
;
4296 CDB742      GETREC: CALL    FNDRMK ;SKIP TO RECORD MARK
;
4299 CDD142      CALL    LGHB    ;GET THE RECORD LENGTH
429C 4F          MOV     C,A     ; INTO THE C REG.
429D CDD142      CALL    LSHB    ;GET LOAD ADDRESS FIELD INTO H & L
42A0 67          MOV     H,A     ;
42A1 CDD142      CALL    LGHB    ;
42A4 6F          MOV     L,A     ;
42A5 D5          PUSH   D       ;SAVE D&E
42A6 EB          XCHG   ;           ;
42A7 2A025A      LHLD   BIAS    ;ADD BIAS
42AA 19          DAD    D       ;
42AB D1          POP    D       ;RESTORE D&E
42AC CDD142      CALL    LGHB    ;GET THE RECORD-TYPE BYTE AND IGNORE
42AF CDC442      CALL    DATA    ;PUT THE NEXT (C) BYTES INTO MEMORY
                                ;STARTING WHERE HL POINTS
                                ;READ THE CHECKSUM BYTE
42B2 CDD142      CALL    LGHB    ;PUT THE RECORD LENGTH BACK INTO A REG.
42B5 79          MOV     A,C     ;RETURN FROM GETREC. (D) CONTAINS THE
                                ;SUM OFF ALL HEX BYTES READ, AND SO
                                ;IS EFFECTIVELY AN ERROR FLAG
;
;      END      GETREC
;
;
;      *** FNDRMK *** - FIND RECORD MARK
;                          IGNORES ALL TEXT UNTIL ":" FOUND, THEN RET
;
42B7 CDD247      FNDRMK: CALL    CI      ;GET CHARACTER
42BA E67F          ANI    07FH    ;STRIP OFF 8TH BIT
42BC FE3A          CPI    ':'
42BE C2B742      JNZ    FNDRMK ;NOT RECORD MARK - GET NEXT CHAR
42C1 1600          MVI    D,0     ;CLEAR D REGISTER (ERROR ACCUMULATOR)
42C3 C9          RET
;
;      END      FNDRMK
;
;      *** DATA *** - INPUT ALL DATA BYTES
;                          (C) = NUMBER OF BYTES TO READ IN
;                          (D) = ERROR FLAG ACCUMULATOR MAINTAINED BY LGHB
;
42C4 41          DATA:  MOV     B,C     ;COPY C REG. TO B
42C5 78          LOOP:  MOV     A,B     ;GET REMAINING BYTE COUNT
42C6 B7          ORA    A       ;GET FLAGS
42C7 C8          RZ     ;RETURN FROM SUBR. IF NONE LEFT
42C8 05          DCR    B       ;ELSE DECREMENT B REG.
42C9 CDD142      CALL    LGHB    ;GET BYTE FROM DATA FIELD
42CC 77          MOV     M,A     ;STORE IN MEMORY
42CD 23          DATA1: INX   H       ;BUMP POINTER
42CE C3C542      JMP    LOOP    ;GO BACK FOR NEXT CHAR.

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```

;           END      DATA

;
; *** LGHB *** - LOADER GET HEX BYTE
;                   SAME AS GHB EXCEPT ADDS BYTE GOTTEN TO ERRER
;                   ACCUMULATOR IN D REGISTER
;

42D1 CDF048    LGHB:   CALL    GHB      ;GET BYTE
42D4 F5          PUSH    PSW      ;SAVE BYTE
42D5 82          ADD     D       ;ADD TO (D)
42D6 57          MOV     D,A      ;PUT SUM IN D-REG
42D7 F1          POP     PSW      ;RESTORE BYTE
42D8 C9          RET      ; 

;
;           END      LGHB

;
;*****END OF LOADER*****
;
;*****BEGINNING OF DUMP*****
;
; DUMP1 IS AN ENTRY POINT FOR EXTERNAL USE OF ROUTINE
;

42D9 CD7B48    DUMP:   CALL    FROMTO ;GET BEGINNING ADDRESS AND BYTE COUNT
42DC DACC40        JC     ERRER ;NON HEX CHAR TYPED - WHAT ?? ? ?? ?
42DF CD5B49        CALL    OKCK   ;CHECK WITH USER BEFORE CONTINUING
42E2 DB          RC      ;
42E3 3A015A    DUMP1:  LDA     WIDTH   ;GET WIDTH
42E6 47          MOV     B,A      ;
42E7 2F          CMA      ;ROUND DOWN STARTING ADDRESS
42E8 A5          ANA     L       ;
42E9 6F          MOV     L,A      ;
42EA 7B          MOV     A,E      ;ROUND UP ENDING ADDRESS
42EB B0          ORA     B       ;
42EC 5F          MOV     E,A      ;
42ED E5          PUSH    H       ;D&E=START-ENDING-1
42EE CDF649    CALL    SUB16   ;
42F1 2B          DCX    H       ;
42F2 D1          POP     D       ;
42F3 EB          XCHG   ;
42F4 CD0C48    CALL    CRLF   ;GO TO NEW LINE
42F7 CD7B49    CALL    PHW    ;PRINT MEMORY ADDRESS
42FA E5          PUSH    H       ;PUT RAM ADDRESS ON STACK
42FB 21365A    LXI    H,MISCBF ;GET BUFFER ADDRESS
42FE E3          XTHL   ;PUT BUFFER ADDRESS ON STACK
;               ;GET RAM ADDRESS OFF

;
; AT THIS POINT TOP OF STACK HAS BUFFER ADDRESS
; H&L HAS RAM ADDRESS
;

42FF 7E          DI1:   MOV     A,M      ;GET BYTE
4300 23          INX    H       ;POINT TO NEXT BYTE IN RAM
4301 CDEE49    CALL    SPACE   ;
4304 CD8349    CALL    PHB    ;PRINT BYTE IN HEX
4307 E67F    ANI    07FH   ;STRIP PARITY
4309 FE20    CPI    020H   ;CHECK FOR PRINTABLE

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430B DA1343      JC    DI3      ;NOT PRINTABLE - PRINT '.'
430E FE7F      DI2:  CPI    07FH   ;MAY BE PRINTABLE - CHECK FOR RUBOUT
4310 C21543      JNZ    DI4      ;NOPE..OK
4313 3E2E      DI3:  MVI    A,'.' ;NOT PRINTABLE - REPLACE WITH SPACE
4315 E3       DI4:  XTHL   ;GET BUFFER ADDRESS
4316 77       MOV    M,A    ;PUT CHAR OR SPACE IN BUFFER
4317 23       INX    H     ;
4318 E3       XTHL   ;PUT BUFFER ADDRESS BACK
4319 13       INX    D     ;DECREMENT COUNT OF NUMBER OF BYTES LEFT
431A 7D       MOV    A,L    ;
431B A0       ANA    B     ;END OF LINE - PRINT ASCII AND CRLF
431C C2FF42      JNZ    DI1      ;KEEP GOING IF NOT AT END OF LINE
431F E3       DMPLIN: XTHL   ;GET BUFFER ADDRESS
4320 36FF      MVI    M,EOL   ;TERMINATE STRING
4322 21365A      LXI    H,MISCBF;POINT BACK TO START OF BUFFER
4325 E3       XTHL   ;PUT BUFFER ADDRESS BACK ON STACK
4326 CDEE49      CALL   SPACE   ;SPACE OVER A COUPLE
4329 CDEE49      CALL   SPACE   ;
432C D5       PUSH   D     ;
432D 11365A      LXI    D,MISCBF;POINT TO BEGINNING OF ASCII BUFFER
4330 CD3F49      CALL   MSG    ;PRINT ASCII BUFFER
4333 D1       POP    D     ;
4334 7B       MOV    A,E    ;
4335 B2       ORA    D     ;
4336 CA4243      JZ    DMPEND  ;DONE
4339 CD0C48      CALL   CRLF   ;
433C CD7849      CALL   PHW    ;PRINT MEMORY ADDRESS
433F C3FF42      JMP    DI1    ;
4342 E1       DMPEND: POP    H     ;CLEAN OFF STACK
4343 3EFF      MVI    A,EOL   ;CLEAR ANSWER...
4345 32365A      STA    MISCBF  ;
4348 C9       RET    ;;

;
;*****END OF DUMP*****
;

;
;*****BEGINNING OF IOPORT*****
;

; IO - I/O PORT MANIPULATION
;

4349 CDF048      IOPORT: CALL   GHB    ;GET PORT NUMBER
434C DACC40      JC    ERRER  ;
434F 32385A      STA    MISCBF+2 ;DON'T TROMP ON EOL
4352 3EC9      MVI    A,0C9H   ;STORE RETURN
4354 32395A      STA    MISCBF+3  ;
4357 CDEE49      CALL   SPACE   ;
435A CDD247      CALL   CI     ;GET IOPORT COMMAND
435D CD024A      CALL   UCASE  ;STRIP PARITY
4360 CDEE49      CALL   SPACE   ;
4363 FE52       CPI    'R'    ;IF NOT R, CHECK OTHERS
4365 C26C43      JNZ    IOP1   ;
4368 CD7E43      CALL   IOPR   ;IOPORT READ ROUTINE
436B C9       RET    ;
436C FE57      IOP1:  CPI    'W'    ;IF NOT W, CHECK M
436E C27543      JNZ    IOP2   ;
4371 CD9E43      CALL   IOPW   ;IOPORT WRITE ROUTINE
4374 C9       RET    ;

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4375 FE4D     IOP2:   CPI    'M'          ;IF NOT M, THEN WHAT DO
4377 C2CC40     JNZ    ERRER        ; YOU WANT ?
437A CDB943     CALL   IOPM         ;IOPORT MONITOR ROUTINE
437D C9         RET               ;
;           END    IOPORT        ;MAIN PROGRAM
;
;           ; IOPR - IOPORT READ SUBCOMMAND
;
437E 3EDB     IOPR:   MVI    A,0DBH       ;STORE "IN" INST
4380 32375A     STA    MISCBF+1      ;
4383 CD375A     CALL   MISCBF+1      ;GET BYTE FROM PORT
4386 11EB50     LXI    D,IOPDA       ;PRINT 'DATA='
4389 CD3F49     CALL   MSG            ;
438C CD8349     CALL   PHB            ;PRINT BYTE IN HEX
438F CDEE49     CALL   SPACE          ;
4392 CD4548     CALL   DISASC         ;PRINT BYTE IN ASCII
4395 7C         MOV    A,H            ;
4396 CDF247     CALL   CO             ;
4399 7D         MOV    A,L            ;
439A CDF247     CALL   CO             ;
439D C9         RET               ;
;
;           ; IOPW - IOPORT WRITE COMMAND
;
439E 11EB50     IOPW:   LXI    D,IOPDA       ;PRINT 'DATA='
43A1 CD3F49     CALL   MSG            ;
43A4 CDF048     CALL   GHB            ;
43A7 DACC40     JC    ERRER         ;BAD CHAR TYPED...
43AA CD5849     CALL   OKCK          ;CHECK TO BE SURE
43AD D8         RC               ;MUST HAVE GOOFED...
43AE F5         PUSH  PSW           ;SAVE DATA
43AF 3ED3     MVI    A,0D3H       ;STORE "OUT" INST
43B1 32375A     STA    MISCBF+1      ;
43B4 F1         POP    PSW           ;GET DATA BACK
43B5 CD375A     CALL   MISCBF+1      ;WRITE DATA
43B8 C9         RET               ;
;
;           ; IOPM - IOPORT MONITOR COMMAND
;
43B9 11EF50     IOPM:   LXI    D,IOPMM       ;PRINT '@ 50MS * '
43BC CD3F49     CALL   MSG            ;
43BF CDF048     CALL   GHB            ;
43C2 DACC40     JC    ERRER         ;BAD CHAR...
43C5 CD5849     CALL   OKCK          ;GIVE ESCAPE A CHANCE...
43C8 D8         RC               ;
43C9 4F         MOV    C,A           ;WOULD YOU BELIEVE C FOR COUNTER?
43CA CDOC4B     CALL   CRLF          ;
43CD 3EDB     MVI    A,0DBH       ;STORE "IN" INST
43CF 32375A     STA    MISCBF+1      ;
43D2 1600     MVI    D,0            ;
43D4 CD375A     IOPM1:  CALL   MISCBF+1      ;GET BYTE FROM PORT
43D7 CD8349     CALL   PHB            ;PRINT BYTE IN HEX
43DA CDEE49     CALL   SPACE          ;
43DD CD4548     CALL   DISASC         ;PRINT BYTE IN ASCII
43E0 7C         MOV    A,H            ;
43E1 CDF247     CALL   CO             ;

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43E4 7D      MOV    A,L          ;
43E5 CDF247   CALL   C0          ;
43E8 11F950   LXI    D,IOPSM     ;PRINT ', '
43EB CD3F49   CALL   MSG         ;
43EE 41      MOV    B,C         ;WAIT (C)*50MS
43EF 04      INR    B          ;CHECK FOR ZERO
43F0 05      IOPM2: DCR    B      ;
43F1 CAFA43   JZ    IOPM3       ;
43F4 CD1548   CALL   D50MS      ;
43F7 C3F043   JMP    IOPM2       ;
43FA 14      IOPM3: INR    D      ;CHECK TO SEE IF IT IS TIME
43FB 3A015A   LDA    WIDTH       ;FOR A ROUSING ROUND OF CRLF
43FE B7      ORA    A          ;CLEAR CARRY
43FF 1F      RAR    D          ;CUT DOWN ONE
4400 A2      ANA    D          ;
4401 CC0048   CZ    CRLF       ;
4404 C3D443   JMP    IOPM1       ;
;
;*****END OF IO PORT COMMAND*****
;
;***** BEGINNING OF ULTRASONIC ROUTINE ****
;*****



4407 CD0E4A   USFNT: CALL   HRTBEAT    ;RELOAD HEARTBEAT
440A 3E00      MVI    A,00H        ;
440C D340      OUT   PIAD        ;RESET INIT LINE ON SONICS
440E D322      OUT   TIME2       ;ZERO MSB OF COUNT
4410 D322      OUT   TIME2       ;LSB OF COUNT
4412 3E01      MVI    A,01H        ;
4414 D340      OUT   PIAD        ;SEND OUT SONIC BOOM
4416 115000   LXI    D,0050H     ;DELAY FOR < 1 MILLISEC.
4419 CD8747   CALL   DELAYD      ;OFF TO DELAY
441C 3E03      MVI    A,03H        ;SEND OUT BLANK INHIBIT
441E D340      OUT   PIAD        ;BUT KEEP BOOM HIGH
4420 3A125A   LOOPD: LDA    MAXFNT    ;GET MAX FRONT DIST.
4423 47      MOV    B,A        ;
4424 CD4445   CALL   CNTCK      ;FIND OUT HOW LONG
4427 7C      MOV    A,H        ;
4428 B8      CMP    B          ;BOOM HAS BEEN GONE
4429 DA3744   JC    NEXTA      ;IF SO FORGET IT
442C 3E00      MVI    A,00H        ;
442E D340      OUT   PIAD        ;RESET EVERYTHING
4430 210000   LXI    H,0000H     ;CLEAR DIST.
4433 22105A   SHLD  FNTDST    ;
4436 C9      RET             ;

4437 DB42      NEXTA: IN    PIAF        ;TEST FOR BOOM
4439 E601      ANI    01H        ;MASK OFF DIRECTION
443B FE01      CPI    01H        ;TEST FOR DIRECTION
443D C22044   JNZ    LOOPD      ;IF NOT BOOM THEN WAIT
4440 3E00      MVI    A,00H        ;
4442 D340      OUT   PIAD        ;RESET INIT LINE
4444 CD4445   CALL   CNTCK      ;GET COUNTER IN HL
4447 CD5345   CALL   BEEP       ;
444A CD5345   CALL   BEEP       ;

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444D CD7245      CALL    FNDDT      ;FIND DISTANCE
4450 22105A      SHLD    FNTDST     ; STORE AS FRONT
4453 C9          RET

4454 CD0E4A      USBACK: CALL    HRTBEAT   ;RELOAD HEARTBEAT
4457 3EB0          MVI    A,0B0H     ;INITIALIZE 8253 COUNTER
4459 D323          OUT    TIMCTL    ;TIMER2 BINARY COUNT MODE 0
445B 3E00          MVI    A,00H
445D D340          OUT    PIAD      ;RESET INIT LINE ON SONICS
445F D322          OUT    TIME2      ;ZERO MSB OF COUNT
4461 D322          OUT    TIME2      ;      LSB OF COUNT
4463 3E04          MVI    A,04H
4465 D340          OUT    PIAD      ;SEND OUT SONIC BOOM
4467 115000        LXI    D,0050H   ;DELAY FOR < 1 MILLISEC.
446A CD8747        CALL   DELAYD    ; OFF TO DELAY
446D 3E0C          MVI    A,0CH     ;SEND OUT BLANK INHIBIT
446F D340          OUT    PIAD      ; BUT KEEP BOOM HIGH
4471 3A155A        LOOPF: LDA    MAXBAK   ;GET MAX BACK DIST.
4474 47            MOV    B,A
4475 CD4445        CALL   CNTCK    ;FIND OUT HOW LONG
4478 7C            MOV    A,H
4479 88            CMP    B
447A DAB844        JC    NEXTB    ; BOOM HAS BEEN GONE
447D 3E00          MVI    A,00H     ; IF SO FORGET IT
447F D340          OUT    PIAD      ;RESET EVERYTHING
4481 210000        LXI    H,0000H
4484 22135A        SHLD   BAKDST
4487 C9          RET

4488 DB42          NEXTB: IN     PIAF      ;TEST FOR BOOM
448A E602          ANI    02H
448C FE02          CPI    02H
448E C27144        JNZ    LOOPF    ;TEST FOR DIRECTION
4491 3E00          MVI    A,00H     ;IF NOT BOOM THEN WAIT
4493 D340          OUT    PIAD      ;RESET INIT LINE
4495 CD4445        CALL   CNTCK    ;SET COUNTER IN HL
4498 CD5345        CALL   BEEP
449B CD5345        CALL   BEEP
449E CD7245        CALL   FNDDT      ;FIND DISTANCE
44A1 22135A        SHLD   BAKDST   ;AND STORE AS
44A4 C9          RET      ;BACK DIST.

44A5 CD0E4A        USRT: CALL   HRTBEAT   ;RELOAD HEARTBEAT
44A8 3EB0          MVI    A,0B0H     ;INITIALIZE 8253 COUNTER
44AA D323          OUT    TIMCTL    ;TIMER2 BINARY COUNT MODE 0
44AC 3E00          MVI    A,00H
44AE D340          OUT    PIAD      ;RESET INIT LINE ON SONICS
44B0 D322          OUT    TIME2      ;ZERO MSB OF COUNT
44B2 D322          OUT    TIME2      ;      LSB OF COUNT
44B4 3E10          MVI    A,10H
44B6 D340          OUT    PIAD      ;SEND OUT SONIC BOOM
44B8 115000        LXI    D,0050H   ;DELAY FOR < 1 MILLISEC.
44BB CD8747        CALL   DELAYD    ; OFF TO DELAY
44BE 3E30          MVI    A,30H     ;SEND OUT BLANK INHIBIT
44C0 D340          OUT    PIAD      ; BUT KEEP BOOM HIGH
44C2 3A185A        LOOPH: LDA   MAXRT   ;GET MAX RIGHT DIST.

