

Building the Infinite Brain

COMP 690 (193)

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What are BCIs?

Broadly, systems that read, process, and modulate neural activity in the brain

Types of BCIs

Many, both invasive/implanted and wearable

What are BCIs used for?

Understanding brain function, treat dysfunction, restore lost function, and augment cognition

Intimately tied to an individual's identity

What are the computational challenges in designing BCIs?

Growing sensor data needs to be processed on the device

Computers today are limited in achieving both efficiency and flexibility, under safety constraints

1-page write-up due on 1/16



General Suggestions

Take notes

No need to repeat what's in the slides, but note connections, insights

Write down ideas and follow-ups

Even if you don't plan to revisit them (for now)

When reading, go down (good) rabbit holes

Trails of papers—builds background knowledge, but don't lose sight of the overall goal: Tree traversal!

Learn to refine your thoughts into formal and precise summaries, ideas

Even if you don't plan to revisit them (for now)

“Writing is nature’s way of letting you know how sloppy your thinking is. Math is nature’s way of letting you know how sloppy your writing is.” Leslie Lamport

Writing a Paper Review



The Task of the Referee

<http://www2.eccs.berkeley.edu/Pubs/TechRpts/1989/CSD-89-511.pdf>

Alan Smith, *Emeritus, UC Berkeley*

Summarize the paper

What did you learn?

What are the novel contributions of the paper?

Positives, strengths etc.

Negatives, limitations

Summary and review of assumptions, methods, results (check correctness too!)

Significance and Impact (past, present or future)

During paper presentations

1-2 questions for discussion!

Connect the paper to the themes of the course and other papers

Writing the Project Proposal



The Heilmeier Catechism

<https://www.darpa.mil/about/heilmeier-catechism>

George H. Heilmeier, *former DARPA director*

2-page proposals due 1/21

Goal: What are you trying to do?

State of the art and challenges/limitations: How is it done today, and what are the limits of current practice?

Novelty and realizability: What is new in your approach, and why do you think it will be successful?

Significance and impact: Who cares? If you are successful, what difference will it make?

Executional challenges: What are the risks?

Effort: How much will it cost?

Timeline: How long will it take?

Metrics and deliverables: What are the midterm and final “exams” to check for success?



More on The Project

Working project

Examples

- An FPGA/microcontroller implementation of FFT and analysis of power and performance
- Software to improve/maintain a BCI tool or other software
 - BRAND: <https://github.com/brandbci/brand>
 - Foresee: <https://github.com/bci-foresee/foresee>
- Verification (or Correctness) specification and analysis of a BCI hardware or software kernel
- An EEG BCI game of Pong
- An analysis of algorithms used for seizure detection and their suitability for on-device execution
- A compiler to translate a BCI application to fit microcontrollers
- Python to Verilog translation for DWT in BCI processor design
- Extension of a BCI processing architecture
- Evaluation of a machine learning algorithm for speech decoding and suggested re-design for on-device execution
- Leveraging neuroscientific markers for efficient movement intent decoding on device
- An analysis of cursor movement methods identifying key computational techniques and bottlenecks
 - *(last semester project abstracts will be uploaded for reference)*

You should argue for why your design (hardware, software) is good

You can search online for inspiration, but do not use someone else's code or work—recall the honor code

For Today

- Quick review
- **Introductions**
- **What is computer architecture?**
- **How are computer architectures analyzed and compared?**

Introductions!

Name

Grad/undergrad

Focus area

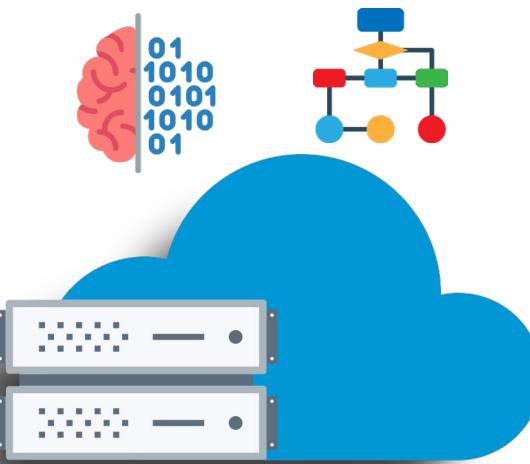
Why are you taking the course?

