

Building the Infinite Brain

COMP 690 (193)

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at CHAPEL HILL

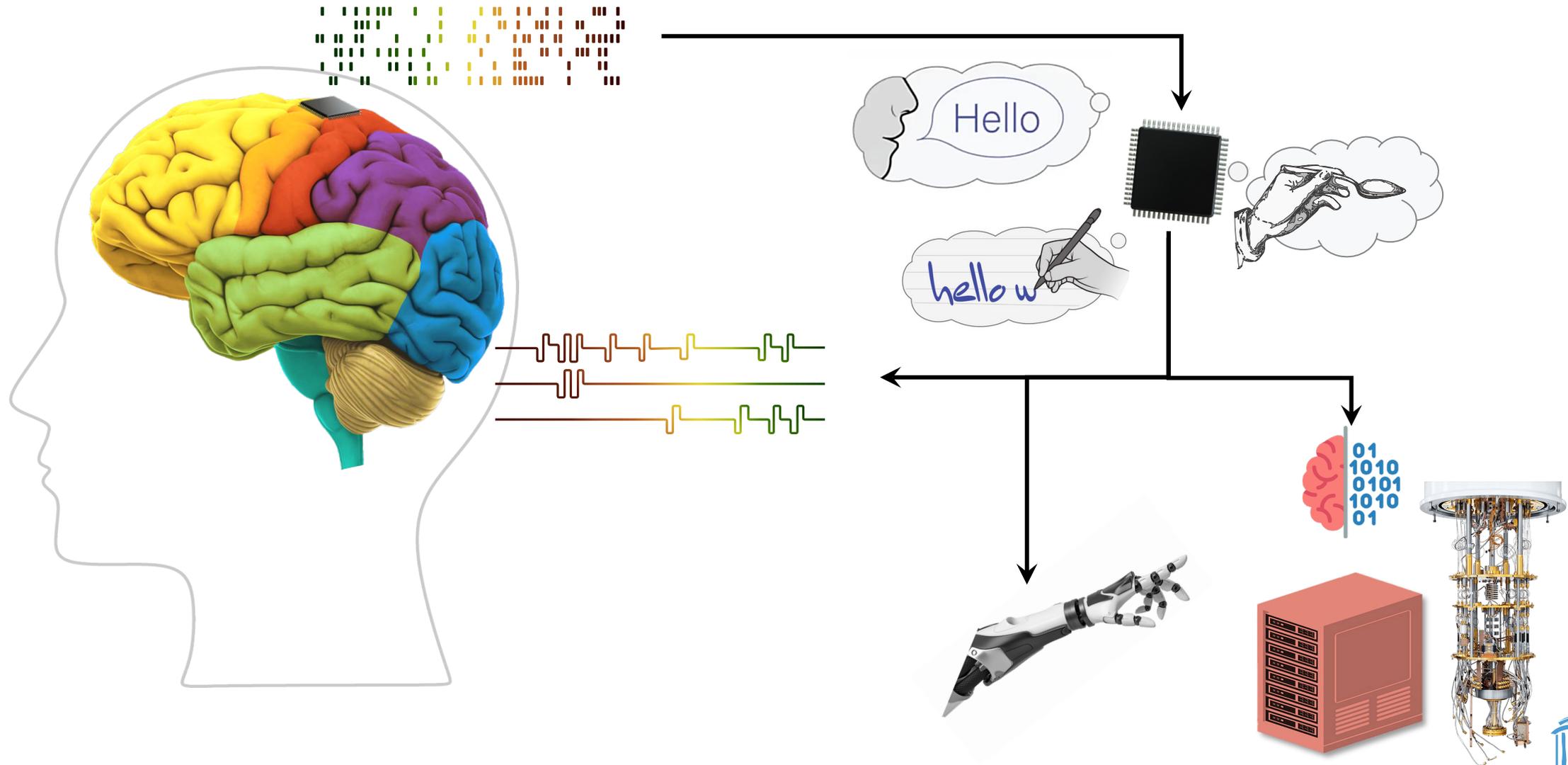
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For Today