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44C5 47          MOV    B,A
44C6 CD4445      CALL   CNTCK ;FIND OUT HOW LONG
44C9 7C          MOV    A,H
44CA B8          CMP    B      ; BOOM HAS BEEN GONE
44CB DAD944      JC    NEXTC ; IF SO FORGET IT
44CE 3E00        MVI    A,00H
44D0 D340        OUT   PIAD ;RESET EVERYTHING
44D2 210000      LXI    H,0000H
44D5 22165A      SHLD   RTDST
44D8 C9          RET

44D9 DB42        NEXTC: IN    PIAF ;TEST FOR BOOM
44DB E604        ANI    04H ;MASK OFF DIRECTION
44DD FE04        CPI    04H ;TEST FOR DIRECTION
44DF C2C244      JNZ    LOOPH ;IF NOT BOOM THEN WAIT
44E2 3E00        MVI    A,00H
44E4 D340        OUT   PIAD ;RESET INIT LINE
44E6 CD4445      CALL   CNTCK ;GET COUNTER IN HL
44E9 CD5345      CALL   BEEP
44EC CD7245      CALL   FNDDT ;GET DISTANCE
44EF 22165A      SHLD   RTDST ;STORE AS RIGHT
44F2 C9          RET

44F3 CD0E4A      USLFT: CALL   HRTBEAT ;RELOAD HEARTBEAT
44F6 3EB0        MVI    A,0B0H ;INITIALIZE 8253 COUNTER
44F8 D323        OUT   TIMCTL ;TIMER2 BINARY COUNT MODE 0
44FA 3E00        MVI    A,00H
44FC D340        OUT   PIAD ;RESET INIT LINE ON SONICS
44FE D322        OUT   TIME2 ;ZERO MSB OF COUNT
4500 D322        OUT   TIME2 ;      LSB OF COUNT
4502 3E40        MVI    A,40H
4504 D340        OUT   PIAD ;SEND OUT SONIC BOOM
4506 115000      LXI    D,0050H ;DELAY FOR < 1 MILLISEC.
4509 CD8747      CALL   DELAYD ; OFF TO DELAY
450C 3EC0        MVI    A,0COH ;SEND OUT BLANK INHIBIT
450E D340        OUT   PIAD ; BUT KEEP BOOM HIGH
4510 3A1B5A      LOOPJ: LDA    MAXLFT ;GET MAX LEFT DIST.
4513 47          MOV    B,A
4514 CD4445      CALL   CNTCK ;FIND OUT HOW LONG
4517 7C          MOV    A,H
4518 B8          CMP    B      ; IF GREATER
4519 DA2745      JC    NEXTD ; IF SO FORGET IT
451C 3E00        MVI    A,00H
451E D340        OUT   PIAD ;RESET EVERYTHING
4520 210000      LXI    H,0000H
4523 22195A      SHLD   LFTDST
4526 C9          RET

4527 DB42        NEXTD: IN    PIAF ;TEST FOR BOOM
4529 E608        ANI    0BH ;MASK OFF DIRECTION
452B FE08        CPI    0BH ;TEST FOR DIRECTION
452D C21045      JNZ    LOOPJ ;IF NOT BOOM THEN WAIT
4530 3E00        MVI    A,00H
4532 D340        OUT   PIAD ;RESET INIT LINE
4534 CD4445      CALL   CNTCK ;GET COUNTER IN HL
4537 CD5345      CALL   BEEP

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453A CD5345      CALL    BEEP
453D CD7245      CALL    FNDDT      ;GET DISTANCE
4540 22195A      SHLD    LFTDST     ;STORE AS LEFT
4543 C9          RET

4544 F5          CNTCK: PUSH   PSW
4545 3E80          MVI    A,80H
4547 D323          OUT    TIMCTL    ;LATCH CURRENT COUNT
4549 DB22          IN     TIME2     ;GET LSB
454B 2F          CMA
454C 6F          MOV    L,A       ; FLIP IT TO REAL TIME
454D DB22          IN     TIME2    ;GET MSB
454F 2F          CMA
4550 67          MOV    H,A       ; FLIP TO REAL TIME
4551 F1          POP    PSW
4552 C9          RET

4553 3A205A      BEEP:   LDA    MENCTRL   ;GET SOUND FLAG
4556 E602          ANI    SONOFF    ;MASK TO SEE IF SOUND ON
4558 FE02          CPI    SONOFF    ; IS IT ON ?
455A C0          RNZ
455B 3E40          MVI    A,40H
455D D342          OUT    PIAF      ;TURN ON TONE
455F 54          MOV    D,H       ;DELAY FOR
4560 5D          MOV    E,L       ; DIST.COUNT
4561 CD8747      CALL    DELAYD    ;WAIT FOR IT
4564 3EC0          MVI    A,OC0H    ;CHANGE TONE
4566 D342          OUT    PIAF
4568 54          MOV    D,H       ;DELAY FOR
4569 5D          MOV    E,L       ;DIST COUNT
456A CD8747      CALL    DELAYD
456D 3E00          MVI    A,00H    ;NOW TURN EVERYTHING OFF
456F D342          OUT    PIAF
4571 C9          RET

4572 11F000      FNDDT: LXI    D,00FOH   ;COUNT TO DIST. RATIO
4575 01FFFF      LXI    B,0FFFH    ; ZERO BC
4578 03          LOOPM: INX    B
4579 CDF649      CALL    SUB16    ;HL=HL-DE
457C D27845      JNC    LOOPM    ;DONE YET?
457F 69          MOV    L,C       ;MOVE BC TO HL
4580 60          MOV    H,B
4581 C9          RET

4582 3A205A      ULTRA:  LDA    MENCTRL   ;GET MENU CONTROL WORD
4585 E604          ANI    RONOFF    ;MASK TO SEE IF RANGING ON
4587 FE04          CPI    RONOFF    ;
4589 C0          RNZ
458A DB11          IN     PIAB      ;GET +5 VOLT DATA (LOOP) FROM CONN.
458C E608          ANI    FUSLOOP   ;MASK TO GET FRONT CONNECTOR STATUS
458E FE08          CPI    FUSLOOP   ;AFTER COMPARE, Z SET = CONNECTED
4590 CA9B45      JZ     FUSOK     ;CONTINUE IF CONNECTED
4593 3E20          MVI    A,FUSLED  ;GET DATA TO LIGHT FRONT US ERROR LED
4595 CDF04A      CALL    SETERR   ;LIGHT THE FRONT US ERROR LED
4598 C3C945      JMP    ULTRA1    ;CLEAR LED ERROR
459B 3E20          FUSOK: MVI    A,FUSLED

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459D CD0FC4A      CALL    CLRERR          ;
45A0 CD0744      CALL    USFNT           ;ULTRASONIC RANGING FRONT
45A3 2A1C5A      LHLD    TIMDLY          ; DELAY FOR SCAN
45A6 EB           XCHG
45A7 CD08747     CALL    DELAYD
45AA 2A105A      LHLD    FNTDST          ;MAX FRONT DIST.
45AD 7C           MOV     A,H
45AE B5           ORA     L
45AF FE00           CPI    00H           ;IF GREATER THAN MAX
45B1 CAC945      JZ     ULTRA1          ; THEN FORGET IT
45B4 113555      LXI    D,FNTMSG        ; PRINT RANGE DIST.
45B7 CD3F49       CALL    MSG             ; MESSAGE
45BA CD07849     CALL    PHW             ; AND FRONT DIST. VALUE
45BD CD0C48       CALL    CRLF
45C0 7D           MOV     A,L           ;CHECK FOR UNSAFE DIST
45C1 FE0C           CPI    USSTOP         ;IF GREATER THEN ULTRA STOP
45C3 D2C945      JNC    ULTRA1          ; THEN CONT.
45C6 CDEB4B      CALL    STOP            ; IF LESS STOP
45C9 DB11           ULTRA1: IN    PIAB
45CB E610           ANI    BUSLOOP        ;MASK TO GET BACK CONNECTOR STATUS
45CD FE10           CPI    BUSLOOP        ;AFTER COMPARE, Z SET = CONNECTED
45CF CADA45      JZ     BUSOK           ;CONTINUE IF CONNECTED
45D2 3E10           MVI    A,BUSLED        ;GET DATA TO LIGHT BACK US ERROR LED
45D4 CD0F04A      CALL    SETERR          ;LIGHT THE BACK US ERROR LED
45D7 C30846      JMP    ULTRA2
45DA 3E10           BUSOK: MVI    A,BUSLED        ;GET DATA TO CLEAR BACK US ERROR LED
45DC CD0FC4A      CALL    CLRERR
45DF CD05444     CALL    USBACK          ;ULTRASONIC RANGE BACK
45E2 2A1C5A      LHLD    TIMDLY          ; DELAY FOR SCAN
45E5 EB           XCHG
45E6 CD08747     CALL    DELAYD
45E9 2A135A      LHLD    BAKDST          ;MAX BACK DIST.
45EC 7C           MOV     A,H
45ED B5           ORA     L
45EE FE00           CPI    00H           ;IF GREATER THAN MAX
45F0 CA0846      JZ     ULTRA2          ;THEN FORGET IT
45F3 113E55      LXI    D,BAKMSG        ; PRINT RANGE DIST.
45F6 CD3F49       CALL    MSG             ; MESSAGE
45F9 CD07849     CALL    PHW             ; AND FRONT DIST. VALUE
45FC CD0C48       CALL    CRLF
45FF 7D           MOV     A,L           ;CHECK FOR UNSAFE DIST
4600 FE0C           CPI    USSTOP         ;IF GREATER THEN ULTRA STOP
4602 D20846      JNC    ULTRA2          ; THEN CONT.
4605 CDEB4B      CALL    STOP            ; IF LESS STOP
4608 DB11           ULTRA2: IN    PIAB
460A E620           ANI    RUSLOOP        ;MASK TO GET RIGHT CONNECTOR STATUS
460C FE20           CPI    RUSLOOP        ;AFTER COMPARE, Z SET = CONNECTED
460E CA1946      JZ     RUSOK           ;CONTINUE IF CONNECTED
4611 3E08           MVI    A,RUSLED        ;GET DATA TO LIGHT RIGHT US ERROR LED
4613 CD0F04A      CALL    SETERR          ;LIGHT THE RIGHT US ERROR LED
4616 C34746      JMP    ULTRA3
4619 3E08           RUSOK: MVI    A,RUSLED        ;GET DATA TO CLEAR RIGHT US ERROR LED
461B CD0FC4A      CALL    CLRERR
461E CDA544       CALL    USRT
4621 2A1C5A      LHLD    TIMDLY          ; DELAY FOR SCAN
4624 EB           XCHG

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4625 CD8747    CALL  DELAYD
4628 2A165A    LHLD  RTDST      ;MAX RIGHT DIST.
462B 7C         MOV   A,H
462C B5         ORA   L
462D FE00         CPI  OOH      ;IF GREATER THAN MAX
462F CA4746    JZ   ULTRA3     ;THEN FORGET IT
4632 114655    LXI  D,RTMSG    ;PRINT RANGE DIST.
4635 CD3F49    CALL  MSG       ;MESSAGE
4638 CD7849    CALL  PHW       ;AND FRONT DIST. VALUE
463B CD0C48    CALL  CRLF
463E 7D         MOV   A,L      ;CHECK FOR UNSAFE DIST
463F FE0C         CPI  USSTOP    ;IF GREATER THEN ULTRA STOP
4641 D24746    JNC  ULTRA3     ;THEN CONT.
4644 CDEB4B    CALL  STOP      ;IF LESS STOP
4647 DB11         ULTRA3: IN  PIAB
4649 E640         ANI  LUSLOOP   ;MASK TO GET LEFT CONNECTOR STATUS
464B FE40         CPI  LUSLOOP   ;AFTER COMPARE, Z SET = CONNECTED
464D CA5B46    JZ   LUSOK      ;CONTINUE IF CONNECTED
4650 3E04         MVI  A,LUSLED  ;GET DATA TO LIGHT LEFT US ERROR LED
4652 CDF04A    CALL  SETERR    ;LIGHT THE LEFT US ERROR LED
4655 C38646    JMP  ULTRA4
4658 3E04         LUSOK: MVI  A,LUSLED  ;GET DATA TO CLEAR RIGHT US ERROR LED
465A CDFC4A    CALL  CLRERR
465D CDF344    CALL  USLFT      ;ULTRASONIC RANGE LEFT
4660 2A1C5A    LHLD  TIMDLY    ;DELAY FOR SCAN DELAY
4663 EB         XCHG
4664 CD8747    CALL  DELAYD
4667 2A195A    LHLD  LFTDST    ;MAX LEFT DIST.
466A 7C         MOV   A,H
466B B5         ORA   L
466C FE00         CPI  OOH      ;IF GREATER THAN MAX
466E CAB646    JZ   ULTRA4     ;THEN FORGET IT
4671 114F55    LXI  D,LFTMSG    ;PRINT RANGE DIST.
4674 CD3F49    CALL  MSG       ;MESSAGE
4677 CD7849    CALL  PHW       ;AND FRONT DIST. VALUE
467A CD0C48    CALL  CRLF
467D 7D         MOV   A,L      ;CHECK FOR UNSAFE DIST
467E FE0C         CPI  USSTOP    ;IF GREATER THEN ULTRA STOP
4680 D28646    JNC  ULTRA4     ;THEN CONT.
4683 CDEB4B    CALL  STOP      ;IF LESS STOP
4686 C9         ULTRA4: RET      ;GO BACK TO CALLING
                                ;ROUTINE

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;\*\*\*\*\* END OF SONICS ROUTINE \*\*\*\*\*

;\*\*\*\*\* BEGINNING OF CHAIR PROGRAMS \*\*\*\*\*

; INITIAL - ROUTINE TO INITIALIZE THE CHAIR UPON STARTUP

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4687 310060    INITIAL:LXI  SP,ENDRAM+1  ;RESET STACK POINTER
468A 3E82        MVI   A,10000010B  ;PORT A: OUTPUT
468C D313        OUT   PIACNTL   ;PORT B: INPUT
                                ;PORT C (UPPER): OUTPUT
                                ;PORT C (LOWER): OUTPUT
468E 3EB0        MVI   A,0BOH    ;INITIALIZE 8253 COUNTER

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4690 D323      OUT   TIMCTL      ;TIMER2 BINARY COUNT MODE 0
4692 3E81      MVI   A,81H       ;8255 PIA D=IN E=IN
4694 D343      OUT   PIBCNTL    ;F=OUT

4696 3E08      MVI   A,MTRSTOP  ;GET VALUE TO STOP MOTORS
4698 322E5A    STA   RMCS        ; SET MOTOR OUTPUT
469B 322D5A    STA   LMCS        ; TO STOP AT FIRST
469E 322C5A    STA   RMTS
46A1 322B5A    STA   LMTS
46A4 07        RLC
46A5 07        RLC
46A6 07        RLC
46A7 07        RLC
46A8 F608      ORI   MTRSTOP    ;COMBINE FOR BOTH L & R MOTORS
46AA D341      OUT   PIAE        ;SEND STOPS TO MOTORS
46AC 3E30      MVI   A,30H       ;SET UP TIMER 0 FOR
46AE D323      OUT   TIMCTL    ; HEARTBEAT PROTECTION
46B0 210008    LXI   H,0800H    ; SET SCAN DELAY
46B3 221C5A    SHLD  TIMDLY    ; FOR DELAYING ULTRA SAMPLE
46B6 111A55    LXI   D,CLS       ; CLEAR SCREEN
46B9 CD3F49    CALL  MSG
46BC 11F254    LXI   D,MSG1     ; PRINT A MESSAGE SO
46BF CD3F49    CALL  MSG        ; WE KNOW WE MADE IT

;*****
;
; RUNCHR - MAIN SOFTWARE LOOP. REPEAT LOOP CONSTANTLY, REGARDLESS
; OF THE PAD/JOYSTICK SETTING, BUT DO NOT UPDATE HEARTBEAT
; IF SWITCHED TO JOYSTICK
;
;*****


46C2 00        RUNCHR: NOP
46C3 00        NOP
46C4 00        NOP
46C5 3EFF      MVI   A,TRUE
46C7 32355A    STA   HEARTON
46CA CD0E4A    CALL  HRTBEAT  ;CHECK PAD/JOYSTICK SWITCH, UPDATE
                               ;HEARTBEAT IF SWITCHED TO PAD
46CD CD154A    CALL  MENCHK   ;DETERMINE MENU NUBER, READ GLOBAL
                               ;MENU PARAMETERS
46D0 CD8245    CALL  ULTRA     ;CALL U.S. RANGING ROUTINE
46D3 CDA44A    CALL  PADCHK   ;CHECK PAD FOR TOUCH, READ DATA NEEDED
                               ;IF A VALID TOUCH, PROGRAM MENU IF
                               ;APPROPRIATE.
46D6 CD5D48    CALL  EXTCHK   ; SEE IF USER HAS RS-232 CONNECTED
                               ; AND IF THEY WANT THE MONITOR PRG.
46D9 3A205A    LDA   MENCTRL  ;GET MENU CONTROL WORD
46DC E601      ANI   EMPTMEN  ;MASK TO SEE IF EMPTY MENU
46DE FE01      CPI   EMPTMEN ;
46E0 C2E946    JNZ   AOK1      ;UPDATE IF MENU NOT EMPTY
46E3 CDEB4B    CALL  STOP      ;OTHERWISE, STOP MOTORS
46E6 C3C246    JMP   RUNCHR
46E9 3A315A    AOK1: LD A,DURATION
46EC FE00      CPI   00H
46EE C2F746    JNZ   AOK2

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46F1 C0EB4B      CALL    STOP
46F4 C3C246      JMP     RUNCHR
46F7 CD854B      AOK2:   CALL    UPDATMTR ;UPDAT MOTORS IF APPROPRIATE (AT CORRECT
                           ;TIME SO AS TO RAMP).
46FA C3C246      JMP     RUNCHR

;*****
; END OF MAIN LOOP
;*****
;
; PADRD - ROUTINE TO CHECK THE PAD, DETERMINE ERROR STATUS, RETURN
;          TOUCH LOCATION OF THERE IS ONE.
;