Example Application

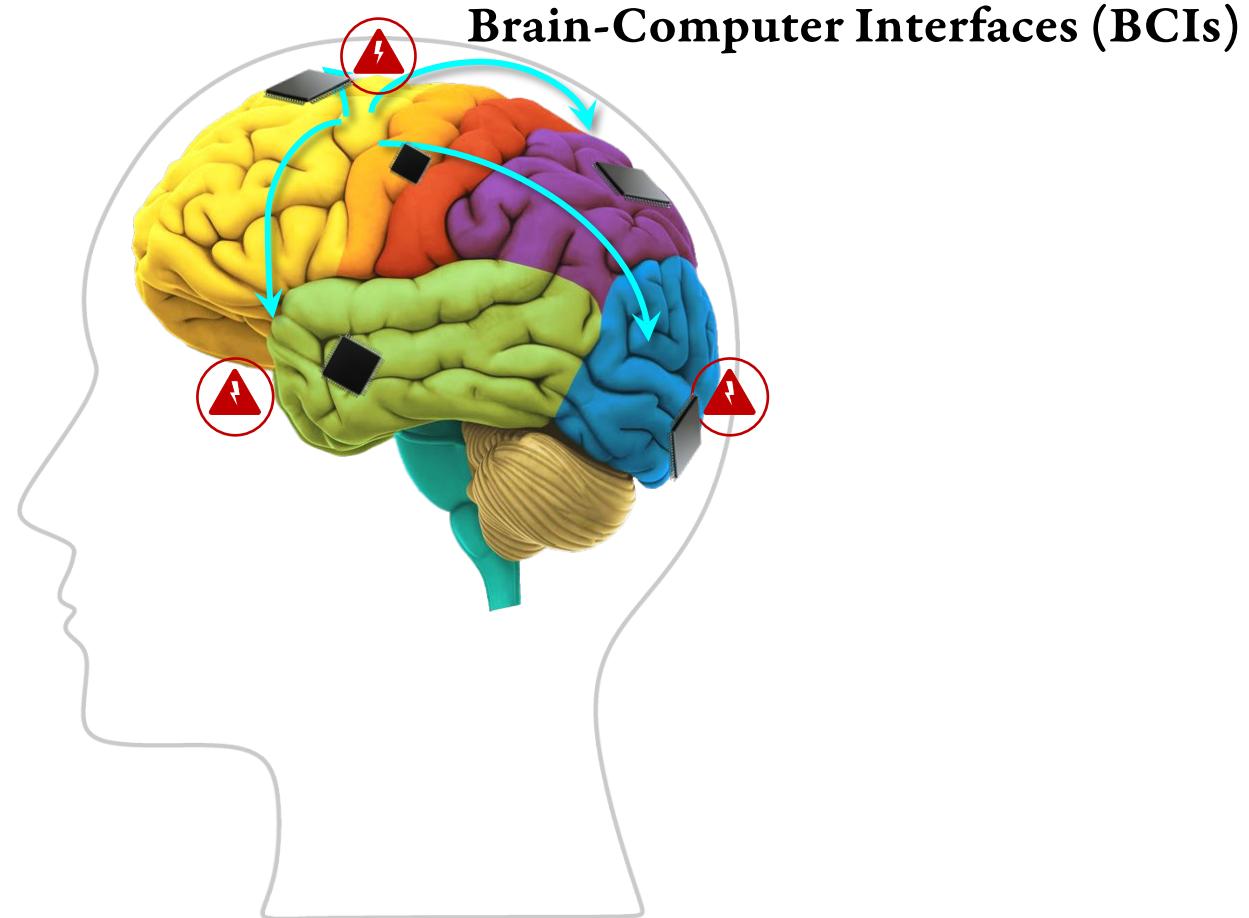
Restoring function



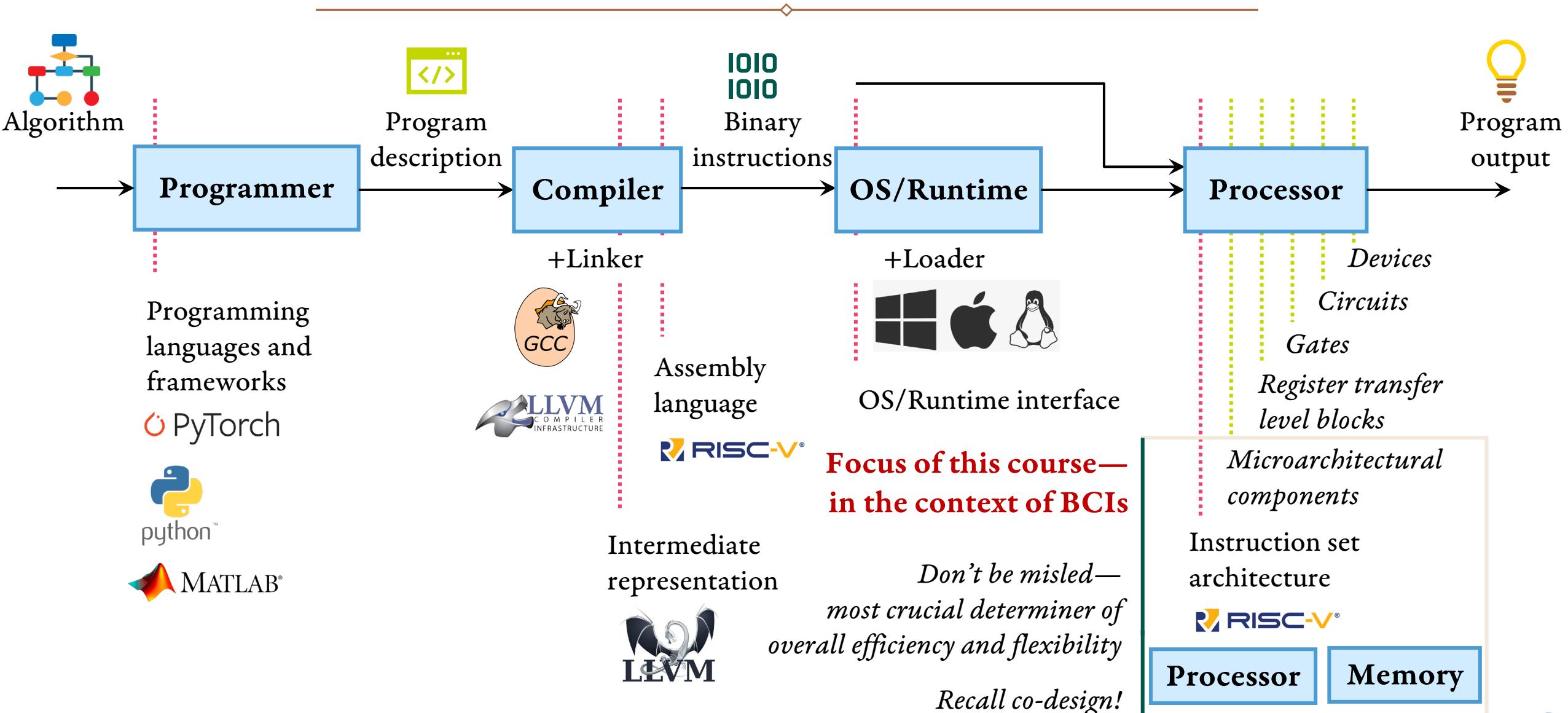
Computational cognitive
frameworks



Mitigating seizures



BCI Computing is a Full Stack Problem



What is Computer Architecture?

Previously, it meant the ISA

Most are register based (operands and results in registers), other variants include stack, accumulator

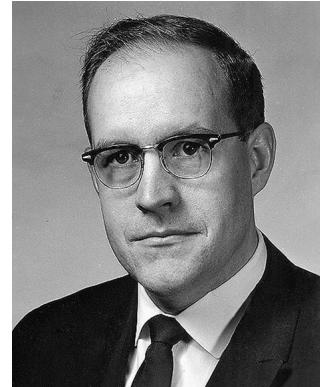
Now, it could mean everything between the OS and circuit design!

Distinctions are made based on the context

What we discuss is also called computer organization



Gene Amdahl



Fred Brooks Jr

“The term architecture is used here to describe the attributes of a system as seen by the programmer, i.e., the conceptual structure and functional behavior, as distinct from the organization of the data flow and controls, the logical design, and the physical implementation.”

Architecture of the IBM System/360, Apr 1964

Goals of A Computer Architect



Reading task: “Hints and Principles for Computer System Design (2021)”
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2011.02455>

STEADY by AID with ART

Butler Lampson, *Pioneer in computer system design*

Applicable for BCI computers too!

Simple

Timely

Efficient

Adaptable

Dependable

Yummy

Is it clean?

Is it ready?

Is it fast?

Can it evolve?

Does it work?

Will it sell?

Goals

Approximate

Speculate,
compress...

Incremental

Independent,
iterate...

Divide and conquer

Abstractions,
concurrent...

Techniques

Architecture

Automate

Review

Techniques

Test

Process

What?

Goals

STEADY