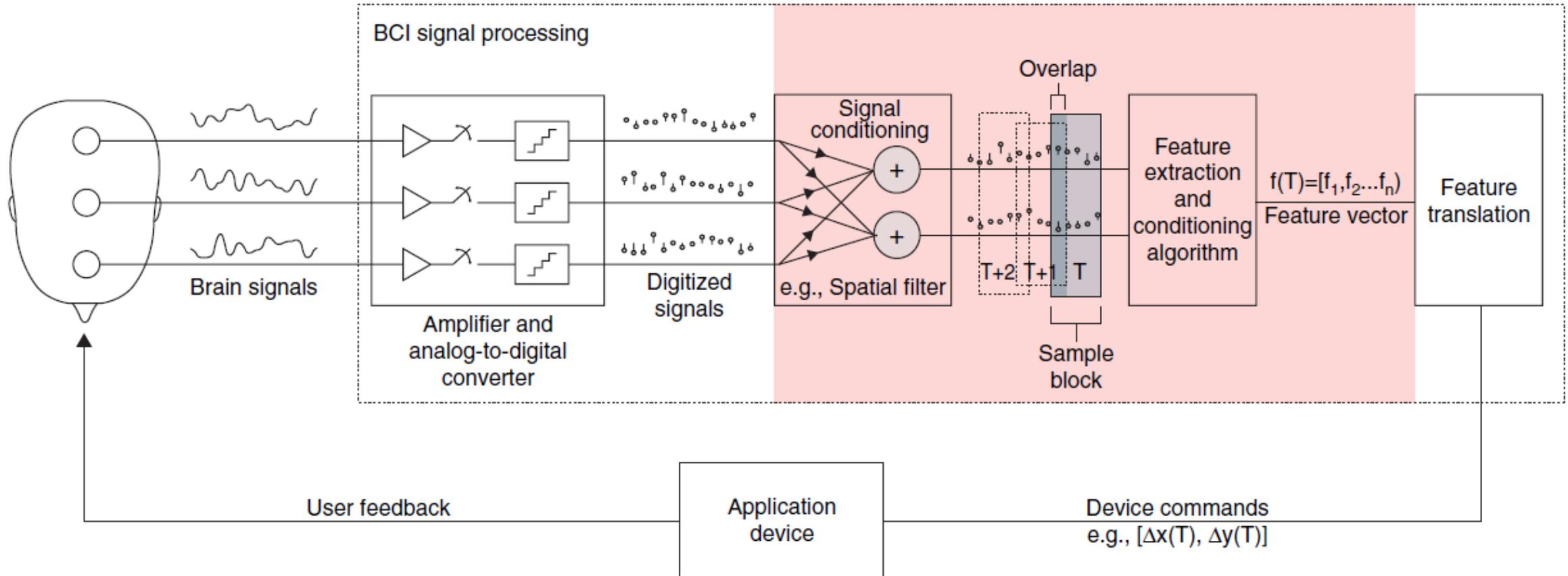
- **Overview of (digital) signal processing methods in brain-computer interfaces**



BCI Processing

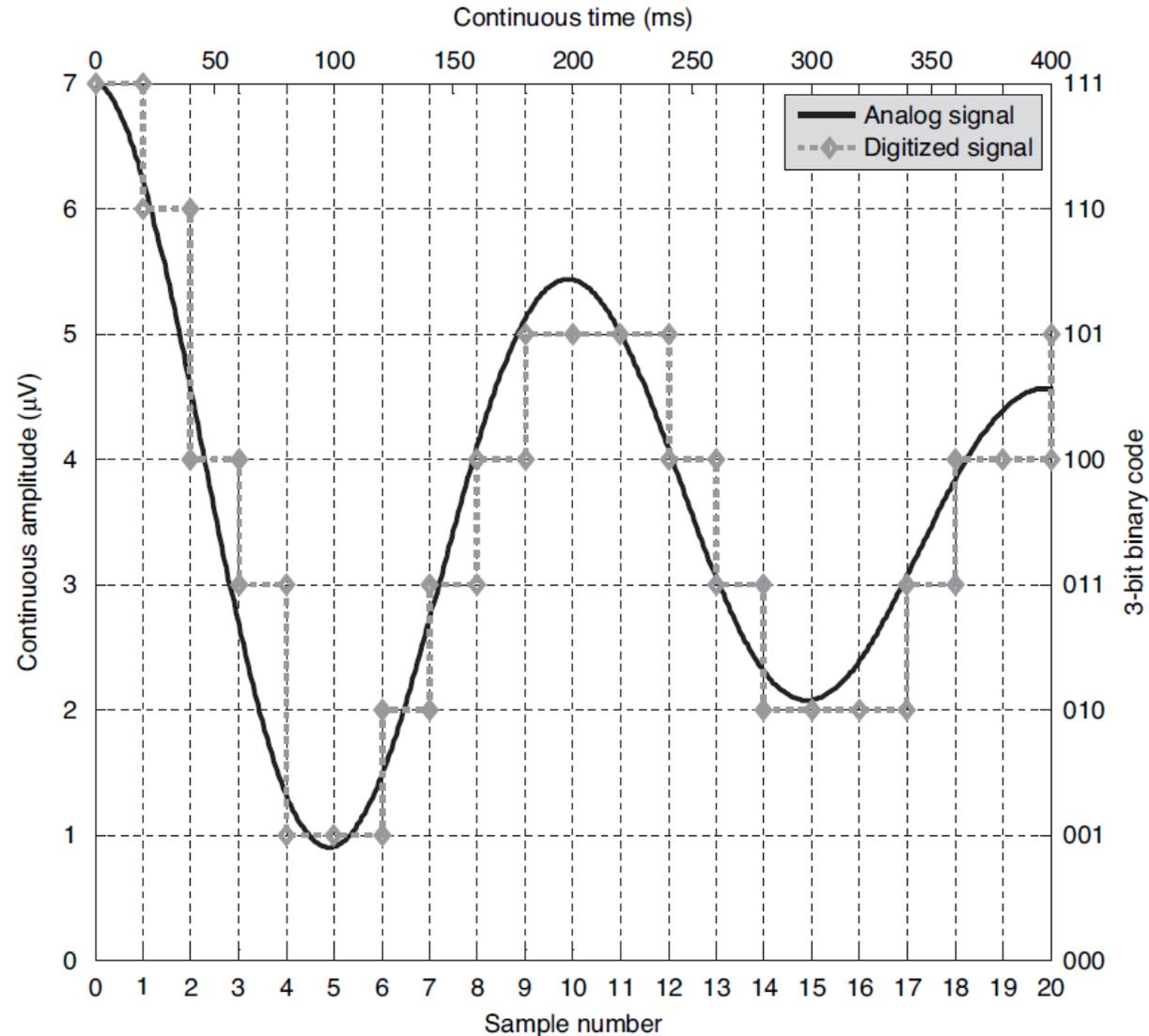


BCI Processing



Feature: property of a signal that is precisely characterized, modulated by users, and correlated with intent