PADRD:
46FD 210000 MENU:   LXI    H,00H      ;RESET HL FOR NEW DATA/STATUS INFO
4700 0E00        MVI    C,00H      ;RESET (C) FOR NEW TOUCH LOCATION
4702 0605        MVI    B,05H      ;LOAD MENU SELECT COUNTER+1
4704 05          LOOP3:  DCR    B      ;DECREMENT COUNTER OF MENU SELECT BITS
4705 78          MOV    A,B      ;TRANSFER (B) TO (A) FOR OUTPUT
4706 F640        ORI    EXTMSK   ;MASK FOR EXTRA DEMUX SELECT
4708 D310        OUT    PIAA     ;OUTPUT COUNT TO SELECT MENU SELECT BIT
470A 11A000      LXI    D,0AOH   ;SET UP DELAY COUNT
470D CD8747      CALL   DELAYD   ;SHORT DELAY
4710 DB11        IN     PIAB     ;INPUT TRANSISTOR STATUS
4712 E601        ANI    BEAMSK   ;PREPARE INPUT DATA (MASK)
4714 B4          ORA    H        ;OR CURRENT (H) DATA WITH LED STATUSL
4715 17          RAL    RAL      ;ROTATE THE (A) LEFT TO MOVE BITS ONE
4716 67          MOV    H,A      ;TRANSFER RESULT TO (H) AGAIN
4717 78          MOV    A,B      ;CHECK COUNT TO SEE IF = 0
4718 FE00        CPI    00H      ;
471A C20447      JNZ    LOOP3   ;REPEAT PROCESS IF 5 PAIRS NOT YET SCANNED
471D 7C          MOV    A,H      ;VALIDATE MENU DATA
471E 1F          RAR    RAR      ;REPOSITION THE MENU DATA (ROTATED)
471F 67          MOV    H,A      ;
4720 FE00        ERR1:   CPI    00H      ;CHECK FOR NO BEAMS BLOCKED (NO' MENU)
4722 C22A47      JNZ    ERR2    ;CHECK FOR NEXT ERROR IF NOT ERROR 1
4725 2640        MVI    H,MENERR ;SIGNAL MENU ERROR
4727 C38547      JMP    PNTDAT  ;FINISH AND PRINT MSGS
472A FE1F        ERR2:   CPI    1FH     ;CHECK FOR ALL BEAMS BROKEN (FALSE MENU)
472C C23447      JNZ    SCAN    ;CONTINUE SCAN IF NO MENU ERRORS
472F 2640        MVI    H,MENERR ;SIGNAL MENU ERROR
4731 C38547      JMP    PNTDAT  ;FINISH AND PRINT MSGS

4734 0E00        SCAN:   MVI    C,00H      ;CLEAR ROW/COL REGISTER
4736 0610        ROW:    MVI    B,10H     ;INITIAL COUNTER VALUE OF 16 LEDs + 1
4738 05          LOOP4:  DCR    B      ;DECREMENT COUNTER
4739 78          MOV    A,B      ;TRANSFER COUNT TO ACCUM
473A F610        ORI    ROWMSK   ;PREPARE FOR ROW SELECT (MASK)
473C D310        OUT    PIAA     ;OUTPUT ROW LED/TRANSISTOR SELECT
473E 11A000      LXI    D,0AOH   ;LOAD DELAY COUNTER
4741 CD8747      CALL   DELAYD   ;SHORT DELAY
4744 DB11        IN     PIAB     ;GET TRANSISTOR STATUS
4746 E601        ANI    BEAMSK   ;PREPARE INPUT FROM TRANSISTOR (MASK)
4748 FE00        CPI    00H      ;SET ZERO FLAG
474A CA5647      JZ     COUNT3  ;CONTINUE LOOP IF NO TOUCH ('1'=TOUCH)
474D 78          MOV    A,B      ;TRANSFER COUNT TO ACCUM

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474E 17          RAL          ;ROTATE COUNT VALUE TO MS NIBBLE
474F 17          RAL
4750 17          RAL
4751 17          RAL
4752 4F          MOV  C,A      ;SAVE ROW IN ROW/COL REGISTER
4753 C35D47      JMP  COL      ;JUMP TO COL SCAN BECAUSE ROW TOUCHED

4756 78          COUNT3: MOV  A,B      ;MOVE COUNT TO 'A' TO DO ZERO CHECK
4757 FE00          CPI  00H
4759 C23847      JNZ  LOOP4    ;REPEAT UNLESS CURRENTLY ZERO
475C C9          RET          ;CONTINUE LOOP IF NOT COUNTED OUT
                             ;RETURN IF LOOP COMPLETED W/NO TOUCH

475D 06FF          COL: MVI  B,0FFH   ;LOAD COLUMN COUNTER - 1
475F 04          LOOP2: INR  B       ;INCREMENT COLUMN COUNTER
4760 7B          MOV  A,B      ;TRANSFER COL COUNT TO ACCUM
4761 F620          ORI  COLMSK   ;PREPARE CN LED/TRANSISTOR SELECT (MASK)
4763 D310          OUT  PIAA     ;SELECT LED/TRANSISTOR
4765 11A000        LXI  D,0AOH   ;LOAD DELAY COUNTER
4768 CD8747        CALL  DELAYD   ;CALL SHORT DELAY
476B DB11          IN   PIAB     ;INPUT TRANSISTOR STATUS
476D E601          ANI  BEAMSK   ;PREPARE INPUT FOR USE (MASK)
476F FE00          CPI  00H     ;SET ZERO FLAG
4771 CA7E47        JZ   COUNT4   ;REPEAT LOOP IF NO TOUCH ('1'=TOUCH)
4774 78          MOV  A,B      ;TRANSFER COUNT TO ACCUM
4775 B1          ORA  C       ;COMPLETE ROW/COL DATA IN ACCUM
4776 4F          MOV  C,A      ;SAVE ROW/COL DATA IN 'C'
                             ;HIGH NIBBLE: ROW
                             ;LOW NIBBLE: COLUMN
4777 7C          MOV  A,H      ;MASK (H) TO SHOW A VALID TOUCH
4778 F6B0          ORI  TOUCH    ;
477A 67          MOV  H,A      ;
477B C38547      JMP  PNTDAT   ;PRINT MESSAGE

477E 78          COUNT4: MOV  A,B      ;CHECK TO SEE IF COUNT=16 DECIMAL
477F FEOF          CPI  0FH     ;SCANNED ALL 16 LEDs?
4781 C8          RZ
4782 C25F47      JNZ  LOOP2    ;CONTINUE LOOP 2 TO CHECK FOR COL TOUCH
4785 69          PNTDAT: MOV  L,C
4786 C9          RET
;
;***** END OF PAD READ ROUTINE *****
;

4787 3A355A        DELAYD: LDA  HEARTON
4788 FE00          CPI  FALSE
4789 CA9247        JZ   DELAYE
478F CDOE4A        CALL HRTBEAT   ;DON'T LET HEARTBEAT DIE !!
4792 1B          DELAYE: DCX  D       ;DECREMENT DELAY COUNT
4793 7A          MOV  A,D      ;COMPARE D AND E
4794 B3          ORA  E       ;CHECK TO SEE IF DE=0
4795 C29247        JNZ  DELAYE
4798 3A355A        LDA  HEARTON
479B FE00          CPI  FALSE
479D C8          RZ
479E CDOE4A        CALL HRTBEAT
47A1 C9          RET

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;*****UTILITY ROUTINES - *****
;*****BCDTBIN - CONVERT BCD IN H&L TO BINARY IN H&L
;      ONLY H&L CHANGED
47A2 C5    BCDTBIN: PUSH   B      ;
47A3 D5    PUSH   D      ;
47A4 54    MOV    D,H    ;COPY ORIGINAL
47A5 5D    MOV    E,L    ;
47A6 2600   MVI    H,0    ;INITIALIZE UPPER PART OF RESULT
47AB 0600   MVI    B,0    ;INITIAL UPPER PART OF B&C
47AA 7A    MOV    A,D    ;GET UPPER DIGIT
47AB 0F    RRC    ;
47AC 0F    RRC    ;
47AD 0F    RRC    ;
47AE 0F    RRC    ;
47AF E60F   ANI    0FH    ;
47B1 6F    MOV    L,A    ;START RESULT
47B2 CD4F49   CALL   MULT10 ;SHIFT UP ONE DIGIT IN BASE 10
47B5 7A    MOV    A,D    ;GET NEXT TO TOP DIGIT
47B6 E60F   ANI    0FH    ;
47B8 4F    MOV    C,A    ;
47B9 09    DAD    B      ;COMBINE WITH TOP DIGIT
47BA CD4F49   CALL   MULT10 ;SHIFT UP ONE DIGIT IN BASE 10
47BD 7B    MOV    A,E    ;GET NEXT TO BOTTOM DIGIT
47BE 0F    RRC    ;
47BF 0F    RRC    ;
47C0 0F    RRC    ;
47C1 0F    RRC    ;
47C2 E60F   ANI    0FH    ;
47C4 4F    MOV    C,A    ;
47C5 09    DAD    B      ;COMBINE WITH TOP TWO DIGITS
47C6 CD4F49   CALL   MULT10 ;SHIFT UP ONE DIGIT IN BASE 10
47C9 7B    MOV    A,E    ;GET BOTTOM DIGIT
47CA E60F   ANI    0FH    ;
47CC 4F    MOV    C,A    ;
47CD 09    DAD    B      ;COMBINE WITH TOP THREE DIGITS
47CE D1    POP    D      ;
47CF C1    POP    B      ;
47D0 C9    RET    ;
;      END    BCDTBIN ;
;
;
;      CALLIN - INDIRECT CALL TO (H&L)
;
47D1 E9    CALLIN: PCHL    ;
;
;      END    CALLIN ;
;
;
;      I/O ROUTINES
;
47D2 DB01   CI:    IN     SERCON   ;WAIT FOR DATA READY
47D4 E602   ANI    2      ;
47D6 CAD247  JZ     CI      ;
47D9 DB00   IN     SERDAT  ;GET BYTE

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47DB F5      PUSH    PSW          ;SAVE PSW
47DC 3A005A   LDA     ECHOFL     ;CHECK ECHO FLAG
47DF B7      ORA     A           ;
47E0 C2FD47   JNZ     COEND      ;IF NOT ZERO ECHO-RET ON CO
47E3 F1      POP     PSW          ;ECHO CHARACTER
47E4 F5      PUSH    PSW          ;
47E5 C3F347   JMP     C1          ;GO ECHO CHARACTER
;
;
; CISTAT - RETURNS NON-ZERO IN A IF RECIEVER BUFFER HAS A CHAR
;
47EB C5      CISTAT: PUSH    B           ;
47E9 F5      PUSH    PSW          ;
47EA DB01   IN     SERCON      ;
47EC E602   ANI    2           ;
47EE C1      POP     B           ;
47EF 78      MOV    A,B          ;
47F0 C1      POP     B           ;
47F1 C9      RET             ;
;
;***** CO CONSOLE OUTPUT - DESTROYS ONLY FLAGS...
;
47F2 F5      CO:    PUSH    PSW          ;
47F3 DB01   C1:    IN     SERCON      ;
47F5 0F      RRC             ;
47F6 D2F347   JNC    C1          ;
47F9 F1      POP     PSW          ;
47FA F5      PUSH    PSW          ;
47FB D300   OUT    SERDAT      ;
47FD F1      COEND: POP    PSW          ;
47FE C9      RET             ;
;
;***** CMP16 ** 16 BIT COMPARE H&L AND D&E ****
;
;      IF( H&L = D&E ) Z=1, CY=0
;      IF( H&L > D&E ) Z=0, CY=0
;      IF( H&L < D&E ) Z=0, CY=1
;
47FF E5      CMP16: PUSH    H           ;SAVE PSW & H&L
4800 F5      PUSH    PSW          ;
4801 7C      MOV    A,H          ;IF H = D ENOUGH INFO FOUND
4802 92      SUB    D           ;
4803 C20848   JNZ    CMP16E     ;
4806 7D      MOV    A,L          ;IF H=D THEN COMPARE LOWER BYTES
4807 93      SUB    E           ;
4808 E1      CMP16E: POP    H           ;
4809 7C      MOV    A,H          ;
480A E1      POP    H           ;
480B C9      RET             ;
;
;      END    CMD16          ;
480C D5      CRLF: PUSH    D           ;
480D 11EF54   LXI    D,MCRLF    ;
4810 CD3F49   CALL   MSG          ;
4813 D1      POP    D           ;
4814 C9      RET             ;
;
; D50MS - DELAY FOR 50 MILLI-SECONDS

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        ;
4815 F5      D50MS: PUSH    PSW      ;SAVE PSW
4816 E5      PUSH    H       ;SAVE H&L
4817 2A0A5A    LHLD    D50DIV   ;
481A E3      D50MSL: XTHL    ;18
481B E3      XTHL    ;18
481C E3      XTHL    ;18
481D E3      XTHL    ;18
481E E5      PUSH    H       ;11
481F E1      POP     H       ;10
4820 2B      DCX     H       ;5
4821 23      INX     H       ;5
4822 2B      DCX     H       ;5
4823 7C      MOV     A,H    ;5
4824 B5      ORA     L       ;4
4825 C21A48   JNZ    D50MSL   ;11
4828 E1      POP     H       ;
4829 F1      POP     PSW    ;
482A C9      RET     ;


        ;
        ; D10MS - DELAY 10 MS
        ;
482B E5      D10MS: PUSH    H       ;
482C F5      PUSH    PSW    ;
482D 210103   LXI    H,769   ;
4830 7D      DTWIDL: MOV     A,L    ;~0.01 SECONDS ON A 2 MHZ 8085      5
4831 B4      ORA     H       ;(CPU CLOCK FREQ)                    4
4832 2B      DCX     H       ;10
4833 C23048   JNZ    DTWIDL   ;          8085/8080      7/10
4836 F1      POP     PSW    ;          TOTAL      26/29
4837 E1      POP     H       ;
4838 C9      RET     ;           ;
        ; END    D10MS  ;

        ;
        ; D5SEC - DELAY 5 SECONDS
        ;
4839 C5      D5SEC: PUSH    B       ;
483A 0664    MVI     B,064H   ;WAIT 5 SECOND FOR +25 SWITCHING
483C CD1548   ON16W1: CALL    D50MS   ;REGULATOR TO TURN ON OR OFF.
483F 05      DCR     B       ;
4840 C23C48   JNZ    ON16W1   ;
4843 C1      POP     B       ;
4844 C9      RET     ;           ;
        ; END    D5SEC  ;

        ;
        ; DISASC - DISPLAY ASCII A-REG INTO H&L
        ;
4845 F5      DISASC: PUSH    PSW    ;SAVE PSW
4846 E67F    ANI     07FH    ;STRIP PARITY
4848 2620    MVI     H,020H   ;PUT SPACE IN H-REG
484A FE20    CPI     020H    ;CHAR < 020H ?
484C D25348   JNC    DA1     ;NO-IS PRINTABLE
484F 265E    MVI     H,05EH   ;NOT PRINTABLE - C = '^'
4851 C640    ADI     040H    ;MAKE PRINTABLE
4853 FE7F    DA1:   CPI     07FH    ;IS RUBOUT ?
4855 C25A48   JNZ    DA2     ;NOPE...AOK

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4858 3E20      MVI     A,020H ;YEP-MAKE SPACE
485A 6F        DA2:   MOV     L,A   ;
485B F1        POP     PSW    ;RESTORE PSW
485C C9        RET     ;

;*****EXIT TO MONITOR ROUTINE*****
;*                                     *
;*****                                         *

485D DB01      EXTCHK: IN      SERCON ;SEE IF THERE IS A CHAR
485F E602      ANI     02H      ; IF ZERO THEN NONE
4861 C8        RZ      ; IF NO CHAR. THEN FORGET IT
4862 DB00      IN      SERDAT ;GET CHAR. FROM CONSOL
4864 FE45      CPI    45H      ; IS IT 'E' FOR EXIT
4866 CA4040    JZ     START   ;OFF TO MONITOR THEN
4869 C9        RET     ;

;*****FRMCNT - ASKS " FROM "XXXX" TO "YYYY" ****
;*****                                         *

486A D5        FRMCNT: PUSH   D      ;
486B E5        PUSH   H      ;
486C CD7B48    CALL   FROMTO  ;
486F DA9D48    JC    FRTOE  ;
4872 E5        PUSH   H      ;
4873 CDF649   CALL   SUB16  ;CALC NUMBER OF BYTES TO BE PROCESSED
4876 D1        POP    D      ;
4877 2B        DCX   H      ;H&L = NEGATIVE OF NUMBER OF BYTES
4878 C39648   JMP    FRCLN  ;THIS DOES XCHG & CLEANS OFF STACK...
4879 C9        END    FROMTO  ;

; FROMTO - " FROM "XXXX" TO "YYYY"
;

487B D5        FROMTO: PUSH   D      ;
487C E5        PUSH   H      ;
487D 116951    LXI    D,PLO  ;PROMPT FOR LO LIMIT
4880 CD3F49    CALL   MSG    ;
4883 CDD948    CALL   GHW    ;
4886 DA9D48    JC    FRTOE  ;RETURN IF ERROR
4889 116451    LXI    D,PHI  ;PROMPT FOR HI LIMIT
488C CD3F49    CALL   MSG    ;
488F EB        XCHG   ;
4890 CDD948    CALL   GHW    ;
4893 DA9D48    JC    FRTOE  ;
4896 EB        FRCLN: XCHG   ;
4897 E3        XTHL   ;GET CRAP OFF OF STACK
4898 E1        POP    H      ;
4899 E3        XTHL   ;
489A E1        POP    H      ;
489B B7        ORA    A      ;BETTER BE SURE CARRY IS CLEAR
489C C9        RET     ;
489D E1        FRTOE: POP    H      ;
489E D1        POP    D      ;
489F C9        RET     ;

```

```

        ; GBIAS - SET 16 BIT BIAS
        ;
48A0 F5      GBIAS: PUSH    PSW          ;SAVE PSW
48A1 E5      PUSH    H             ; AND H&L
48A2 D5      PUSH    D             ; AND D&E
48A3 117051   LXI    D,PBIAS      ;PRINT BIAS MESSAGE
48A6 CD3F49   CALL    MSG          ;
48A9 CDD948   CALL    GHW          ;GET BIAS
48AC D2CC48   JNC    GBIAS2      ;IF NO CARRY GOOD BIAS ENTERED
48AF FE2D     CPI    '-'          ;CHECK FOR NEGATIVE BIAS
48B1 CABF48   JZ     GBIAS1      ;OHHHH- WANT NEGATIVE NUMBER ...
48B4 FE0D     CPI    CR           ;CARRIAGE RETURN ?
48B6 C2D448   JNZ    GBIASE      ;NOPE ERRE
48B9 210000   LXI    H,0          ;AHHHH - NO BIAS
48BC C3CC48   JMP    GBIAS2      ;
48BF CDD948   GBIAS1: CALL   GHW          ;GET NEGATIVE BIAS
48C2 DAD448   JC     GBIASE      ;BAD CHAR...BYE
48C5 110000   LXI    D,0          ;
48C8 EB       XCHG          ;SET UP SUBTRACTION FROM ZERO
48C9 CDF649   CALL    SUB16        ;NEGATE BIAS
48CC CDO0C48   GBIAS2: CALL   CRLF         ;PREVENT A MESS
48CF D1       POP    D           ;RESTORE D
48D0 F1       POP    PSW          ;LOOSE ORIGINAL H&L
48D1 F1       POP    PSW          ;RESTORE PSW
48D2 B7       ORA    A           ;CLEAR CARRY
48D3 C9       RET             ;
48D4 D1       GBIASE: POP   D           ;RESTORE D&E
48D5 E1       POP    H           ;RESTORE ORIGINAL H&L
48D6 F1       POP    PSW          ;RESTORE PSW
48D7 37       STC             ;SET CARRY
48D8 C9       RET             ;

        ;
        ; GHW - GET HEX WORD
        ;
48D9 C5      GHW: PUSH    B
48DA F5      PUSH    PSW
48DB CDF048   CALL    GHB          ; GET FIRST BYTE IN A-REGISTER
48DE DAED48   JC     GHWEND      ; RETURN IF BAD CHAR
48E1 67      MOV    H,A          ; MOVE BYTE TO FINAL DESTINATION
48E2 CDF048   CALL    GHB          ; GET SECOND BYTE
48E5 DAED48   JC     GHWEND      ;
48E8 6F      MOV    L,A          ;
48E9 C1      POP    B           ;
48EA 78      MOV    A,B          ;
48EB C1      POP    B           ;
48EC C9      RET             ;
48ED C1      GHWEND: POP   B           ;
48EE C1      POP    B           ; DO NOT RESTORE A
48EF C9      RET             ;
        ;
        ; END    GHW          ;
        ;
        ; GHB - GET HEX BYTE
        ;
48F0 C5      GHB: PUSH    B           ; SAVE B&C
48F1 CD0549   CALL    GHD          ; GET FIRST HEX DIGIT IN A-REG