— Simple, Timely, Efficient, Adaptable, Dependable, Yummy

How?

Techniques by AID

— Approximate, Incremental, Divide & Conquer

When, who? **Process**

with ART

— Architecture, Automate, Review, Techniques, Test

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- Picture of scientists: <https://www.cs.auckland.ac.nz/~brian/rutherford8.html> (original: Pierre de Latil), Bush (Carnegie Science), Others (Wikipedia)
- Flowchart: Pause08 – flaticon.com
- Digital brain: Smashicons – flaticon.com
- Server rack: upklyak – freepik.com
- Quantum processor icons created by Paul J. - Flaticon
- Arm, Lotus: Adobe stock
- Quantum processor: Rigetti computing
- Images of implanted users: Top: Case Western Reserve University (<https://thecase.case.edu/man-quadriplegia-employs-injury-bridging-technologies-move-just-thinking/>), Bottom: Jan Scheuermann (University of Pittsburgh/UPMC; <https://www.upmc.com/media/news/bci-press-release-chocolate>)
- Images of wearable BCIs: Cognixion, NextMind
- Types of BCIs: “Brain–computer interfaces for communication and rehabilitation,
- Illustrative BCI: Neuralink
- Electrodes: “Electrochemical and electrophysiological considerations for clinical high channel count neural interfaces”, Vatsyayan et al.
- Form factors: Neuropace, Medtronic, Bloomberg, “Fully Implanted Brain–Computer Interface in a Locked-In Patient with ALS” by Vansteensel et al., Blackrock Neurotech
- Jose Delgado’s video: Online, various sources (CNN, Youtube)
- Video of Kennedy and Ramsey: Online, various sources (Youtube, Neural signals)

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