Digitization



**At most 16-bit samples
at 30-45 kHz**

LFPs are lower resolution



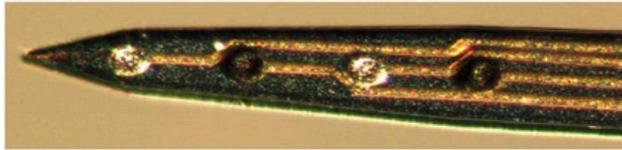
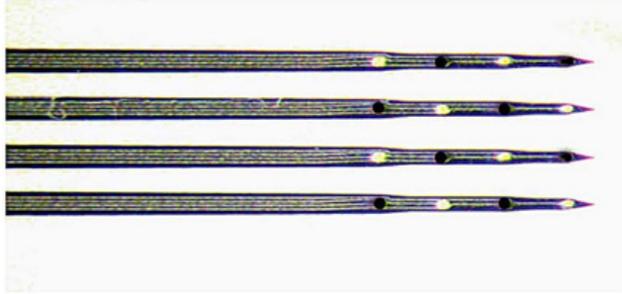
Common Average Referencing

$$V_{clean} = V_{original} - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n V_i$$

**Average across all
samples in a window**

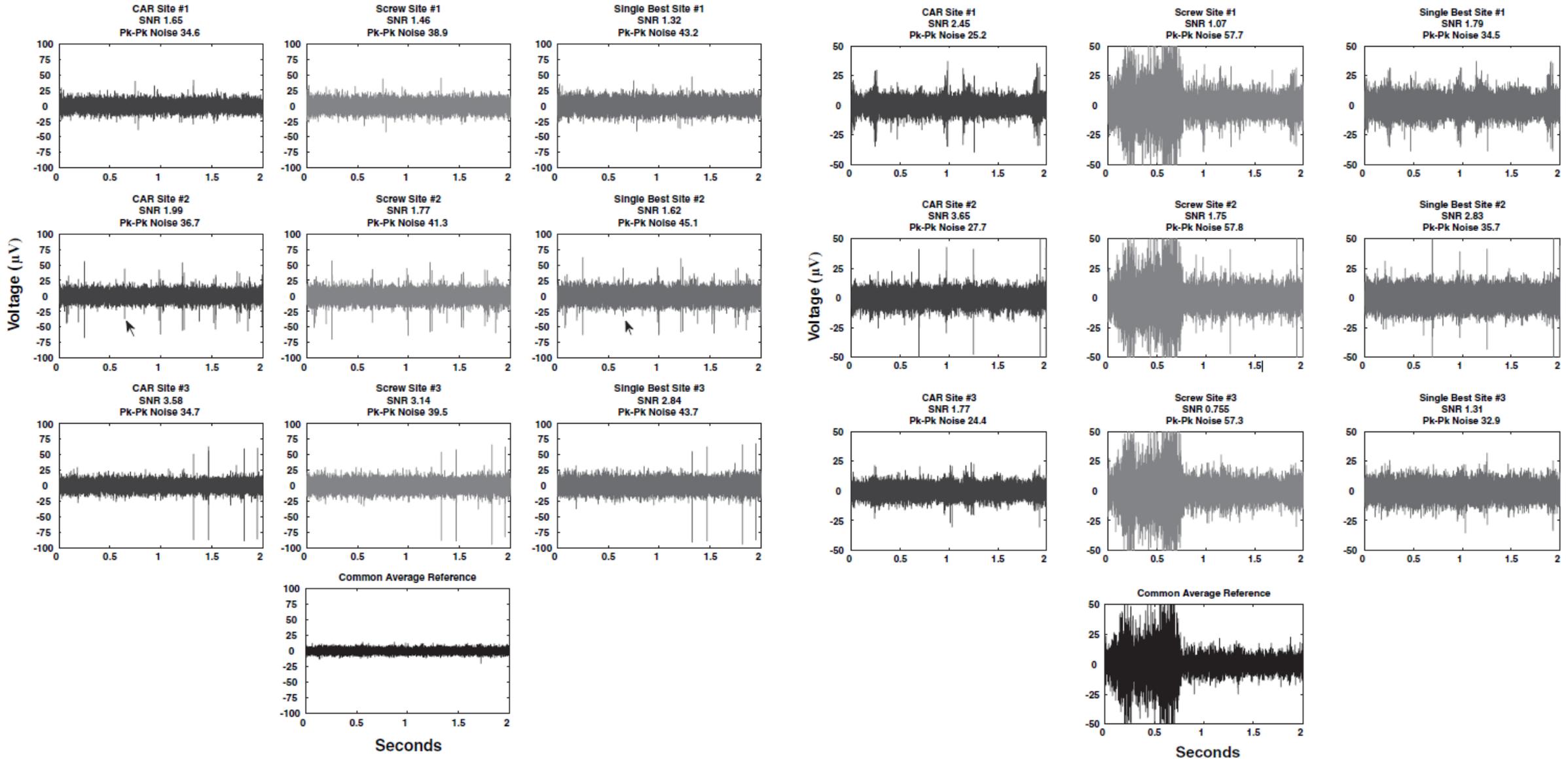


Common Average Referencing



Michigan array (16 channels)