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48F4 DA0349      JC     GHBEND      ; IF BAD CHAR QUIT AND PASS BACK
48F7 07          RLC    .           ; SHIFT TO UPPER HALF OF BYTE
48F8 07          RLC    .           ;
48F9 07          RLC    .           ;
48FA 07          RLC    .           ;
48FB 47          MOV    B,A         ; SAVE FIRST DIGIT
48FC CD0549      CALL   GHD         ; GET SECOND DIGIT
48FF DA0349      JC     GHBEND      ; BAD CHAR READ, RET IT TO CALLER
4902 B0          ORA    B           ; COMBINE FIRST AND SECOND DIGITS
4903 C1          GHBEND: POP   B           ; RESTORE ORIGINAL B&C
4904 C9          RET    .           ;
;           END   GHB            ;
;           ; GHD - GET HEX DIGIT
;
4905 CDD247      GHD:  CALL   CI           ; GET CHARACTER & ECHO
;           ANI   07FH        ; PUT IN IF UCASE TAKEN OUT
4908 CDD24A      ATH:  CALL   UCASE       ; MAP LOWER TO UPPER CASE AND
;           ; STRIP PARITY.
4908 FE30          CPI   '0'         ;
490D D8          RC    .           ; NON-HEX CHARACTER
490E FE3A          CPI   ':'         ; IF (A) < '9'+1
4910 DA1C49      JC     GH02         ; '0'-'9' TYPED - CONVERT
4913 FE41          CPI   'A'         ; IF (A) < 'A'
4915 D8          RC    .           ; NON-HEX CHARACTER
4916 FE47          CPI   'G'         ; IF (A) >= 'G'
4918 3F          CMC  .           ;
4919 D8          RC    .           ; NON-HEX CHARACTER
491A D607          SUI   07H        ; SHIFT 'A'-'F' DOWN
491C D630      GH02: SUI   '0'         ; CONVERT
491E C9          RET    .           ;
;           END   GHD            ;
;           ; M50128 - MULTIPLY BY 50/128
;
491F 0601      M50128: MVI   B,1         ; DIVIDE BY TWO SO * 12.5
4921 CDCA49      CALL   SHRHL       ; WILL FIT IN 16 BITS.
4924 CDBF49      CALL   RNDHL       ; AND ROUND
4927 54          MOV    D,H         ; SAVE *1
4928 5D          MOV    E,L         ; .
4929 29          DAD   H           ; *2
492A 29          DAD   H           ; *4
492B 44          MOV    B,H         ; SAVE *4 IN D&E
492C 4D          MOV    C,L         ;
492D 29          DAD   H           ; *8
492E 09          DAD   B           ; *12
492F EB          XCHG  .           ; GENERATE * 0.5
4930 0601      MVI   B,1         ;
4932 CDCA49      CALL   SHRHL       ;
4935 19          DAD   D           ; *12 + *0.5
4936 0604      MVI   B,4         ; DIVIDE H&L BY 16
4938 CDCA49      CALL   SHRHL       ;
493B CDBF49      CALL   RNDHL       ; ROUND
493E C9          RET    .           ;
;           END   M50128

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; MSG -
493F F5      MSG:    PUSH   PSW
4940 1A      LOUPE:  LDAX   D      ;GET CHAR
4941 FEFF    CPI     EOL    ;END OF STRING?
4943 13      INX    D      ;BUMP POINTER
4944 CA4D49    JZ     MDN    ;JUMP IF SO
4947 CDF247    CALL   CO     ;ELSE PRINT IT
494A C34049    JMP    LOUPE  ;DO IT AGAIN
494D F1      MDN:    POP    PSW
494E C9      RET

;
; MULT10 - MULTIPLY H&L BY 10
494F D5      MULT10: PUSH   D      ;
4950 29      DAD    H      ;*2
4951 54      MOV    D,H    ;SAVE *2
4952 5D      MOV    E,L    ;
4953 29      DAD    H      ;*4
4954 29      DAD    H      ;*8
4955 19      DAD    D      ;*10
4956 D1      POP    D      ;
4957 C9      RET

;
4958 D5      OKCK:  PUSH   D
4959 F5      PUSH   PSW
495A 111D51    LXI   D,MOK
495D CD3F49    CALL   MSG
4960 CDD247    CALL   CI
4963 E67F    ANI    07FH
4965 FE0D    CPI    CR
4967 CA7149    JZ    OKCKEND
496A 113B50    LXI   D,ABORT
496D CD3F49    CALL   MSG
4970 37      STC
4971 CD0C48    OKCKEND:CALL CRLF
4974 D1      POP    D
4975 7A      MOV    A,D
4976 D1      POP    D
4977 C9      RET
;
        END    OKCK

;
; PHW - PRINT HEX WORD
4978 F5      PHW:   PUSH   PSW      ; SAVE A-REGISTER AND FLAGS
4979 7C      MOV    A,H      ;
497A CD8349    CALL   PHB      ; PRINT HIGH-ORDER BYTE
497D 7D      MOV    A,L      ;
497E CD8349    CALL   PHB      ; PRINT LOW-ORDER BYTE
4981 F1      POP    PSW      ; RESTORE A-REGISTER AND FLAGS
4982 C9      RET
;
        END    PHW
;

;
; PHB - PRINT HEX BYTE
4983 F5      PHB:   PUSH   PSW      ; SAVE PSW
4984 C5      PUSH   B       ; SAVE B&C
4985 47      MOV    B,A      ; SAVE LOWER NIBBLE
4986 0F      RRC
4987 0F      RRC      ; SHIFT TO LOWER HALF OF BYTE

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4988 0F          RRC          ;   ;
4989 0F          RRC          ;   ;
498A CD9549      CALL PHD    ; PRINT UPPER HEX DIGIT
498D 78          MOV A,B     ; GET LOWER NIBBLE
498E CD9549      CALL PHD    ; ...AND PRINT
4991 78          MOV A,B     ; RESTORE ORIGINAL BYTE TO A
4992 C1          POP B      ; RESTORE B&C
4993 F1          POP PSW    ; RESTORE PSW
4994 C9          RET         ;
4995 F5          END PHB    ;
;
; PHD - PRINT HEX DIGIT
4995 F5          PHD: PUSH PSW   ; SAVE PSW
4996 E60F          ANI 0FH    ; MASK OFF LOWER NIBBLE
4998 C630          ADI '0'    ; CONVERT '0'-'9' TO ASCII
499A FE3A          CPI '9'+1  ; IF '0'-'9'
499C DAA149      JC PHD1    ; THEN DONE
499F C607          ADI 'A'-'F' ; CONVERT 'A'-'F'
49A1 CDF247      PHD1: CALL CO    ; PRINT DIGIT
49A4 F1          POP PSW    ;
49A5 C9          RET         ;
49A6 E1          END PHD    ;
;
; POPPC - POP THE PC INTO H&L
; - ON RETURN (H&L) = ADDRESS RETURNED TO
49A6 E1          POPPC: POP H     ;
49A7 E9          PCHL       ;
;
; ***** PRBAD - PRINT 'WHAT?' **** DESTROYS D&E ****
49AB 114650      PRBAD: LXI D,BAD  ;
49AB CD3F49      CALL MSG    ;
49AE C9          RET         ;
49AF C9          END PRBAD  ;
;
; RETJMP - RETURN JUMP
; SETS STACK POINTER TO (RJSP) AND PC TO (RJVECT)
; DOES NOT DESTROY ANY REGISTERS
49AF 22045A      RETJMP: SHLD RJSBV  ;
49B2 2A065A      LHLD RJSP    ;
49B5 F9          SPHL       ;
49B6 2A045A      LHLD RJSBV  ;
49B9 E5          PUSH H     ;
49BA 2A085A      LHLD RJVECT ;
49BD E3          XTHL       ;
49BE C9          RET         ;
;
; RNDHL - ADD CARRY FLAG TO H&L TO ROUND AFTER USING
; SHRHL TO DIVIDE BY A POWER OF 2
49BF F5          RNDHL: PUSH PSW    ;
49C0 7D          MOV A,L     ;
49C1 CE00          ACI 0      ;ROUND
49C3 6F          MOV L,A     ;
49C4 7C          MOV A,H     ;PROPAGATE POSSIBLE ROUND-UP
49C5 CE00          ACI 0      ; CARRY INTO H.
49C7 67          MOV H,A     ;
49C8 F1          POP PSW    ;
;
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49C9 C9      RET      ;
;
; SHRHL - SHIFT RIGHT H&L - ZERO FILL ON LEFT
; SHIFTS (B) BITS
49CA C5      SHRHL: PUSH    B      ;SAVE B
49CB F5      PUSH    PSW      ;SAVE A
49CC 04      INR     B      ;CHECK FOR NO MORE BITS TO SHIFT
49CD 05      SHRHLL: DCR    B      ;
49CE CADB49   JZ     SHRHLE  ;
49D1 B7      ORA     A      ;CLEAR CARRY FLAG
49D2 7C      MOV     A,H      ;GET H
49D3 1F      RAR     ;SHIFT RIGHT
49D4 67      MOV     H,A      ;PUT H BACK
49D5 7D      MOV     A,L      ;GET L
49D6 1F      RAR     ;SHIFT RIGHT
49D7 6F      MOV     L,A      ;PUT L BACK
49D8 C3CD49   JMP     SHRHLL  ;BACK...
49D9 C1      SHRHLE: POP    B      ;RESTORE A
49DC 78      MOV     A,B      ; .
49DD C1      POP     B      ;RESTORE B
49DE C9      RET      ;BYE...
;
; END      SHRHL  ;
;
; SETJMP - SET SP AND PC FOR RETJMP
; DOES NOT DESTROY ANY REGISTERS
49DF E5      SETJMP: PUSH    H      ;
49E0 210400   LXI     H,04      ;GET SP BEFORE PUSH H AND RET ADDR
49E3 39      DAD     SP      ;
49E4 22065A   SHLD    RJSP    ;
49E7 E1      POP     H      ;GET H&L BACK
49E8 E3      XTHL    ;GET RET ADDR
49E9 22085A   SHLD    RJVECT ;SQUIREL AWAY
49EC E3      XTHL    ;PUT RET ADDR BACK
49ED C9      RET      ;
;
; ***** SPACE ***** PRINT SPACE
49EE F5      SPACE: PUSH    PSW
49EF 3E20   MVI     A,' '
49F1 CDF247   CALL    CO
49F4 F1      POP     PSW
49F5 C9      RET      ;
;
; ***** SUB16 ***** 16 BIT SUBTRACT (H&L) <- (H&L) - (D&E)
; IF (D&E) < (H&L) CY = 1
; IF (D&E) >= (H&L) CY = 0
49F6 D5      SUB16: PUSH    D      ;
49F7 F5      PUSH    PSW      ;
49F8 7D      MOV     A,L      ;
49F9 93      SUB     E      ;
49FA 6F      MOV     L,A      ;
49FB 7C      MOV     A,H      ;
49FC 9A      SBB     D      ;
49FD 67      MOV     H,A      ;
49FE D1      POP     D      ;
49FF 7A      MOV     A,D      ;
4A00 D1      POP     D      ;

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4A01 C9          RET      ;
;
; UCASE - SUBROUTINE WHICH CHECKS THE A REG FOR A LOWER CASE
; ASCII LETTER. IF ONE PRESENT, IT IS CONVERTED TO UPPER CASE.
; IF NOT PRESENT, NOTHING DONE. STRIPS PARITY FIRST.
4A02 E67F          UCASE: ANI    07FH ;STRIP PARITY
4A04 FE61          CPI    61H
4A06 3F            CMC
4A07 D0            RNC      ;DON'T CONVERT IF BEFORE 'A'
4A08 FE7B          CPI    7BH
4A0A D0            RNC      ;DON'T CONVERT IF AFTER 'Z'
4A0B D620          SUI    20H ;CONVERT LOWER TO UPPER
4A0D C9            RET

;
; HRTBEAT - SUBROUTINE WHICH REFRESHES THE HEARTBEAT COUNTER (TIME0).
;
4A0E 3E00          HRTBEAT: MVI   A,00H ;LONGEST AVAILABLE COUNTER VALUE
4A10 D320          OUT   TIME0 ;LEAST SIG BYTE OF TIMER
4A12 D320          OUT   TIME0 ;MOST SIG BYTE OF TIMER
4A14 C9            RET

;
; MENCHK - SUBROUTINE TO CHECK THE MENU NUMBER, AND DO ONE OF THE
; FOLLOWING: SIGNAL AN ERROR AND STOP THE CHAIR IF IT IS
; AN INCORRECT MENU (0 OR 32), CALL THE PROGRAM MENU IF
; APPLICABLE, OR READ THE GLOBAL MENU VARIABLES FOR THE
; SELECTED MENU, AND RETURN THE MENU NUMBER.
;
4A15 DB11          MENCHK: IN     PIAB   ;READ THE +5 LOOP FROM THE PAD CONNECTOR
4A17 E680          ANI    PADLOOP ;MASK TO DETERMINE THE CONNECTOR STATUS
4A19 FE80          CPI    PADLOOP ;VALUE READ, 1=CONNECTED, 0=DISCONNECTED
4A1B CA2C4A          JZ     PADOK1 ;CONTINUE IF PAD CONNECTED
4A1E 3E01          MVI    A,PADLED ;GET DATA TO LIGHT PAD ERROR LED
4A20 CDF04A          CALL   SETERR ;LIGHT THE PAD ERROR LED
4A23 3E40          MVI    A,MENERR ;PAD ERROR WILL GIVE MENU ERROR
4A25 CDFF4A          CALL   CLRERR ;SO CLEAR MENU LED
4A28 CDEB4B          CALL   STOP   ;STOP THE CHAIR (RAMP DOWN) IF DISCONN.
4A2B C9            RET

4A2C 3E01          PADOK1: MVI   A,PADLED ;GET DATA TO CLEAR PAD LED
4A2E CDFF4A          CALL   CLRERR ;CLEAR THE PAD LED (ALL IS OK)
4A31 CDFD46          CALL   PADRD  ;DETERMINE MENU NUMBER OR STATUS (IF ERROR)
4A34 7C            MOV   A,H   ;PUT MENU NUMBER (STATUS) IN (A)
4A35 E640          ANI    MENERR ;MASK FOR MENU ERROR
4A37 FE40          CPI    MENERR ;MASK FOR MENU ERROR
4A39 C2454A          JNZ   PADOK2 ;IF VALID MENU, THEN PROCEED, OTHERWISE...
4A3C 3E02          MVI    A,MENLED ;GET DATA TO LIGHT THE MENU ERROR LED
4A3E CDF04A          CALL   SETERR ;LIGHT THE MENU ERROR LED
4A41 CDEB4B          CALL   STOP   ;STOP THE CHAIR (RAMP DOWN) IF MENU ERROR
4A44 C9            RET

4A45 3E02          PADOK2: MVI   A,MENLED ;GET DATA TO CLEAR THE MENU LED
4A47 CDFF4A          CALL   CLRERR ;CLEAR MENU ERROR LED
4A4A 7C            MOV   A,H   ;PUT MENU NUMBER (STATUS) IN (A)
4A4B E601          ANI    PROMSK ;MASK PROGRAM MENU NUMBER
4A4D FE01          CPI    PROMSK ;MASK TO SEE IF PROGRAMMING MENU IN PAD
4A4F C2564A          JNZ   IFTBL1 ;SEE IF MENU 1 IF NOT PROGRAMMING MENU
4A52 CD504C          CALL   PROMEN ;CALL ROUTINE TO ALLOW TABLE UPDATES
4A55 C9            RET

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4A56 7C      IFTBL1: MOV    A,H    ;PUT MENU NUMBER IN (A)
4A57 E61E    ANI    VALMEN ;MASK FOR VALID MENU NUMBERS (0-16)
4A59 1F      RAR    ;ROTATE TO USE ONLY 4 OF THE 5 MENU BITS
4A5A FE01    CPI    01H    ;CHECK TO SEE IF MENU NUMBER 1 (SAMPLE MENU)
4A5C C2664A   JNZ    OTHERS ;CHECK FOR NUMBER 3 (TABLE 2) IF NOT 2
4A5F 210956   LXI    H,SAMPLE ;PUT STARTING ADDRESS OF SAMPLE TBL IN (HL)
4A62 CD7F4A   CALL   GETVARS ;GET GLOBAL VARIABLES FROM TABLE
4A65 C9      RET

        OTHERS:
        ;
        ;BEGIN BY DETERMINING THE STARTING ADDRESS OF TABLE
        ;FORMULA TO CALCULATE OFFSET IS AS FOLLOWS...
        ;      (MENU NUMBER - 2)(50) = OFFSET
        ;NOTE THAT THE MENU TABLES ARE 50 BYTES LONG,
        ;MENU 0 IS INVALID, AND MENU NUMBER 1 IS THE
        ;SAMPLE MENU (HARD CODED).
        ;
4A66 D602    SUI    02H    ;SUBTRACT 2 FROM MENU NUMBER (SEE ABOVE)
4A68 CD754A   CALL   MULT50 ;MULTIPLY A BY 50 (SEE ABOVE)
4A6B 54      MOV    D,H    ;TEMPORARY STORE OF HL IN DE
4A6C 5D      MOV    E,L    ;(SAME)
4A6D 21005B   LXI    H,USRRAM ;GET STARTING ADDRESS OF FIRST TABLE
4A70 19      DAD    D      ;ADD OFFSET TO TABLE START ADDRESS
4A71 CD7F4A   CALL   GETVARS ;GET GLOBAL VARIABLES FROM TABLE
4A74 C9      RET

        ;
        ; MULT50 - ROUTINE TO MULTIPLY A BY 500 (32H). RESULT WILL
        ; BE PLACED IN HL, AND HL ARE THE ONLY REGISTERS DESTROYED.
        ;
4A75 210000   MULT50: LXI    H,0000H ;CLEAR HL FOR THE RESULT
4A78 6F      MOV    L,A    ;PUT NUMBER IN L FOR INITIAL ADD
4A79 29      DAD    H      ;DAD 5 TIMES TO MULTIPLY BY 32H (50D)
4A7A 29      DAD    H      ;
4A7B 29      DAD    H      ;
4A7C 29      DAD    H      ;
4A7D 29      DAD    H      ;
4A7E C9      RET

        ;
4A7F 22225A   GETVARS: SHLD   GBLTBL ;PUT STARTING ADDRESS IN GLOBAL POINTER
4A82 7E      MOV    A,M    ;PUT MENU CONTROL WORD IN A
4A83 32205A   STA    MENCTRL ;STORE CONTROL WORD IN VARIABLE
4A86 23      INX    H      ;STEP POINTER UP ONE
4A87 7E      MOV    A,M    ;PUT RAMP RATE IN A
4A88 321F5A   STA    RAMPCNT ;STORE RAMP RATE IN VARIABLE
4A8B 23      INX    H      ;(CONTINUE W/SAME.....)
4A8C 7E      MOV    A,M    ;
4A8D 32155A   STA    MAXBAK ;BACK U.S. DISTANCE
4A90 23      INX    H      ;
4A91 7E      MOV    A,M    ;
4A92 32125A   STA    MAXFNT ;FRONT U.S. DISTANCE
4A95 23      INX    H      ;
4A96 7E      MOV    A,M    ;
4A97 321B5A   STA    MAXLFT ;LEFT U.S. DISTANCE
4A9A 23      INX    H      ;
4A9B 7E      MOV    A,M    ;
4A9C 321B5A   STA    MAXRT ;RIGHT U.S. DISTANCE
4A9F 23      INX    H      ;

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4AA0 22245A      SHLD    BEGTBL ;STORE ADDRESS OF ENTRY IN BEGIN POINTER
4AA3 C9          RET

;
; PADCHK - SUBROUTINE TO DETERMINE THE STATUS OF THE PAD. IF THE
; PAD IS NOT BEING TOUCHED, THEN IT WILL SIMPLY RETURN WITH
; NO ACTION. IF THE PAD WAS TOUCHED, IT WILL CALL A ROUTINE
; TO DETERMINE IF THE LOCATION WAS AMONG VALID LOCATIONS FOR
; THE CURRENT MENU. IF SO, IT WILL CALL ANOTHER ROUTINE TO
; INITIALIZE THE MOTOR PARAMETERS.
;

4AA4 DB11        PADCHK: IN     PIAB   ;READ THE +5 LOOP FROM THE PAD CONNECTOR
4AA6 E6B0          ANI    PADLOOP ;MASK TO DETERMINE THE CONNECTOR STATUS
4AA8 FE80          CPI    PADLOOP ;VALUE READ, 1=CONNECTED, 0=DISCONNECTED
4AAA CABB4A        JZ     PADOK3 ;CONTINUE IF PAD CONNECTED
4AAD 3E01          MVI    A,PADLED ;GET DATA TO LIGHT PAD ERROR LED
4AAF CDF04A        CALL   SETERR ;LIGHT THE PAD ERROR LED
4AB2 3E40          MVI    A,MENERR; PAD ERROR WILL GIVE MENU ERROR
4AB4 CDFC4A        CALL   CLRERR ; SO CLEAR MENU LED
4AB7 CDEB4B        CALL   STOP   ;STOP THE CHAIR (RAMP DOWN) IF DISCONN.
4ABA C9          RET

4ABB 3E01        PADOK3: MVI    A,PADLED ;GET DATA TO CLEAR PAD ERROR LED
4ABD CDFC4A        CALL   CLRERR
4AC0 CDFD46        CALL   PADRD   ;SCAN THE PAD FOR A TOUCH
4AC3 7C          MOV    A,H    ;PUT PAD STATUS WORD IN A
4AC4 E6B0          ANI    TOUCH   ;
4AC6 FE80          CPI    TOUCH   ;
4AC8 C0          RNZ    ;RETURN IF NO TOUCH
4AC9 CD094B        CALL   CHKTBL ;DETERMINE IF TOUCH WAS A VALID LOCATION
                                ;FOR THIS CURRENT MENU (CHECK TABLE)
4ACC 3A265A        LDA    ENTRY   ;GET THE TABLE ENTRY NUMBER
                                ;0 SIGNALS NO TABLE ENTRY VALID W/TOUCH
                                ;ENTRY OF 1-10 MEANS A MATCH FOUND
4ACF FE00          CPI    00H   ;SEE IF THE ENTRY IS 0
4AD1 C8          RZ    ;RETURN IF NO TABLE ENTRY MATCH FOUND
4AD2 3A325A        LDA    LAST1  ;SEE IF SAME AS LAST ENTRY
4AD5 47          MOV    B,A
4AD6 3A265A        LDA    ENTRY
4AD9 B8          CMP    B
4ADA C2E64A        JNZ    PADOK4 ;IF NOT SAME AS LAST, GET NEW VARS
4ADD 2A275A        LHLD   MTRADDR ;IF SAME AS LAST, REINIT DURATION
4AE0 23          INX    H
4AE1 7E          MOV    A,M
4AE2 32315A        STA    DURATION
4AE5 C9          RET

4AE6 3A265A        PADOK4: LDA    ENTRY
4AE9 32325A        STA    LAST1
4AEC CD664B        CALL   INITMTR ;IF VALID ENTRY MATCH, INIT. MOTOR VARS.
4AEF C9          RET

;
; SETERR - ROUTINE TO TAKE THE ERROR BIT PASSED IN THE ACC. AND
; UPDATE THE ERROR LEDS TO REFLECT THE NEW ERROR. THIS WILL
; USE THE VARIABLE ERRWRD (ERROR WORD) TO STORE THE CURRENT
; SYSTEM ERRORS. WITH THIS, SEVERAL ERRORS CAN BE DISPLAYED
; DISPLAYED AT THE SAME TIME.
;
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```

4AF0 47      SETERR: MOV    B,A    ;PUT THE NEW ERROR WORD IN B
4AF1 3A215A   LDA    ERRWRD ;GET THE CURRENT ERROR WORD
4AF4 B0       ORA    B     ;COMBINE THE CURRENT ERRORS WITH THE NEW
4AF5 32215A   STA    ERRWRD ;UPDATE ERROR WORD
4AF8 2F       CMA    ;COMPLEMENT FOR NEGATIVE LOGIC
4AF9 D312   OUT    PIAC   ;LIGHT THE CORRECT ERROR LEDS
4AFB C9       RET

;
; CLRERR - ROUTINE TO COMPLEMENT SETERR. THIS ROUTINE WILL TAKE
; THE ERROR BIT (LED) TO BE CLEARED (PASSED IN A) AND CLEAR
; THAT LED WHILE LEAVING THE REST ON (SET).
;

4AFC 2F      CLRERR: CMA    ;COMPLEMENT THE BIT TO BE CLEARED
4AFD 47      MOV    B,A    ;PUT THE ERROR CLEAR WORD IN B
4AFE 3A215A   LDA    ERRWRD ;GET THE CURRENT ERROR WORD
4B01 A0       ANA    B     ;COMBINE THE CLEAR WORD WITH THE CURRENT
4B02 32215A   STA    ERRWRD ;UPDATE ERROR WORD
4B05 2F       CMA    ;COMPLEMNTN FOR NEGATIVE LOGIC
4B06 D312   OUT    PIAC   ;LIGHT (OR TURN OFF) THE CORRECT LEDS
4B08 C9       RET

;
; CHKTBL - ROUTINE TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT THE LOCATION
; TOUCHED IS AMONG THE VALID LOCATIONS FOR THE CURRENT MENU.
; THE TABLE ENTRY NUMBER (OUT OF 10) WILL BE RETURNED IN
; THE VARIABLE ENTRY. IF NOT VALID, ENTRY WILL BE 0, ELSE
; ENTRY WILL BE 1-10.
;

4B09 0600   CHKTBL: MVI    B,00H  ;CLEAR B TO STORE ENTRY NUMBER
4B0B 3E00   MVI    A,00H  ;CLEAR A
4B0D 32265A  STA    ENTRY   ;CLEAR ENTRY TO BEGIN
4B10 54      MOV    D,H    ;MOVE HL TO DE SO HL CAN BE USED TO POINT
4B11 5D      MOV    E,L    ;
4B12 2A245A  LHLD   BEGTBL ;GET STARTING ADDRESS OF MENU DATA TABLE

4B15 7E      ROWMIN: MOV    A,M    ;GET ROW/COL FROM TABLE
4B16 E6F0   ANI    OFOH   ;MASK OFF ROW
4B18 4F      MOV    C,A    ;SAVE THIS IN C
4B19 7B      MOV    A,E    ;GET ROW/COL FROM PAD
4B1A E6F0   ANI    OFOH   ;MASK OFF ROW
4B1C B9      CMP    C     ;IS PAD ROW < TABLE ROW ?
4B1D DA5A4B  JC    NXTENT1 ;IF SO FORGET IT

4B20 7E      COLMIN: MOV    A,M    ;GET ROW/COL FROM TABLE
4B21 E60F   ANI    OFH    ;MASK OFF COL
4B23 4F      MOV    C,A    ;SAVE THIS IN C
4B24 7B      MOV    A,E    ;GET ROW/COL FROM PAD
4B25 E60F   ANI    OFH    ;MASK OFF COL
4B27 B9      CMP    C     ;IS PAD COL < TABLE COL ?
4B28 DA5A4B  JC    NXTENT1 ;IF SO FORGET IT

4B2B 23      ROWMAX: INX    H     ;NEXT TABLE LOCATION
4B2C 7E      MOV    A,M    ;GET ROW/COL FROM TABLE
4B2D E6F0   ANI    OFOH   ;MASK OFF ROW
4B2F 4F      MOV    C,A    ;SAVE THIS IN C
4B30 7B      MOV    A,E    ;GET ROW/COL FROM PAD
4B31 E6F0   ANI    OFOH   ;MASK OFF ROW

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4B33 B9      CMP    C      ;IS PAD ROW > TABLE ROW ?
4B34 DA3D4B   JC    COLMAX ;IF SO ONWARD
4B37 CA3D4B   JZ    COLMAX ;IF EQUAL ONWARD
4B3A C35B4B   JMP    NXTENT2 ;IF NEITHER THEN FORGET IT

4B3D 7E      COLMAX: MOV    A,M    ;GET ROW/COL FROM TABLE
4B3E E60F     ANI    OFH    ;MASK OFF COL
4B40 4F      MOV    C,A    ;SAVE THIS IN C
4B41 7B      MOV    A,E    ;GET ROW/COL FROM PAD
4B42 E60F     ANI    OFH    ;MASK OFF COL
4B44 B9      CMP    C      ;IS PAD COL > TABLE COL ?
4B45 DA4E4B   JC    VALID  ;IF SO ONWARD
4B48 CA4E4B   JZ    VALID  ;IF EQUAL ONWARD
4B4B C35B4B   JMP    NXTENT2 ;IF NEITHER THEN FORGET IT

4B4E 23      VALID: INX    H
4B4F 22275A   SHLD   MTRADDR
4B52 04      INR    B
4B53 7B      MOV    A,B
4B54 32265A   STA    ENTRY  ;STORE ENTRY NUMBER
4B57 62      MOV    H,D    ;RESTORE HL FROM DE
4B58 6B      MOV    L,E    ;
4B59 C9      RET

4B5A 23      NXTENT1: INX    H      ;INCREMENT POINTER TO TABLE DATA FOR NEXT
4B5B 23      NXTENT2: INX    H      ;ENTRY ROW/COL MINIMUM.
4B5C 23      INX    H      ;
4B5D 23      INX    H      ;
4B5E 04      INR    B      ;INCREMENT ENTRY COUNTER
4B5F 7B      MOV    A,B    ;CHECK TO SEE IF COMPLETELY THROUGH 10 ENTRIES
4B60 FE0A     CPI    OAH    ;
4B62 C2154B   JNZ    ROWMIN ;TRY NEXT ENTRY
4B65 C9      RET      ;NO VALID TOUCH, RETURN

; INITMTR - ROUTINE TO INITIALIZE THE MOTOR VARIABLES (GET THE DATA
; FROM MEMORY).
;

4B66 2A275A   INITMTR: LHLD   MTRADDR ;GET STARTING ADDRESS OF MOTOR DATA
4B69 7E      MOV    A,M    ;PUT LEFT/RIGHT MOTOR DATA IN A
4B6A E60F     ANI    OFH    ;MASK FOR RIGHT MOTOR DATA ONLY
4B6C 322C5A   STA    RMTS   ;STORE SPEED IN RIGHT MOTOR TARGET SPEED
4B6F 7E      MOV    A,M    ;GET LEFT/RIGHT MOTOR DATA AGAIN
4B70 E6F0     ANI    OFOH   ;MASK FOR LEFT MOTOR DATA ONLY
4B72 0F      RRC    .      ;ROTATE LEFT MOTOR DATA TO LS NIBBLE
4B73 0F      RRC    .      ;
4B74 0F      RRC    .      ;
4B75 0F      RRC    .      ;
4B76 322B5A   STA    LMTS   ;STORE SPEED IN LEFT MOTOR TARGET SPEED
4B79 23      INX    H      ;MOVE POINTER TO DURATION DATA
4B7A 7E      MOV    A,M    ;PUT DURATION IN A
4B7B 32315A   STA    DURATION ;STORE MOTION DURATION
4B7E 3A1F5A   LDA    RAMPCNT
4B81 32335A   STA    CNTRAMP
4B84 C9      - RET

; UPDATMTR - ROUTINE TO DETERMINE THE NEXT VALUE TO BE SENT TO THE

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; MOTOR SO THAT IT CAN EFFECTIVELY RAMP UP TO THE TARGET SPEED.
; THIS WILL THEN SEND THE PROPER CODE TO THE MOTOR D/A CIRCUIT,
; OR STOP THE MOTORS IF THE DURATION HAS BEEN FULFILLED.

; UPDATMTR:
4B85 3A335A RAMP1: LDA CNTRAMP ;GET THE CURRENT RAMP COUNTER (FOR RATE)
4B88 FE00 CPI 00H ;CHECK TO SEE IF IT IS COUNTED OUT
4B8A C2E64B JNZ LBL4 ;IF NOT, THEN CONTINUE (DCR RAMP COUNT)

4B8D 3A2C5A RS1CHK: LDA RMTS ;GET THE RIGHT MOTOR TARGET SPEED
4B90 32305A STA RMOTOR ;SET DEFAULT RIGHT MOTOR VALUE
4B93 47 MOV B,A ;TRANSFER TO B
4B94 3A2E5A LDA RMCS ;GET RIGHT MOTOR CURRENT SPEED
4B97 B8 CMP B ;COMPARE RMTS TO RMCS
4B98 CAA74B JZ LS1CHK ;IF RMTS = RMCS THEN CHECK LEFT DATA
4B98 D2A44B JNC LBL1 ;IF RMCS > RMTS THEN TO LBL1
4B9E CD2D4C CALL RGTFWD ;RMCS < RMTS SO INCREMENT FWD
4BA1 C3A74B JMP LS1CHK ;
4BA4 CD354C LBL1: CALL RGTRREV ;RMCS > RMTS SO INCREMENT REV
4BA7 3A2B5A LS1CHK: LDA LMTS ;GET THE LEFT MOTOR TARGET SPEED
4BAA 322F5A STA LMOTOR ;SET DEFAULT LEFT MOTOR VALUE
4BAD 47 MOV B,A ;TRANSFER TO B
4BAE 3A2D5A LDA LMCS ;GET LEFT MOTOR CURRENT SPEED
4BB1 B8 CMP B ;COMPARE LMTS TO LMCS
4BB2 CAC14B JZ LBL3 ;IF LMTS = LMCS THEN CHECK DURATION
4BB5 D2B84B JNC LBL2 ;IF LMCS > LMTS THEN TO LBL2
4BB8 CD3D4C CALL LFTFWD ;LMCS < LMTS SO INCREMENT FWD
4BBB C3C14B JMP LBL3 ;
4BBD CD454C LBL2: CALL LFTREV ;LMCS > LMTS SO INCREMENT REV
4BC1 3A315A LBL3: LDA DURATION ;GET THE CURRENT DURATION COUNTER
4BC4 3D DCR A ;DECREMENT THE DURATION COUNTER
4BC5 32315A STA DURATION ;STORE THE CHANGE IN VARIABLE
4BC8 3A305A LDA RMOTOR ;GET NEW MOTOR VALUE
4BCB 322E5A STA RMCS ;UPDATE THE CURRENT SPEED
4BCE 3A2F5A LDA LMOTOR ;
4BD1 322D5A STA LMCS ;
4BD4 07 RLC ;ROTATE LEFT MOTOR DATA TO MS NIBBLE
4BD5 07 RLC
4BD6 07 RLC
4BD7 07 RLC
4BD8 47 MOV B,A ;TEMPORARY TRANSFER TO B
4BD9 3A2E5A LDA RMCS ;GET NEW RIGHT MOTOR DATA
4BDC B0 ORA B ;COMBINE LEFT AND RIGHT MOTOR DATA
4BDD D341 OUT PIAE ;OUTPUT NEW MOTOR DATA TO D/A CKT
4BDF 3A1F5A LDA RAMPCNT
4BE2 32335A STA CNTRAMP
4BE5 C9 RET
4BE6 3D LBL4: DCR A ;DECREMENT THE RAMP COUNT
4BE7 32335A STA CNTRAMP ;UPDATE THE RAMP COUNTER
4BEA C9 RET

; STOP - ROUTINE TO STOP THE MOTORS, USING A RAMP TO THE STOP.
; STOP: MVI A,MTRSTOP
4BEB 3E08 STA RMTS
4BED 322C5A STA LMTS
4BF0 322B5A

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4BF3 3A2E5A      LDA      RMCS
4BF6 47          MOV      B,A
4BF7 3A2D5A      LDA      LMCS
4BFA B8          CMP      B
4BFB C2024C      JNZ      STOP2
4BFE 3E08          MVI      A,MTRSTOP
4C00 B8          CMP      B
4C01 C8          RZ
4C02 3E04          STOP2: MVI      A,STOPRMP
4C04 32335A      STA      CNTRAMP
4C07 321F5A      STA      RAMPCNT
4C0A 11000A      STOP1: LXI      D,0A00H
4C0D C08747      CALL     DELAYD
4C10 CDB54B      CALL     UPDATMTR
4C13 3A2E5A      LDA      RMCS
4C16 47          MOV      B,A
4C17 3A2D5A      LDA      LMCS
4C1A B8          CMP      B
4C1B C20A4C      JNZ      STOP1
4C1E 3E08          MVI      A,MTRSTOP
4C20 B8          CMP      B
4C21 C20A4C      JNZ      STOP1
4C24 3E00          MVI      A,00H ; ALLOW THE NEXT PAD INPUT TO BE USED
4C26 32315A      STA      DURATION
4C29 32325A      STA      LAST1
4C2C C9          RET

;
; RGT_FWD - ROUTINE TO DETERMINE RMOTOR WHICH WILL ALTER RMCS
; TO MOVE FORWARD.
;
4C2D 3A2E5A      RGT_FWD: LDA      RMCS ; OTHERWISE IF 0, GET NEW SPEED
4C30 3C          INR      A ; STEP SPEED UP BY 1
4C31 32305A      STA      RMOTOR ; STORE IN RMOTOR TO BE SENT TO MOTOR
4C34 C9          RET

;
; RGT_REV - SAME, BUT TO REVERSE.
;
4C35 3A2E5A      RGT_REV: LDA      RMCS ; OTHERWISE IF 0, GET NEW SPEED
4C38 3D          DCR      A ; STEP SPEED DOWN BY 1
4C39 32305A      STA      RMOTOR ; STORE IN RMOTOR TO BE SENT TO MOTOR
4C3C C9          RET

;
; LFT_FWD - SAME, BUT FORWARD MOTION FOR LEFT MOTOR.
;
4C3D 3A2D5A      LFT_FWD: LDA      LMCS ; OTHERWISE IF 0, GET NEW SPEED
4C40 3C          INR      A ; STEP SPEED UP BY 1
4C41 322F5A      STA      LMOTOR ; STORE IN LMOTOR TO BE SENT TO MOTOR
4C44 C9          RET