Common Average Referencing



Filtering

$$y[n] = \sum_{i=0}^M a_i \times x[n - i] - \sum_{j=1}^L b_j \times y[n - j]$$

Past inputs

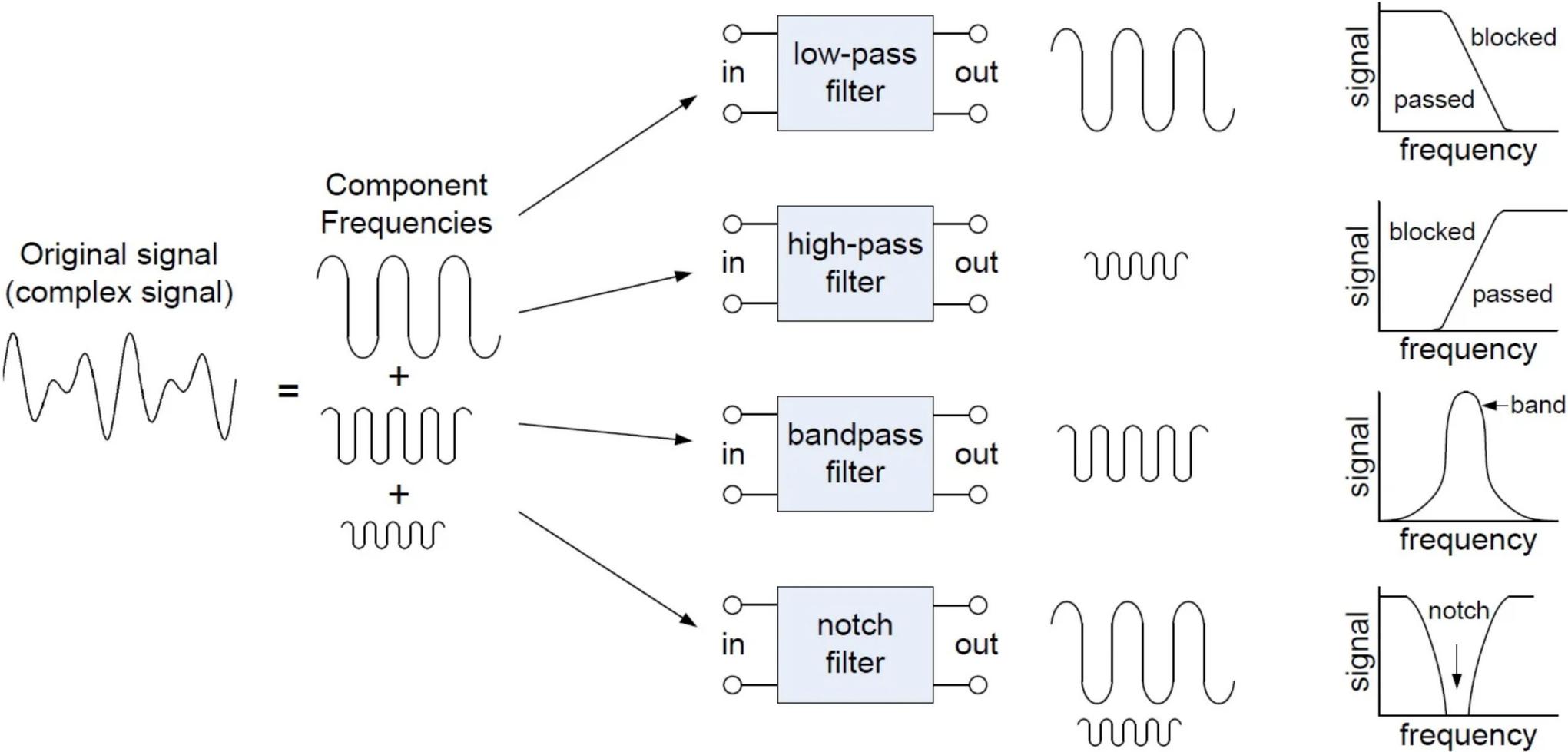
Past outputs

Finite impulse response: An input sample affects the output only for the duration (order) of the filter