;
; LFT_REV - SAME, BUT FOR REVERSE.
;
4C45 3A2D5A      LFT_REV: LDA      LMCS ; OTHERWISE IF 0, GET NEW SPEED
4C48 3D          DCR      A ; STEP SPEED DOWN BY 1
4C49 322F5A      STA      LMOTOR ; STORE IN LMOTOR TO BE SENT TO MOTOR
4C4C C9          RET

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;
; PROMEN - ROUTINE TO ALLOW THE USER TO CREATE, RESET OR EDIT ANY
; ONE OF THE 14 POSSIBLE MENUS. IT WILL ALLOW THEM TO UPDATE
; ANY OF THE GLOBAL PARAMETERS, OR THE INDIVIDUAL AREA DATA.
;

4C4D CDEB4F PROERR: CALL RASBER ;SOUND ERROR TONE IF NEEDED
4C50 3E00 PROMEN: MVI A, FALSE
4C52 32355A STA HEARTON
4C55 3E00 MVI A, 00H ;0 OUT ENTRY VAR
4C57 32265A STA ENTRY
4C5A 3E00 PRO2MEN: MVI A, 00H
4C5C 322F5A STA LMOTOR
4C5F 32305A STA RMOTOR
4C62 CD734F CALL POLL ;WAIT FOR PAD TOUCH
4C65 3A345A LDA PADFLG ;GET PAD/MENU STATUS FLAG
4C68 FE00 CPI FALSE ;SEE IF PAD OK
4C6A CB RZ
4C6B E5 PUSH H ;SAVE TOUCH LOCATION INFO FOR LATER
4C6C 7C MOV A, H ;PUT VALID MENU NUMBER IN A
4C6D E61E ANI 00011110B ;MASK TO SET THE MENU NUMBER
4C6F FE02 CPI 00000010B ;TRYING TO CHANGE THE SAMPLE MENU?
4C71 CA4D4C JZ PROERR ;IF SO, SOUND ERROR AND RETURN, OTHERWISE...
4C74 1F RAR ;ROTATE TO GET MENU NUMBER
4C75 CD664A CALL OTHERS ;GET LOCATIONS OF GLOBAL VARIABLES,
; AND START OF MENU TABLE
4C78 E1 POP H ;RESTORE TOUCH LOCATION DATA
4C79 7D MOV A, L ;PUT TOUCH LOC. IN A FOR COMPARISONS
4C7A FE21 SNDCHK: CPI SOUND ;SOUND ON/OFF SELECTED?
4C7C C2874C JNZ RANCHK ;CHECK RANGING IF NOT
4C7F 3E02 MVI A, SONOFF ;GET SOUND ON/OFF MASK
4C81 CD574F CALL ONOFF ;TOGGLE FROM ON TO OFF, VISA VERSA
4C84 C35A4C JMP PRO2MEN
4C87 FE31 RANCHK: CPI RANGE ;RANGING ON/OFF SELECTED?
4C89 C2944C JNZ RRCHK ;CHECK RAMP-RATE IF NOT
4C8C 3E04 MVI A, RONOFF ;GET RANGING ON/OFF MASK
4C8E CD574F CALL ONOFF ;TOGGLE FROM ON TO OFF, VISA VERSA
4C91 C35A4C JMP PRO2MEN
4C94 FE41 RRCHK: CPI RAMP ;RAMP RATE SELECTED?
4C96 C2B54C JNZ LRD ;CHECK LEFT RANGING DISTANCE IF NOT
4C99 CD0C4F CALL HORN1 ;HIGH BEEP
4C9C 3EEE MVI A, BAR2BEG ;GET BEGINNING ROW/COLUMN OF BAR 2
4C9E CDD04E CALL BARREAD ;WAIT FOR PAD TOUCH, RETURN VALUE OF 0-10 IN A
4CA1 47 MOV B, A ;TEMPORARY XFER TO B
4CA2 E6F0 ANI 0FOH ;MASK TO SEE IF ANY VALUE IN MS NIBBLE
4CA4 FE00 CPI 00H ;
4CA6 C24D4C JNZ PROERR ;IF ANYTHING IN MS NIBBLE, THEN THERE WAS
;AN INVALID TOUCH, SO SOUND ERROR AND RETURN
4CA9 78 MOV A, B ;RESTORE A TO B
4CAA C601 ADI 01H ;ADD ONE TO THE RATE, 'CAUSE 0 RATE NO GOOD
4CAC CD4E4F CALL RRATE ;UPDATE TABLE VALUE OF RAMP RATE
4CAF CD0250 CALL HORN2 ;LOW BEEP
4CB2 C35A4C JMP PRO2MEN
4CB5 FE71 LRD: CPI LEFTR ;LEFT RANGING SELECTED
4CB7 C2DA4C JNZ RRD ;CHECK MOTOR DURATION IF NOT
4CBA CD0C4F CALL HORN1 ;HIGH BEEP
4CBD 3EEE MVI A, BAR2BEG ;GET BEGINNING ROW/COLUMN OF BAR 2

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4CBF CDD04E      CALL    BARREAD ;WAIT FOR PAD TOUCH, RETURN VALUE OF 0-10 IN A
4CC2 47          MOV     B,A   ;TEMPORARY XFER TO B
4CC3 E6F0          ANI    OFOH  ;MASK TO SEE IF ANY VALUE IN MS NIBBLE
4CC5 FE00          CPI    OOH   ;
4CC7 C24D4C        JNZ    PROERR ;IF ANYTHING IN MS NIBBLE, THEN THERE WAS
                                ;AN INVALID TOUCH, SO SOUND ERROR AND RETURN
4CCA 78          MOV     A,B   ;RESTORE A TO B
4CCB 87          ADD     A      ;DOUBLE VALUE FOR RANGING DISTANCE
4CCC C60C          ADI    USSTOP ;ADD 0 'CAUSE 0 NO GOOD
4CCE 2A225A        LHLD   GBLTBL ;PUT START OF TABLE ADDRESS IN POINTER
4CD1 CDCA4E        CALL   LRUDATE ;UPDATE LEFT RANGING VALUE IN TABLE
4CD4 CDD0250        CALL   HORN2  ;LOW BEEP
4CD7 C35A4C        JMP    PRO2MEN
4CDA FE81          RRD:   CPI    RIGHTR ;LEFT RANGING SELECTED
4CDC C2FF4C        JNZ    FRD   ;CHECK MOTOR DURATION IF NOT
4CDF CDFA4F        CALL   HORN1  ;HIGH BEEP
4CE2 3EEE          MVI    A,BAR2BEG ;GET BEGINNING ROW/COLUMN OF BAR 2
4CE4 CDD04E          CALL   BARREAD ;WAIT FOR PAD TOUCH, RETURN VALUE OF 0-10 IN A
4CE7 47          MOV     B,A   ;TEMPORARY XFER TO B
4CE8 E6F0          ANI    OFOH  ;MASK TO SEE IF ANY VALUE IN MS NIBBLE
4CEA FE00          CPI    OOH   ;
4CED C24D4C        JNZ    PROERR ;IF ANYTHING IN MS NIBBLE, THEN THERE WAS
                                ;AN INVALID TOUCH, SO SOUND ERROR AND RETURN
4CEF 78          MOV     A,B   ;RESTORE A TO B
4CF0 87          ADD     A      ;DOUBLE VALUE FOR RANGING DISTANCE
4CF1 C60C          ADI    USSTOP ;ADD 0 'CAUSE 0 NO GOOD
4CF3 2A225A        LHLD   GBLTBL ;PUT START OF TABLE ADDRESS IN POINTER
4CF6 CDC94E        CALL   RRUDATE ;UPDATE LEFT RANGING VALUE IN TABLE
4CF9 CDD0250        CALL   HORN2  ;LOW BEEP
4CFC C35A4C        JMP    PRO2MEN
4CFF FE61          FRD:   CPI    FRONTR ;LEFT RANGING SELECTED
4D01 C2244D        JNZ    BRD   ;CHECK MOTOR DURATION IF NOT
4D04 CDFA4F        CALL   HORN1  ;HIGH BEEP
4D07 3EEE          MVI    A,BAR2BEG ;GET BEGINNING ROW/COLUMN OF BAR 2
4D09 CDD04E          CALL   BARREAD ;WAIT FOR PAD TOUCH, RETURN VALUE OF 0-10 IN A
4D0C 47          MOV     B,A   ;TEMPORARY XFER TO B
4D0D E6F0          ANI    OFOH  ;MASK TO SEE IF ANY VALUE IN MS NIBBLE
4D0F FE00          CPI    OOH   ;
4D11 C24D4C        JNZ    PROERR ;IF ANYTHING IN MS NIBBLE, THEN THERE WAS
                                ;AN INVALID TOUCH, SO SOUND ERROR AND RETURN
4D14 78          MOV     A,B   ;RESTORE A TO B
4D15 87          ADD     A      ;DOUBLE VALUE FOR RANGING DISTANCE
4D16 C60C          ADI    USSTOP ;ADD 0 'CAUSE 0 NO GOOD
4D18 2A225A        LHLD   GBLTBL ;PUT START OF TABLE ADDRESS IN POINTER
4D1B CDCB4E        CALL   FRUDATE ;UPDATE LEFT RANGING VALUE IN TABLE
4D1E CDD0250        CALL   HORN2  ;LOW BEEP
4D21 C35A4C        JMP    PRO2MEN
4D24 FE51          BRD:   CPI    BACKR ;LEFT RANGING SELECTED
4D26 C2494D        JNZ    DEFAREA ;CHECK MOTOR DURATION IF NOT
4D29 CDFA4F        CALL   HORN1  ;HIGH BEEP
4D2C 3EEE          MVI    A,BAR2BEG ;GET BEGINNING ROW/COLUMN OF BAR 2
4D2E CDD04E          CALL   BARREAD ;WAIT FOR PAD TOUCH, RETURN VALUE OF 0-10 IN A
4D31 47          MOV     B,A   ;TEMPORARY XFER TO B
4D32 E6F0          ANI    OFOH  ;MASK TO SEE IF ANY VALUE IN MS NIBBLE
4D34 FE00          CPI    OOH   ;
4D36 C24D4C        JNZ    PROERR ;IF ANYTHING IN MS NIBBLE, THEN THERE WAS

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4D39 78      MOV    A,B      ;AN INVALID TOUCH, SO SOUND ERROR AND RETURN
4D3A B7      ADD    A      ;RESTORE A TO B
4D3B C60C      ADI    USSTOP ;DOUBLE VALUE FOR RANGING DISTANCE
4D3D 2A225A      LHLD   GBLTBL ;ADD 0 'CAUSE 0 NO GOOD
4E40 CDCC4E      CALL   BRUDATE ;PUT START OF TABLE ADDRESS IN POINTER
4D43 CD0250      CALL   HORN2  ;UPDATE LEFT RANGING VALUE IN TABLE
4D46 C35A4C      CALL   LOWBEEP
4D49 FEA1      DEFAREA: CPI - ;LOW BEEP
4D4B C2A24D      JNZ    SELAREA ;DEFINE MENU SELECTED?
4D4E CDFC4F      CALL   HORN1
4D51 3EEE      MVI    A,BAR2BEG ;CHECK SELECT AREA IF NOT
4D53 CDD04E      CALL   BARREAD ;GET BEGINNING ROW/COLUMN OF BAR 2
4D56 47      MOV    B,A      ;WAIT FOR PAD TOUCH, RETURN VALUE OF 0-10 IN A
4D57 E6F0      ANI    OFOH     ;TEMPORARY XFER TO B
4D59 FE00      CPI    00H     ;MASK TO SEE IF ANY VALUE IN MS NIBBLE
4D5B C24D4C      JNZ    PROERR ;IF ANYTHING IN MS NIBBLE, THEN THERE WAS
                                ;AN INVALID TOUCH, SO SOUND ERROR AND RETURN
4D5E 78      MOV    A,B      ;RESTORE A TO B
4D5F FE00      CPI    00H     ;SEE IF 0 SELECTED AS ENTRY NUMBER (1-10 OK)
4D61 C2674D      JNZ    DEFOK1 ;IF 0 NOT SELECTED, THEN CONTINUE
4D64 C34D4C      JMP    PROERR ;OTHERWISE CALL RASPBERRIES, RETURN TO PROMEN
4D67 CDFC4F      DEFOK1: CALL   HORN1
4D6A 32265A      STA    ENTRY   ;STORE 1-10 NUMBER TEMPORARILY IN ENTRY VAR
4D6D CD734F      CALL   POLL    ;GET UPPER LEFT CORNER OF BOX (MIN VALUES)
4D70 CDFC4F      CALL   HORN1
4D73 55      MOV    D,L      ;GET LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF BOX (MAX VALUES)
4D74 D5      PUSH   D      ;PUT MIN VALUES IN D
4D75 CD734F      CALL   POLL    ;SAVE FIRST TOUCH LOCATION
4D78 D1      POP    D      ;GET LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF BOX (MAX VALUES)
4D79 5D      MOV    E,L      ;GET FIRST TOUCH LOCATION (MIN VALS)
4D7A 3A265A      LDA    ENTRY   ;PUT MAX DATA IN E
4D7D 2A245A      LHLD   BEGTBL ;GET THE CURRENT ENTRY NUMBER FROM MEM
4D80 D601      SUI    01H      ;SET MEM POINTER AT START OF ENTRIES
4D82 FE00      DEFOK2: CPI - ;REDUCE ENTRY NUMBER BY 1, TO GET LOOP CNTR
4D84 CABF4D      JZ    DEFOK3 ;IS A DOWN TO 0 YET?
4D87 23      INX    H      ;IF SO, THEN POINTER IS AT CURRENT ENTRY
4D88 23      INX    H      ;OTHERWISE INCREMENT POINTER 4 TIMES TO
4D89 23      INX    H      ;GET TO NEXT ENTRY IN TABLE
4D8A 23      INX    H
4D8B 3D      DCR    A      ;INCREMENT ENTRY COUNTER (NOW AT NEXT ENTRY)
4D8C C3824D      JMP    DEFOK2 ;DECREMENT ENTRY COUNTER (NOW AT NEXT ENTRY)
4D8F 22295A      DEFOK3: SHLD   POINTER ;REPEAT CHECK
4D92 72      MOV    M,D      ;SAVE STARTING ADDRESS OF POINTER
4D93 23      INX    H      ;PUT MIN VALS IN TABLE
4D94 73      MOV    M,E      ;INCREMENT POINTER TO MAX VAL LOCATION
4D95 CD0250      CALL   HORN2  ;PUT MAX VALS IN TABLE
4D98 2A225A      LHLD   GBLTBL ;SOUND LOW (FINISH) HORN
4D9B 7E      MOV    A,M      ;GET TABLE CONTROL WORD
4D9C E6FE      ANI    1111110B ;RESTORE THE CONTROL WORD
4D9E 77      MOV    M,A      ;CLEAR BIT 0 TO SIGNAL MENU NOT EMPTY
4D9F C35A4C      JMP    PRO2MEN ;RETURN W/OUT ZEROING OUT ENTRY
4DA2 FEB1      SELAREA: CPI - ;SELECT AREA SELECTED?
4DA4 C2E14D      JNZ    LMTR    ;CHECK LEFT MOTOR SPEED IF NOT
4DA7 CDFC4F      CALL   HORN1
4DA8 3EEE      MVI    A,BAR2BEG ;RETURN W/OUT ZEROING OUT ENTRY

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4DAC CDD04E      CALL  BARREAD ;WAIT FOR PAD TOUCH, RETURN VALUE OF 0-10 IN A
4DAF 47          MOV   B,A    ;TEMPORARY XFER TO B
4DB0 E6F0          ANI   OFOH   ;MASK TO SEE IF ANY VALUE IN MS NIBBLE
4DB2 FE00          CPI   00H    ;
4DB4 C24D4C        JNZ   PROERR ;IF ANYTHING IN MS NIBBLE, THEN THERE WAS
                                ;AN INVALID TOUCH, SO SOUND ERROR AND RETURN
4DB7 78          MOV   A,B    ;RESTORE A TO B
4DBB FE00          CPI   00H    ;SEE IF 0 SELECTED AS ENTRY NUMBER (1-10 OK)
4DBA C2C04D        JNZ   SELOK1 ;IF 0 NOT SELECTED, THEN CONTINUE
4DBD C34D4C        JMP   PROERR ;OTHERWISE CALL RASPBERRIES, RETURN TO PROMEN
4DC0 CDFC4F        SELOK1: CALL  HORN1
4DC3 32265A        STA   ENTRY  ;STORE IN ENTRY VAR FOR TIME BEING
4DC6 2A245A        LHLD  BEGTBL ;SET MEM POINTER AT START OF ENTRIES
4DC9 D601          SUI   01H    ;REDUCE ENTRY NUMBER BY 1, TO GET LOOP CNTR
4DCB FE00          SELOK2: CPI   00H    ;IS A DOWN TO 0 YET?
4DCD CAD84D        JZ    SELOK3 ;IF SO, THEN POINTER IS AT CURRENT ENTRY
4DD0 23           INX   H      ;OTHERWISE INCREMENT POINTER 4 TIMES TO
4DD1 23           INX   H      ;GET TO NEXT ENTRY IN TABLE
4DD2 23           INX   H
4DD3 23           INX   H
4DD4 3D           DCR   A      ;DECREMENT ENTRY COUNTER (NOW AT NEXT ENTRY)
4DD5 C3CB4D        JMP   SELOK2 ;REPEAT CHECK
4DD8 22295A        SELOK3: SHLD  POINTER ;SAVE STARTING ADDRESS OF POINTER
4DDB CD0250        CALL  HORN2  ;LOW BEEP (FINISH)
4DDE C35A4C        JMP   PRO2MEN ;RETURN W/OUT ZEROING OUT ENTRY
4DE1 FEC1          LMTR: CPI   LEFTM  ;WAS LEFT MOTOR SETTING SELECTED?
4DE3 C2F64D        JNZ   RMTR   ;IF NOT, CHECK THE RIGHT MOTOR LOCATION
4DE6 3EFF          MVI   A,TRUE  ;SET FLAG FOR LEFT MOTOR DATA
4DEB 322F5A        STA   LMOTOR
4DEB 3A265A        LDA   ENTRY  ;GET THE TABLE ENTRY VALUE
4DEE FE00          CPI   00H    ;SEE IF CURRENT ENTRY IS 0 (SHOULD NOT BE)
4DF0 C20B4E        JNZ   MOK1   ;IF NOT 0, THEN CONTINUE
4DF3 C34D4C        JMP   PROERR ;OTHERWISE SOUND ALARM AND RETURN
4DF6 FED1          RMTR: CPI   RIGHTM ;WAS LEFT MOTOR SETTING SELECTED?
4DF8 C24A4E        JNZ   DUR    ;IF NOT, CHECK THE RIGHT MOTOR LOCATION
4DFB 3E00          MVI   A,FALSE ;CLEAR FLAG FOR LEFT MOTOR DATA
4DFD 322F5A        STA   LMOTOR
4E00 3A265A        LDA   ENTRY  ;GET THE TABLE ENTRY VALUE
4E03 FE00          CPI   00H    ;SEE IF CURRENT ENTRY IS 0 (SHOULD NOT BE)
4E05 C20B4E        JNZ   MOK1   ;IF NOT 0, THEN CONTINUE
4E08 C34D4C        JMP   PROERR ;OTHERWISE SOUND ALARM AND RETURN
4E0B CDFC4F        MOK1: CALL  HORN1
4E0E 3EEB          MVI   A,BAR1BEG ;GET BEGINNING ROW/COLUMN OF BAR 1
4E10 CDD04E        CALL  BARREAD ;WAIT FOR PAD TOUCH, RETURN VALUE OF 0-10 IN A
4E13 47          MOV   B,A    ;TEMPORARY XFER TO B
4E14 E6F0          ANI   OFOH   ;MASK TO SEE IF ANY VALUE IN MS NIBBLE
4E16 FE00          CPI   00H    ;
4E18 C24D4C        JNZ   PROERR ;IF ANYTHING IN MS NIBBLE, THEN THERE WAS
                                ;AN INVALID TOUCH, SO SOUND ERROR AND RETURN
4E1B 2A295A        LHLD  POINTER ;SET MEM POINTER TO CORRECT ENTRY
4E1E 23           INX   H      ;GET TO LEFT MOTOR DATA
4E1F 23           INX   H
4E20 3A2F5A        LDA   LMOTOR ;GET LEFT MOTOR SETTING FLAG
4E23 FE00          CPI   FALSE  ;IF FALSE, THEN ENTERING RIGHT MOTOR DATA
4E25 CA3B4E        JZ    RSET   ;GO TO SET RIGHT MOTOR SPEED
4E28 78           MOV   A,B    ;GET BAR INPUT BACK

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4E29 C603      ADI    03H ;ADD 3 TO GET CORRECT MOTOR DATA
4E2B 07        RLC
4E2C 07        RLC
4E2D 07        RLC
4E2E 07        RLC
4E2F 47        MOV    B,A ;PUT IN B AGAIN
4E30 7E        MOV    A,M ;GET CURRENT MOTOR SETTING
4E31 E60F      ANI    OFH ;CLEAR OUT OLD LEFT MOTOR DATA
4E33 B0        ORA    B ;COMBINE NEW LEFT DATA W/OLD RIGHT DATA
4E34 77        MOV    M,A ;RESTORE IN TABLE
4E35 CD0250    CALL   HORN2 ;LOW BEEP (FINISH)
4E38 C35A4C    JMP    PRO2MEN
4E3B 78        RSET: MOV    A,B ;GET BAR INPUT BACK
4E3C C603      ADI    03H ;ADD 3 TO GET CORRECT MOTOR DATA
4E3E 47        MOV    B,A ;PUT BACK IN B AGAIN
4E3F 7E        MOV    A,M ;GET OLD MOTOR DATA (CURRENT SETTINGS)
4E40 E6F0      ANI    OFOH ;CLEAR OUT OLD RIGHT MOTOR DATA
4E42 B0        ORA    B ;COMBINE OLD LEFT DATA W/NEW RIGHT
4E43 77        MOV    M,A ;RESTORE IN TABLE
4E44 CD0250    CALL   HORN2 ;LOW BEEP (FINISH)
4E47 C35A4C    JMP    PRO2MEN
4E4A FEE1      DUR:  CPI    TIME ;DURATION AREA SELECTED?
4E4C C27F4E    JNZ    RESMEN ;CHECK RESET MENU SELECTION
4E4F 3A265A    LDA    ENTRY ;GET THE TABLE ENTRY VALUE
4E52 FE00      CPI    00H ;SEE IF CURRENT ENTRY IS 0 (SHOULD NOT BE)
4E54 C25A4E    JNZ    DOK1 ;IF NOT 0, THEN CONTINUE
4E57 C34D4C    JMP    PROERR ;OTHERWISE SOUND ALARM AND RETURN
4E5A CD0C4F    DOK1: CALL   HORN1
4E5D 3EEE      MVI    A,BAR2BEG ;GET BEGINNING ROW/COLUMN OF BAR 2
4E5F CD004E    CALL   BARREAD ;WAIT FOR PAD TOUCH, RETURN VALUE OF 0-10 IN A
4E62 47        MOV    B,A ;TEMPORARY XFER TO B
4E63 E6F0      ANI    OFOH ;MASK TO SEE IF ANY VALUE IN MS NIBBLE
4E65 FE00      CPI    00H ;
4E67 C24D4C    JNZ    PROERR ;IF ANYTHING IN MS NIBBLE, THEN THERE WAS
                                ;AN INVALID TOUCH, SO SOUND ERROR AND RETURN
4E6A 78        MOV    A,B ;RESTORE TOUCH BAR VALUE
4E6B 2600      MVI    H,00H ;0 OUT H FOR MULT
4E6D 6F        MOV    L,A ;PUT VALUE IN L FOR MULT
4E6E CD4F49    CALL   MULT10 ;MULTIPLY TOUCHED BAR VALUE BY 10
4E71 7D        MOV    A,L ;GET VALUE*10 FROM L (NEVER > FFH)
4E72 2A295A    LHLD   POINTER ;SET MEM POINTER AT CORRECT ENTRY IN TABLE
4E75 23        INX    H ;MOVE POINTER TO DURATION LOCATION IN TABLE
4E76 23        INX    H
4E77 23        INX    H
4E78 77        MOV    M,A ;PUT NEW DURATION IN TABLE
4E79 CD0250    CALL   HORN2 ;LOW BEEP (FINISH)
4E7C C35A4C    JMP    PRO2MEN
4E7F FE09      RESMEN: CPI    RESET ;WAS THE RESET MENU FUNCTION SELECTED?
4E81 C24D4C    JNZ    PROERR ;RETURN AND SOUND ERROR IF NO MENU CHOICE
                                ; WAS SELECTED (BAD TOUCH)
4E84 CD0C4F    CALL   HORN1 ;BEEP TO ACKNOWLEDGE THE FIRST TOUCH
4E87 CD734F    CALL   POLL  ;WAIT FOR SECOND RESET TO VERIFY
4E8A 7D        MOV    A,L
4E8B FE09      CPI    RESET ;WAS THE RESET VERIFIED?
4E8D C24D4C    JNZ    PROERR ;RETURN WITH ERROR SOUND IF NOT.
4E90 CD0C4F    CALL   HORN1

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4E93 2A225A      LHLD    GBLTBL ;OTHERWISE, RESET MENU
4E96 3E07      MVI     A,00000111B ;SET CONTROL WORD FOR RESET MENU,
                           ; SOUND ON, RANGING ON.
4E98 77       MOV     M,A      ;STORE MENU CONTROL WORD IN TABLE
4E99 23       INX     H
4E9A 3E04      MVI     A,04H   ;DEFAULT RAMP RATE
4E9C 77       MOV     M,A
4E9D 23       INX     H
4E9E 3E0A      MVI     A,0AH   ;DEFAULT A, B, C AND D RANGING DISTANCES
4EA0 77       MOV     M,A
4EA1 23       INX     H
4EA2 77       MOV     M,A
4EA3 23       INX     H
4EA4 77       MOV     M,A
4EA5 23       INX     H
4EA6 77       MOV     M,A
4EA7 23       INX     H
                           ;DONE WITH GLOBAL VARS (ALL DEFAULT NOW)
4EB8 060A      MVI     B,0AH   ;LOAD COUNTER FOR TEN MENU AREA TO DEFAULT
4EAA 3E00      DEFLT: MVI     A,00H   ;STORE 0'S IN ROW/COL MIN/MAX FOR DEFAULTS
4EAC 77       MOV     M,A
4EAD 23       INX     H
4EAE 77       MOV     M,A
4EAF 23       INX     H
4EB0 3E08      MVI     A,MTRSTOP ;SET SPEED DEFAULTS (LEFT/RIGHT) AT STOP
4EB2 07       RLC
4EB3 07       RLC
4EB4 07       RLC
4EB5 07       RLC
4EB6 F608      ORI     MTRSTOP
4EB8 77       MOV     M,A
4EB9 23       INX     H
4EBA 3E00      MVI     A,00H   ;DEFAULT DURATION TO 0
4EBC 77       MOV     M,A
4EBD 23       INX     H
4EBE 05       DCR     B      ;DECREMENT TABLE ENTRY COUNTER
4EBF B8       CMP     B      ;IS COUNT DOWN TO ZERO?
4EC0 C2AA4E      JNZ     DEFLT ;REPEAT FOR NEXT ENTRY IF NOT
4EC3 CD0250      CALL    HORN2  ;CALL LOW TONE TO SIGNAL DONE
4EC6 C35A4C      JMP     PR02MEN

;
; RRUDATE, LRUDATE, FRUDATE, BRUDATE - ROUTINES TO MODIFY THE EXISTING
; VALUES FOR RANGING DISTANCE (RRUDATE=RIGHT RANGE UPDATE)
;
4EC9 23       RRUDATE: INX   H      ;POINTER AT DESIRED RANGE IN TABLE
4ECA 23       LRUDATE: INX   H
4ECB 23       FRUDATE: INX   H
4ECC 23       BRUDATE: INX   H
4ECD 23           INX   H
4ECE 77       MOV     M,A      ;PUT NEW RANGING DISTANCE IN TABLE
4ECF C9           RET

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;

; BARREAD - ROUTINE TO TAKE THE ROW/COLUMN START OF THE BAR,
;           AND RETURN A NUMBER 1-11 CORRESPONDING TO BAR LOCATIONS
;           0-10. THIS VALUE CAN THEN BE MANIPULATED TO DO WHATEVER.
;

4ED0 F5      BARREAD: PUSH    PSW
4ED1 CD734F   CALL      POLL     ;WAIT FOR PAD TOUCH
4ED4 F1      POP      PSW
4ED5 BD      RRO:     CMP      L       ;TOUCHED WHERE ON THE BAR?
4ED6 C2DC4E   JNZ      RR1      ;IF NOT, CHECK THE NEXT
4ED9 3E00      MVI      A,00H   ;RETURN VALUE TOUCHED ON THE BAR
4EDB C9      RET
4EDC CD444F   RR1:     CALL      MSNDCR ;DECREMENT MS NIBBLE
4EDF BD      CMP      L       ;TOUCHED WHERE ON THE BAR?
4EE0 C2E64E   JNZ      RR2      ;IF NOT, CHECK THE NEXT
4EE3 3E01      MVI      A,01H   ;RETURN VALUE TOUCHED ON THE BAR
4EE5 C9      RET
4EE6 CD444F   RR2:     CALL      MSNDCR ;DECREMENT MS NIBBLE
4EE9 BD      CMP      L       ;TOUCHED WHERE ON THE BAR?
4EEA C2F04E   JNZ      RR3      ;IF NOT, CHECK THE NEXT
4EED 3E02      MVI      A,02H   ;RETURN VALUE TOUCHED ON THE BAR
4EEF C9      RET
4EF0 CD444F   RR3:     CALL      MSNDCR ;DECREMENT MS NIBBLE
4EF3 BD      CMP      L       ;TOUCHED WHERE ON THE BAR?
4EF4 C2FA4E   JNZ      RR4      ;IF NOT, CHECK THE NEXT
4EF7 3E03      MVI      A,03H   ;RETURN VALUE TOUCHED ON THE BAR
4EF9 C9      RET
4EFA CD444F   RR4:     CALL      MSNDCR ;DECREMENT MS NIBBLE
4EFD BD      CMP      L       ;TOUCHED WHERE ON THE BAR?
4EFE C2044F   JNZ      RR5      ;IF NOT, CHECK THE NEXT
4F01 3E04      MVI      A,04H   ;RETURN VALUE TOUCHED ON THE BAR
4F03 C9      RET
4F04 CD444F   RR5:     CALL      MSNDCR ;DECREMENT MS NIBBLE
4F07 BD      CMP      L       ;TOUCHED WHERE ON THE BAR?
4F08 C20E4F   JNZ      RR6      ;IF NOT, CHECK THE NEXT
4F0B 3E05      MVI      A,05H   ;RETURN VALUE TOUCHED ON THE BAR
4F0D C9      RET
4F0E CD444F   RR6:     CALL      MSNDCR ;DECREMENT MS NIBBLE
4F11 BD      CMP      L       ;TOUCHED WHERE ON THE BAR?
4F12 C2184F   JNZ      RR7      ;IF NOT, CHECK THE NEXT
4F15 3E06      MVI      A,06H   ;RETURN VALUE TOUCHED ON THE BAR
4F17 C9      RET
4F18 CD444F   RR7:     CALL      MSNDCR ;DECREMENT MS NIBBLE
4F1B BD      CMP      L       ;TOUCHED WHERE ON THE BAR?
4F1C C2224F   JNZ      RR8      ;IF NOT, CHECK THE NEXT
4F1F 3E07      MVI      A,07H   ;RETURN VALUE TOUCHED ON THE BAR
4F21 C9      RET
4F22 CD444F   RR8:     CALL      MSNDCR ;DECREMENT MS NIBBLE
4F25 BD      CMP      L       ;TOUCHED WHERE ON THE BAR?
4F26 C2204F   JNZ      RR9      ;IF NOT, CHECK THE NEXT
4F29 3E08      MVI      A,08H   ;RETURN VALUE TOUCHED ON THE BAR
4F2B C9      RET

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4F2C CD444F    RR9:   CALL    MSNDCR ;DECREMENT MS NIBBLE
4F2F BD          CMP     L      ;TOUCHED WHERE ON THE BAR?
4F30 C2364F    JNZ     RR10  ;IF NOT, CHECK THE NEXT
4F33 3E09       MVI     A,09H ;RETURN VALUE TOUCHED ON THE BAR
4F35 C9          RET
4F36 CD444F    RR10:  CALL    MSNDCR ;DECREMENT MS NIBBLE
4F39 BD          CMP     L      ;TOUCHED WHERE ON THE BAR?
4F3A C2404F    JNZ     BADENT1;IF NOT, SOUND ALARM AND RETURN
4F3D 3E0A       MVI     A,0AH ;RETURN VALUE TOUCHED ON THE BAR
4F3F C9          RET
4F40 CDEB4F    BADENT1: CALL    RASBER ;SOUND RASBERRIES (BAD ENTRY NOISE)
4F43 C9          RET
;
;
; MSNDCR - ROUTINE TO DECREMENT THE MS NIBBLE OF A BYTE
;
4F44 0F          MSNDCR: RRC           ;PUT HIGH NIBBLE IN LOW
4F45 0F          RRC
4F46 0F          RRC
4F47 0F          RRC
4F48 3D          DCR     A      ;DECREMENT HIGH NIBBLE
4F49 07          RLC     ;RETURN HIGH NIBBLE TO HIGH SPOT
4F4A 07          RLC
4F4B 07          RLC
4F4C 07          RLC
4F4D C9          RET
;
;
; RRATE - ROUTINE TO MODIFY THE RAMP RATE VALUE IN THE CURRENT.
;
4F4E 2A225A    RRATE: LHLD   GBLTBL ;GET STARTING LOCATION OF THE TABLE
4F51 23          INX     H      ;MOVE POINTER TO RAMP RATE
4F52 77          MOV     M,A    ;PUT NEW RAMP RATE IN TABLE
4F53 CD0250    CALL    HORN2  ;LOW BEEP TO SIGNAL DONE
4F56 C9          RET
;
;
; ONOFF - ROUTINE TO TOGGLE THE STATUS OF THE BIT PASSED IN A
; IN THE MENU CONTROL WORD, TURNING SOUND/RANGING, ON/OFF.
;
4F57 47          ONOFF:  MOV     B,A    ;XFER MASK TO B
4F58 2A225A    LHLD   GBLTBL ;POINT TO FIRST LOCATION OF CURRENT TABLE
4F5B 4E          MOV     C,M    ;PUT CURRENT MENU CONTROL WORD IN C
4F5C 79          MOV     A,C    ;PUT " " " " " A
4F5D A0          ANA     B      ;AND SELECTED BIT WITH CONTROL WORD
4F5E B8          CMP     B      ;COMPARE WITH SELECTED BIT
4F5F CA694F    JZ     TURNOFF;IF SELECTED BIT IS A 1, THEN MAKE A 0
4F62 79          TURNON: MOV     A,C    ;PUT CURRENT MENU CONTROL WORD BACK IN A
4F63 B0          ORA     B      ;SET SELECTED BIT HIGH.
4F64 77          MOV     M,A    ;RESTORE CONTROL WORD TO TABLE
4F65 CDFC4F    CALL    HORN1  ;HIGH BEEP TO SIGNAL ON
4F68 C9          RET
4F69 78          TURNOFF: MOV     A,B    ;GET SELECTED BIT MASK
4F6A 2F          CMA

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4F6B 47      MOV     B,A      ;PUT BACK IN B
4F6C 79      MOV     A,C      ;PUT CURRENT MENU CONTROL WORD IN A
4F6D A0      ANA     B       ;AND COMPLEMENT OF SELECTED BIT MASK WITH A
4F6E 77      MOV     M,A      ;RESTORE CONTROL WORD TO TABLE
4F6F CD0250   CALL    HORN2    ;LOW BEEP TO SIGNAL OFF
4F72 C9      RET

;
;

; POLL - POLL THE TOUCH-PAD TO WAIT FOR A TOUCH, AND THEN WAIT FOR
; A NO TOUCH (THE OBJECT REMOVED FROM THE PAD).
;

4F73 CD5D48   POLL:   CALL    EXTCCHK ;CHECK FOR 'E' FROM CONSOL
4F76 CD9C4F   CALL    PDMNCHK ;CHECK FOR PAD, MENU ERROR AND SEE IF
                           ;STILL THE PROGRAM MENU.