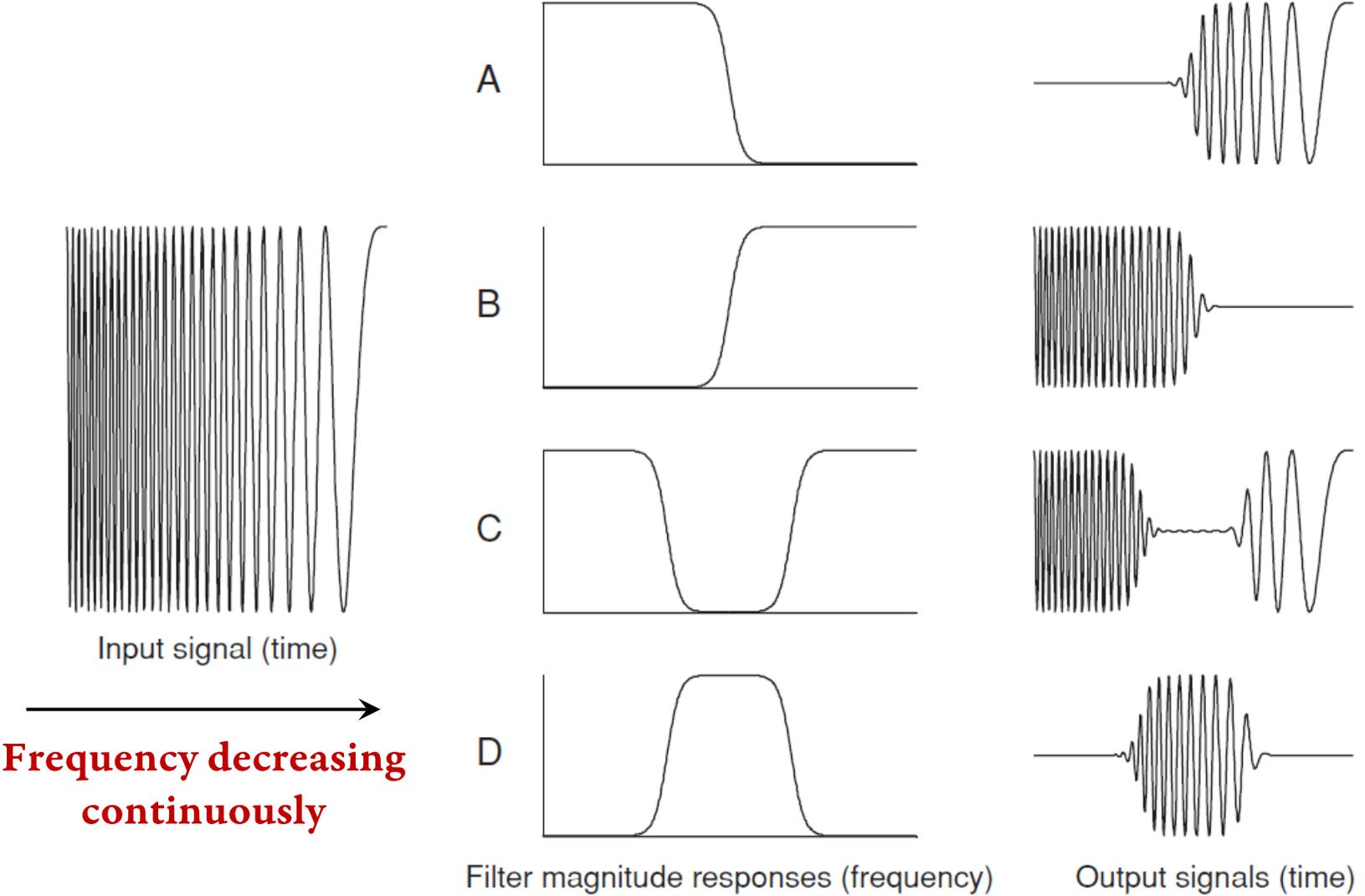
Infinite impulse response: Long-term impact of inputs through output feedback



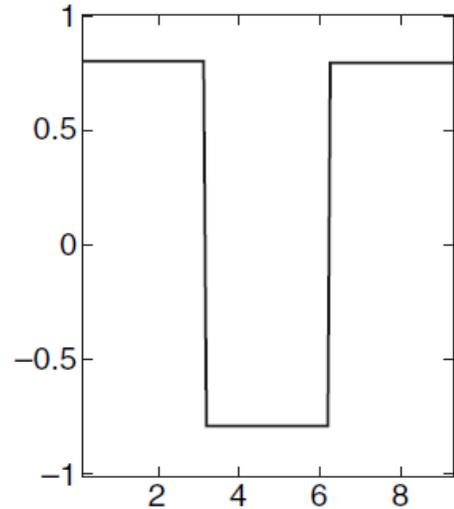
Filtering



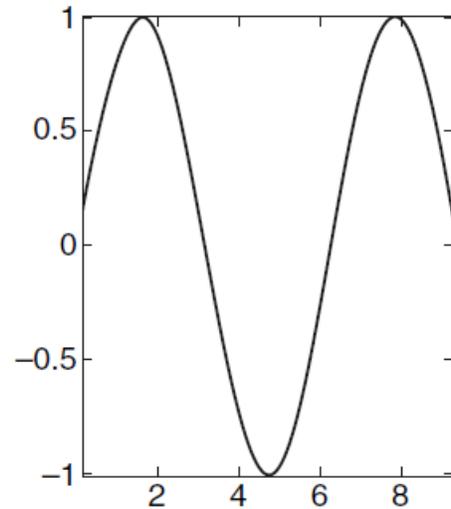
Filtering



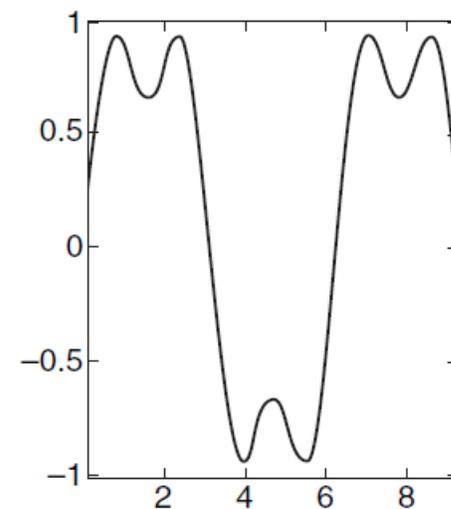
Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)



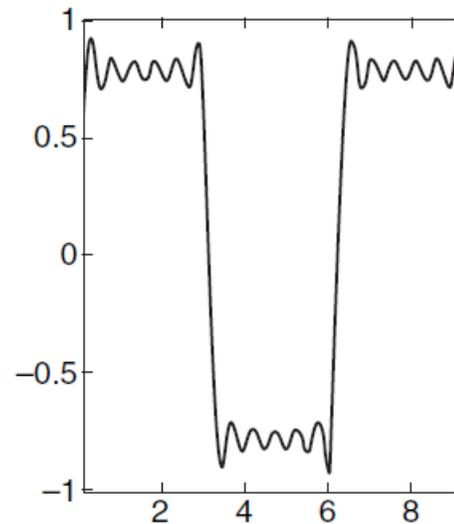
A



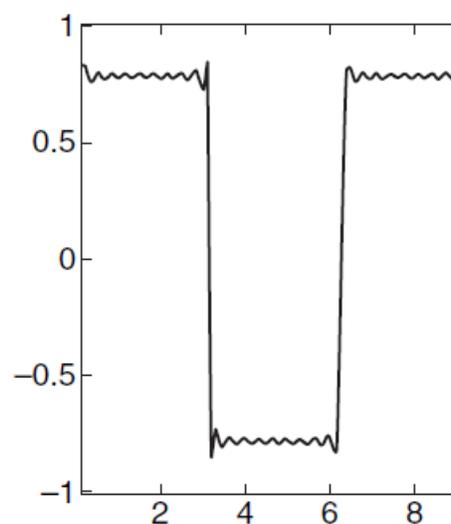
B



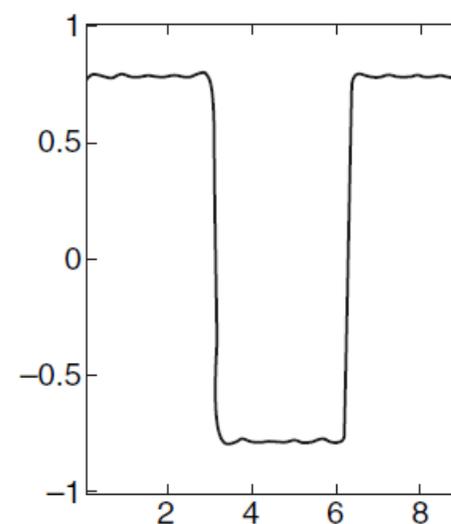
C



D

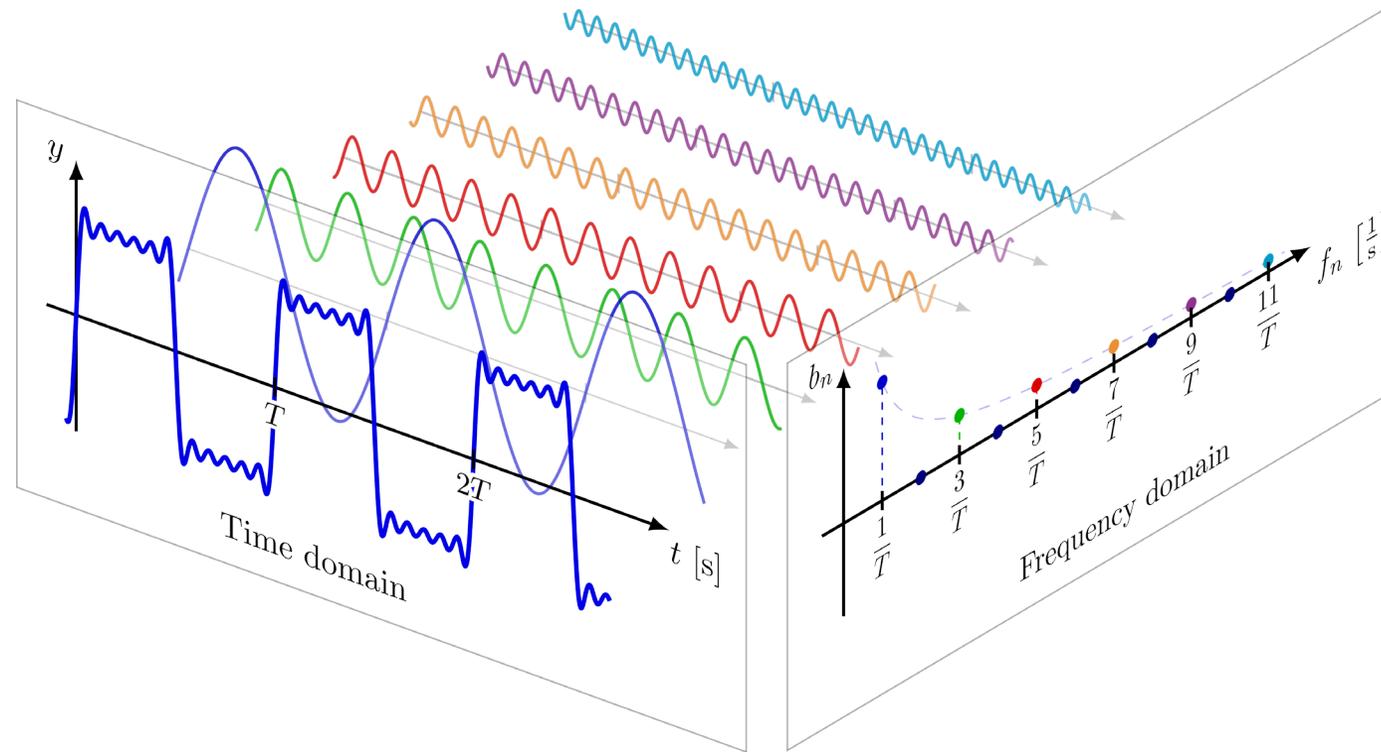


E



F

Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)



Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)

$$FFT[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-i\frac{2\pi}{N}kn}$$

$$FFT[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot \omega_k^n$$

$$FFT[k] = \sum_{m=0}^{\frac{N}{2}-1} x[2m] \cdot \omega_k^{2m} + \omega_k \sum_{m=0}^{\frac{N}{2}-1} x[2m+1] \cdot \omega_k^{2m}$$