4F79 3A345A   LDA     PADFLG  ;GET PAD/MENU STATUS FLAG
4F7C FE00     CPI     FALSE   ;SEE IF PAD OK
4F7E CB      RZ
4F7F 7C      MOV     A,H      ;GET TOUCH STATUS WORD
4F80 E680     ANI     TOUCH   ;CHECK FOR A TOUCH
4F82 FE80     CPI     TOUCH
4F84 C2734F   JNZ     POLL
4F87 D5      NTCH:  PUSH    D
4F88 110002   LXI    D,0200H
4F8B 1B      DELAYG: DCX    D          ;DECREMENT DELAY COUNT
4F8C 7A      MOV     A,D      ;COMPARE D AND E
4F8D B3      ORA     E       ;CHECK TO SEE IF DE=0
4F8E C2BB4F   JNZ     DELAYG  ;REPEAT IF <>0
4F91 D1      POP    D
4F92 DB11     IN      PIAB   ;WAIT FOR NO TOUCH
4F94 E601     ANI    BEAMSK
4F96 FE01     CPI    BEAMSK
4F98 CAB74F   JZ      NTCH   ;IF TOUCH, CONTINUE TO LOOP
4F9B C9      RET

;
;

; PDMNCHK - ROUTINE TO CHECK THE PAD AND MENU, SIGNAL ERRORS AND LOOP
; IF THERE ARE ANY, OR CONTINUE IF NOT. ALSO, THIS WILL
; CHECK TO SEE THAT THE PROMEN MENU IS STILL IN PLACE, AND
; RETURN IF NOT.
;

4F9C 3EFF     PDMNCHK: MVI    A,TRUE  ;SET PAD/MENU OK FLAG TO TRUE (BEGINNING)
4F9E 32345A   STA    PADFLG ;
4FA1 DB11     IN      PIAB   ;READ THE +5 LOOP FROM THE PAD CONNECTOR
4FA3 E680     ANI    PADLOOP ;MASK TO DETERMINE THE CONNECTOR STATUS
4FA5 FE80     CPI    PADLOOP ;VALUE READ, 1=CONNECTED, 0=DISCONNECTED
4FA7 CABAA4F   JZ      PADOK5 ;CONTINUE IF PAD CONNECTED
4FAA 3E01     MVI    A,PADLED ;GET DATA TO LIGHT PAD ERROR LED
4FAC CDF04A   CALL   SETERR ;LIGHT THE PAD ERROR LED
4FAF 3E40     MVI    A,MENERR; PAD ERROR WILL GIVE MENU ERROR
4FB1 CDFC4A   CALL   CLRERR ;SO CLEAR MENU LED
4FB4 3E00     MVI    A, FALSE ;SIGNAL PAD/MENU OK FLAG AS NOT OK
4FB6 32345A   STA    PADFLG ;
4FB9 C9      RET

4FBA 3E01     PADOK5: MVI    A,PADLED ;GET DATA TO CLEAR PAD LED
4FBC CDFC4A   CALL   CLRERR ;CLEAR THE PAD LED (ALL IS OK)

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4FBF CDFD46      CALL    PADRD   ;DETERMINE MENU NUMBER OR STATUS (IF ERROR)
4FC2 7C          MOV     A,H     ;PUT MENU NUMBER (STATUS) IN (A)
4FC3 E640      ANI     MENERR ;MASK FOR MENU ERROR
4FC5 FE40      CPI     MENERR ;MASK FOR MENU ERROR
4FC7 C2D54F      JNZ    PADOK6 ;IF VALID MENU, THEN PROCEED, OTHERWISE...
4FCA 3E02      MVI     A,MENLED ;GET DATA TO LIGHT THE MENU ERROR LED
4FCC CDF04A      CALL    SETERR ;LIGHT THE MENU ERROR LED
4FCF 3E00      MVI     A, FALSE ;SIGNAL PAD/MENU OK FLAG AS NOT OK
4FD1 32345A      STA    PADFLG ;
4FD4 C9          RET
4FD5 3E02      PADOK6: MVI     A,MENLED ;GET DATA TO CLEAR THE MENU LED
4FD7 CDFC4A      CALL    CLRERR ;CLEAR MENU ERROR LED
4FDA 7C          MOV     A,H     ;PUT MENU NUMBER (STATUS) IN (A)
4FDB E601      ANI     PROMSK ;MASK PROGRAM MENU NUMBER
4FDD FE01      CPI     PROMSK ;MASK TO SEE IF PROGRAMMING MENU IN PAD
4FDF C8          RZ      ;RETURN IF ALL OK, AND STILL PROMEN MENU
4FE0 3E00      MVI     A, FALSE ;SIGNAL PAD/MENU OK FLAG AS NOT OK
4FE2 32345A      STA    PADFLG ;
4FE5 3E02      MVI     A,MENLED
4FE7 CDF04A      CALL    SETERR
4FEA C9          RET
;
;
; RASBER - SUBROUTINE TO SOUND A 'RASBERSIES' TONE TO ALERT THE USER
; OF AN ERROR IN MENU ENTRY (FROM PROMEN)
;
4FEB F5          RASBER: PUSH   PSW
4FEC 3E04      MVI     A,04H   ;SOUND RASBERRY COUNTER
4FEE CDFC4F      RAS1:   CALL    HORN1  ;SOUND LOW BEEP ONCE
4FF1 CD0250      CALL    HORN2  ;SOUND HIGH BEEP ONCE
4FF4 3D          DCR     A
4FF5 FE00      CPI     00H    ;IS RASBERRY COUNTER ZERO?
4FF7 C2EE4F      JNZ    RAS1   ;REPEAT IF NOT COUNTED OUT
4FFA F1          POP    PSW    ;OTHERWISE RETURN
4FFB C9          RET
;
;
; HORN1 - ROUTINE TO SOUND THE FIRST OF TWO TONES
;
4FFC F5          HORN1:  PUSH   PSW
4FFD 3E40      MVI     A,40H   ;LOAD THE VALUE FOR FIRST TONE
4FFF C30550      JMP    HORNA
5002 F5          HORN2:  PUSH   PSW
5003 3EC0      MVI     A,0COH  ;LOAD VALUE FOR SECOND TONE
5005 D342      HORNA:  OUT    PIAF   ;SEND VALUE TO SOUND CIRCUIT
5007 D5          PUSH   D
5008 110030      LXI    D,3000H ;SHORT DELAY
500B CDB747      CALL    DELAYD
500E 3E00      MVI     A,00H
5010 D342      OUT    PIAF
5012 D1          POP    D
5013 F1          POP    PSW
5014 C9          RET
;
;

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; ROM CONSTANT ALLOCATION - ALPHABETICAL ORDER (SORTOF)
; - FUNCTIONAL ORDER TOO

; COMMAND TABLE
5015 444D    CMDS:   DB      'DM'           ;DUMP MEMORY
5017 D942    DW      DUMP             ;
5019 444C    DB      'DL'           ;DOWN LOAD
501B 5742    DW      LOADER          ;
501D 454D    DB      'EM'           ;EDIT MEMORY
501F AB41    DW      MEMED          ;
5021 474F    DB      'GO'           ;GO
5023 EE40    DW      GOTO            ;
5025 4845    DB      'HE'           ;HELP COMMAND
5027 E740    DW      HELP            ;
5029 494F    DB      'IO'           ;IO PORT R/W/M
502B 4943    DW      IOPORT          ;
502D 5442    DB      'TB'           ;TEST TIMERS AND PORTS ON BOARD
502F 7841    DW      TSTBRD          ;
5031 544D    DB      'TM'           ;TEST MEMORY
5033 0541    DW      MEMTST          ;
5035 5243    DB      'RC'           ;RUN WHEELCHAIR
5037 8746    DW      INITIAL          ;
5039 0000    DB      0,0             ;END OF TABLE MARK

;
; MESSAGES...
503B 2041424F52ABORT: DB      ' ABORTED '
5045 FF       DB      EOL
5046 2057484154BAD: DB      ' WHAT ?'
504D FF       DB      EOL
504E 29       EDM1:   DB      ' ) '
504F 203D20   EDM3:   DB      ' = '
5052 FF       DB      EOL
5053 0D0A   EDM2:   DB      CR,LF
5055 28       DB      '('
5056 FF       DB      EOL
5057 0D0A   MTSBRD DB      CR,LF
5059 5445535449 DB      'TESTING TIMERS AND PIA PORTS',CR,LF
5077 4C4F4F4B20 DB      'LOOK FOR 1000 HZ SQUAREWAVE ON TIMER OUTPUTS',CR,LF
50A5 4441544120 DB      'DATA ANALIZER SHOULD SHOW PORTS COUNTING',CR,LF
50CF 494E204120 DB      'IN A STAIRSTEP FASTION',CR,LF
50E7 FF       DB      EOL
50EB 444154413DIOPDA: DB      'DATA= '
50EE FF       DB      EOL
50EF 402035306DIOPMM: DB      '@ 50mS * '
50F8 FF       DB      EOL
50F9 2C2020   IOPSM:  DB      ', '
50FC FF       DB      EOL
50FD 0D0A   GCLKM:  DB      CR,LF
50FF 454E544552 DB      'ENTER CPU CLK FREQ XXXX KHZ: '
511C FF       DB      EOL
511D 204F4B203FMOK: DB      ' OK ?'
5122 FF       DB      EOL
5123 0D0A   MTGOOD: DB      CR,LF
5125 4D454D4F52 DB      'MEMORY TEST PASSED'
5137 0D0AFF   DB      CR,LF,EOL
513A 0D0A   MTERR:  DB      CR,LF
513C 4D454D4F52 DB      'MEMORY TEST FAILED AT '

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5152 FF DB EOL  
 5153 3A2057524FMTWROT: DB ': WROTE '  
 515B FF DB EOL  
 515C 2C20524541MTREAD: DB ', READ '  
 5163 FF DB EOL  
 5164 20544F20 PHI: DB ' TO '  
 5168 FF DB EOL  
 5169 2046524F4DPL0: DB ' FROM '  
 516F FF DB EOL  
 5170 4F46465345PBIAS: DB 'OFFSET VALUE ? '  
 517F FF DB EOL  
 5180 0D0A0A0A0AOPHELP: DB CR,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF  
 5188 2020202057 DB ' WELCOME TO THE EASYCHAIR MONITOR'  
 51AC 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 51AE 2020544845 DB ' THE FOLLOWING TWO CHARACTER COMMANDS'  
 51D4 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 51D6 2020202020 DB ' ARE AVAILABLE : '  
 51F0 0D0A0D0A DB CR,LF,CR,LF  
 51F4 444D202044 DB 'DM Dump Memory'  
 5203 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 5205 444C202044 DB 'DL Down Load from dev. system'  
 5223 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 5225 454D202045 DB 'EM Edit Memory'  
 5234 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 5236 474F202047 DB 'GO GOto'  
 523E 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 5240 494F202049 DB 'IO I/O port r/w/m'  
 5252 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 5254 5442202054 DB 'TB Test Board utitily'  
 526A 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 526C 544D202054 DB 'TM Test Memory'  
 527B 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 527D 5243202052 DB 'RC Run Chair program'  
 5292 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 5294 0D0A0A0A0A DB CR,LF,LF,LF,LF  
 5299 FF DB EOL  
 529A 0D0A PRMPT: DB CR,LF  
 529C 4541535936 DB 'EASY6'  
 52A1 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 52A3 203E DB '>'  
 52A5 FF DB EOL  
 52A6 2A2A2A2A2ASTMSG: DB '\*\*\*\*\*'  
 52CF 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 52D1 2A2A2A2020 DB '\*\*\* EASYCHAIR CONTROLER V 6.0 \*\*\*'  
 52FA 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 52FC 2A2A2A2A2A DB '\*\*\*\*\*'  
 5325 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 5327 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 5329 2020544849 DB ' THIS SYSTEM WAS CREATED BY : '  
 5347 0D0A0A DB CR,LF,LF  
 534A 2020202020 DB ' JAMES WILLIAMS '  
 5361 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 5363 2020202020 DB ' AND '  
 5372 0D0A DB CR,LF  
 5374 2020202020 DB ' GREGORY WELCH '  
 538A 0D0A0A DB CR,LF,LF

538D 2020495420 DB IT IS THE CONTROLLER PROGRAM THAT  
 53AF 000A DB CR,LF  
 53B1 204F504552 DB ' OPERATES THE ULTRASONICS, LIGHT BOARD,  
 53DB 000A DB CR,LF  
 53DA 414E44204D DB 'AND MOTORS OF THE EASYCHAIR WHEELCHAIR.'  
 5401 000A DB CR,LF  
 5403 2054484953 DB ' THIS PROGRAM ALSO Allows MENUS FOR'  
 5426 000A DB CR,LF  
 5428 2054484520 DB ' THE LIGHT BOARD TO BE CREATED FOR '  
 5448 000A DB CR,LF  
 544D 2045414348 DB ' EACH CHILD AND ADDED TO AND CHANGED '  
 5472 000A DB CR,LF  
 5474 204153204E DB ' AS NEEDED.'  
 547F 000A DB CR,LF  
 5481 20414C4C20 DB ' ALL ATTEMPTS WERE MADE TO FORESEE ALL'  
 54A7 000A DB CR,LF  
 54A9 2054484520 DB ' THE POSSIBLE PROBLEMS THAT MAY ARISE,'  
 54CF 000A DB CR,LF  
 54D1 2020202020 DB ' HOWEVER, -NO- PROMISES.'  
 54EF 000AFF MCRLF: DB CR,LF,EOL  
 54F2 574B45454CMMSG1: DB 'WHEELCHAIR NOW UNDER COMPUTER CONTROL'  
 5517 000AFF DB CR,LF,EOL  
 551A 000A00000ACLS: DB LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF  
 5528 000A00000A DB LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,HOME,EOL  
 5535 46524F4E54FNTMSG: DB 'FRONT = ',EOL  
 553E 4241434B20BAKMSG: DB 'BACK = ',EOL  
 5546 5249474854RTMSG: DB 'RIGHT = ',EOL  
 554F 4C45465420LFTMSG: DB 'LEFT = ',EOL  
 5557 4C45442F54ROWERR: DB 'LED/TRANSISTOR ERROR IN ROW (0-F): ',EOL  
 557B 4C45442F54COLERR: DB 'LED/TRANSISTOR ERROR IN COLUMN (0-F): ',EOL  
 55A2 5041442054TCHMSG: DB 'PAD TOUCHED AT LOCATION: ',EOL  
 55BC 424547494EINTMSG: DB 'BEGIN INFRA-RED TOUCH PAD DIAGNOSTICS',EOL  
 55E2 454E44204FENDMSG: DB 'END OF INFRA-RED TOUCH PAD DIAGNOSTICS',EOL  
 5609 06 SAMPLE: DB 00000110B ;MENU CONTROL WORD  
 560A 02 DB 02H ;RAMP RATE  
 560B 10 DB 10H ;BAK,FNT,LFT,RGT RANGING DIST  
 560C 10 DB 10H  
 560D 10 DB 10H  
 560E 10 DB 10H  
 ;BEGIN ENTRY 1  
 560F 00 DB 00H ;ROW/COL MIN  
 5610 44 DB 44H ;ROW/COL MAX  
 5611 AC DB 0ACH ;MOTOR SPEEDS (L/R)  
 5612 10 DB 10H ;DURATION  
 ;NEXT ENTRIES  
 5613 05 DB 05H  
 5614 4A DB 4AH  
 5615 CC DB 0CCH  
 5616 10 DB 10H  
 ;  
 5617 0B DB 0BH  
 5618 4F DB 4FH  
 5619 CA DB 0CAH  
 561A 10 DB 10H  
 ;  
 561B 50 DB 50H

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561C A4      DB      0A4H
561D 8C      DB      8CH
561E 10      DB      10H
;
561F 55      DB      55H
5620 AA      DB      0AAH
5621 88      DB      88H
5622 10      DB      10H
;
5623 5B      DB      5BH
5624 AF      DB      0AFH
5625 C8      DB      0C8H
5626 10      DB      10H
;
5627 B0      DB      0B0H
5628 F4      DB      0F4H
5629 46      DB      46H
562A 10      DB      10H
;
562B B5      DB      0B5H
562C FA      DB      0FAH
562D 44      DB      44H
562E 10      DB      10H
;
562F BB      DB      0BBH
5630 FF      DB      0FFH
5631 64      DB      64H
5632 10      DB      10H
;
5633 00      DB      00H
5634 00      DB      00H
5635 BB      DB      88H
5636 01      DB      01H
;
;END OF SAMPLE TABLE DEFINITIONS
;
; RAM ALLOCATION IN ALPHABETICAL AND FUNCTIONAL ORDER
;
5A00          ORG     MONRAM      ; BEGINNING OF MONITOR RAM
;
5A00  ECHOFL: DS   1           ; ECHO FLAG: 0=ECHO 1=NO ECHO
5A01  WIDTH:   DS   1           ; WIDTH+1 = NUMBER OF BYTES PER LINE
5A02  BIAS:    DS   2           ; BIAS FOR LOAD
5A04  RJSAV:   DS   2           ; TEMP SAVE AREA FOR RETJMP
5A06  RJSP:    DS   2           ; RETURN JUMP STACK POINTER
5A08  RJVECT:  DS   2           ; RETURN JUMP VECTOR (PC)
5A0A  D50DIV:  DS   2           ; COUNTER FOR TIMING OF 50MS PULSE
5A0C  CLKBCD:  DS   2           ; CLOCK FREQUENCY IN BCD
5A0E  CLKBIN:  DS   2           ; CLOCK FREQUENCY IN BINARY
5A10  FNTDST:  DS   2           ; ULTRASONIC FNT DIST.
5A12  MAXFNT:  DS   1           ; MAX FRONT DIST.
5A13  BAKDST:  DS   2           ; BACK DIST.
5A15  MAXBAK:  DS   1           ; MAX BACK DIST.
5A16  RTDST:   DS   2           ; RIGHT DIST.
5A18  MAXRT:   DS   1           ; MAX RIGHT DIST.
5A19  LFTDST:  DS   2           ; LEFT DIST.

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5A1B      MAXLFT: DS     1          ; MAX LEFT DIST.  
5A1C      TIMDLY: DS    2          ; DELAY TIME  
5A1E      HONOFF: DS   1          ; HIGH SPEED FLAG  
5A1F      RAMPCNT: DS  1          ; RAMP RATE  
5A20      MENCTRL: DS  1          ; MENU CONTROL WORD (FLAGS...)  
5A21      ERRWRD: DS   1          ; CURRENT ERROR WORD (SETERR, CLRERR)  
5A22      GBLTBL: DS   2          ; STARTING ADDRESS OF GLOBAL MEN VARS  
5A24      BEGTBL: DS   2          ; STARTING ADDRESS OF TABLE ENTRIES  
5A26      ENTRY: DS    1          ; CURRENT ENTRY NUMBER (IN DATA TABLES)  
5A27      MTRADDR: DS  2          ; ADDRESS OF CURRENT ENTRY DATA  
5A29      POINTER: DS  2          ; POINTER USED IN PROMEN TO UPDATE TABLE  
5A2B      LMTS: DS     1          ; LEFT MOTOR TARGET SPEED  
5A2C      RMTS: DS     1          ; RIGHT MOTOR TARGET SPEED  
5A2D      LMCS: DS     1          ; LEFT MOTOR CURRENT SPEED  
5A2E      RMCS: DS     1          ; RIGHT MOTOR CURRENT SPEED  
5A2F      LMOTOR: DS   1          ; VALUES TO BE SENT TO L & R MOTORS  
5A30      RMOTOR: DS   1          ;  
5A31      DURATION: DS  1          ; DURATION OF MOTOR ACTION  
5A32      LAST1: DS    1          ; LAST ENTRY NUMBER  
5A33      CNTRAMP: DS  1          ; IMMEDIATE RAMP COUNT  
5A34      PADFLG: DS   1          ; PAD/MENU OK FLAG  
5A35      HEARTON: DS  1          ; HEARTBEAT ON/OFF FLAG  
5A36      MISCBF: DS   17         ; BUFFER FOR USE BY COMMANDS  
;                                     ; PUT LAST SO AN OVERRUN WON'T BOMB  
;                                     ; SYSTEM  
;END OF EASYCHAIR MONITOR  
;  
;+++++  
5A47      END
```

## THE INFRARED TOUCH PAD

40 - Infrared LEDs	\$ 26.00
40 - Infrared phototransistors	22.00
1 - Miscellaneous wood/plastic	60.00
1 - Electronic components	85.00
1 - Electronic cable	27.00
1 - Miscellaneous hardware	75.00
	-----
	295.00

## ULTRASONIC RANGING

4 - Ultrasonic transducers	375.00
1 - Electronic components	50.00
1 - Electronic cable	32.00
	-----
	457.00

## COMPUTER AND MOTOR CONTROL

1 - Working 8085 based computer	400.00
1 - Additional 8255 PIA	17.00
1 - 2816A EEPROM	16.00
2 - DS1225 8K NOVRAM	32.00
2 - AD558 D/A Converters	15.00
1 - Electronic components	15.00
1 - Power supply components	27.00
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	522.00

## MISCELLANEOUS COSTS

1 - Miscellaneous	55.61
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GRAND TOTAL \$ 1329.61

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