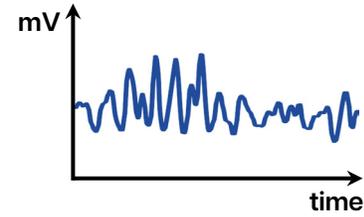
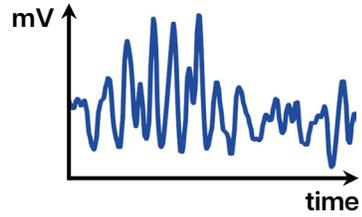
Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)



Time (ms)

FFT frequency bins

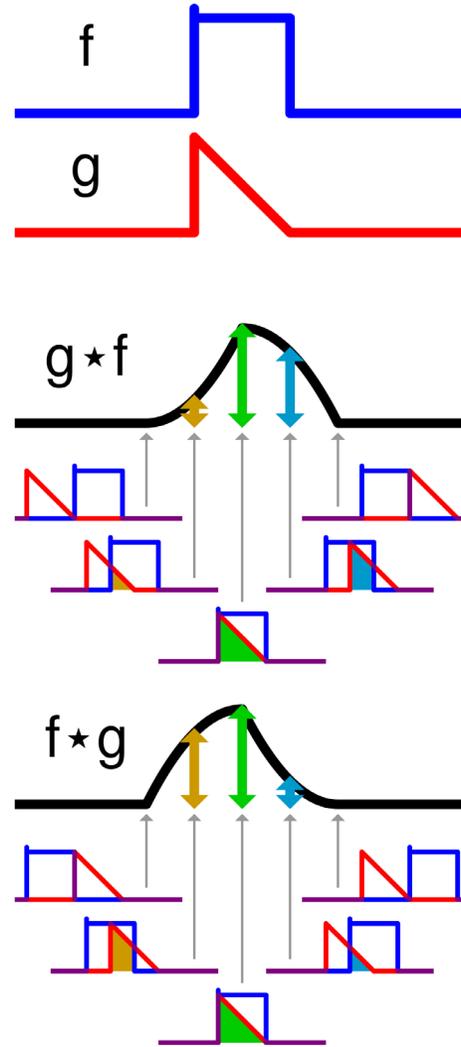
Cross-Correlation



Same?

Similar?

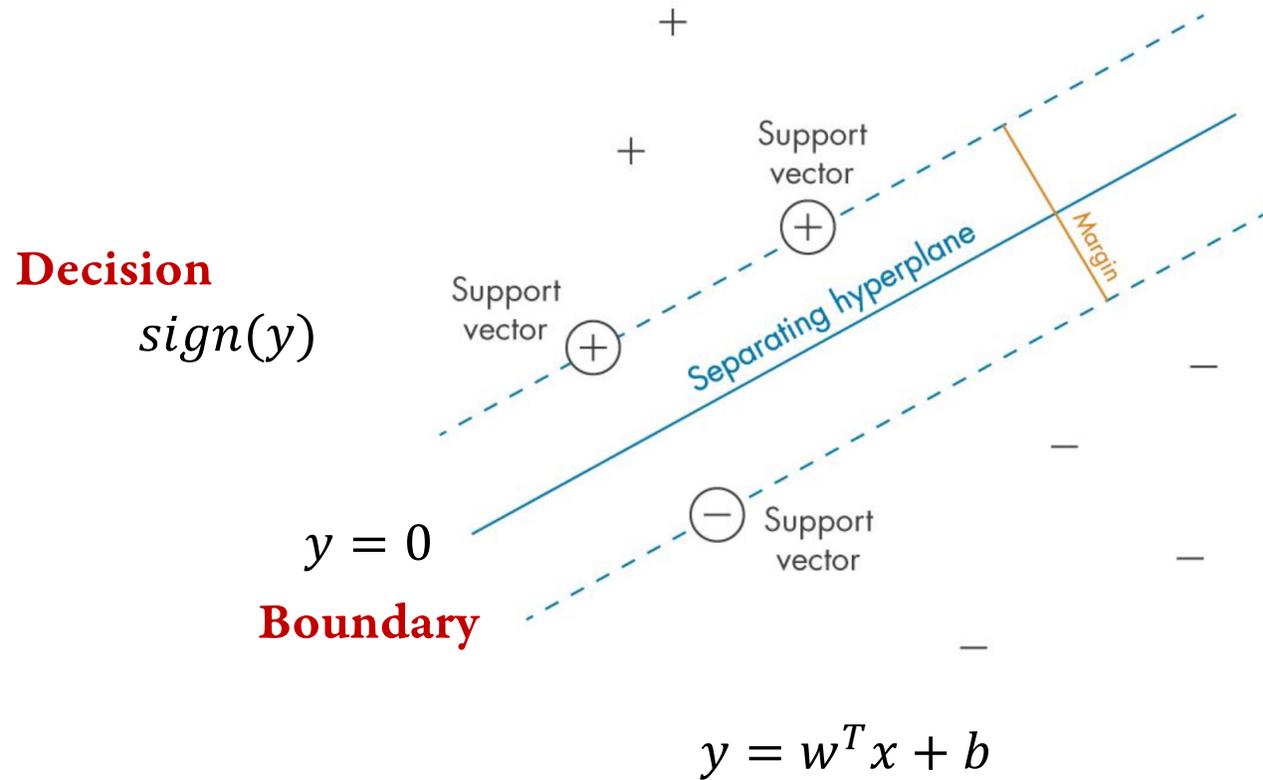
Cross-Correlation



$$R_{xy} = \sum_t x(t) \cdot y(t)$$

$$R_{xy}(\tau) = \sum_t x(t) \cdot y(t + \tau)$$

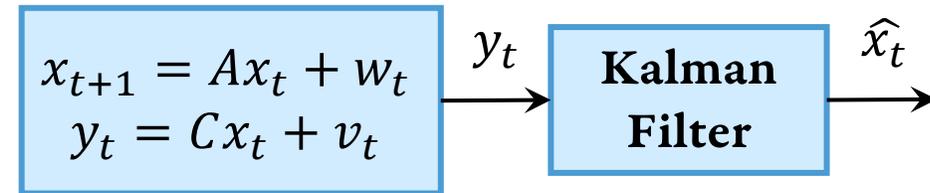
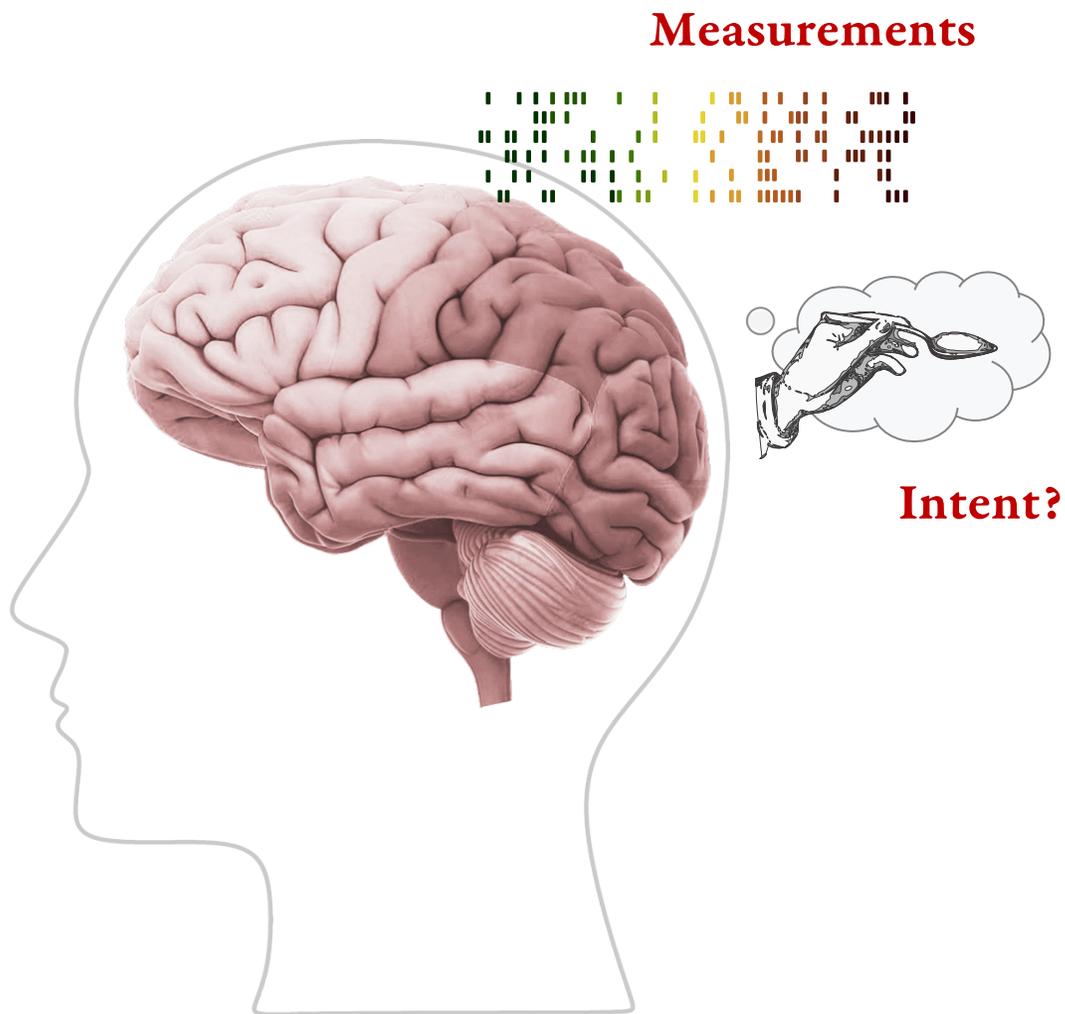
Support Vector Machine (SVM)



**Design by
optimization**

$$\min \frac{1}{2} \|w\|^2 \text{ subject to } y_i(w^T x_i + b) \geq 1 \forall i$$

Kalman Filter



Brain

\hat{x}_t : estimate of state
 P : $Cov(\hat{x}_t)$

x_t : intent

w_t : process noise

$$\hat{x}_t = (A + L_t C)\hat{x}_t - L_t y_t$$

y_t : measurement

v_t : measurement noise

$$L_t = -A\Sigma_t C^T (C\Sigma_t C^T + V)^{-1}$$

$$\Sigma_{t+1} = (A + L_t C)\Sigma_t A^T + W$$

Σ_t co-variance of x_t

V co-variance of v_t

W co-variance of w_t

A Few More

Other pre-processing methods

E.g., Principal Component Analysis

**Some pre-processing steps
are quite complex**

E.g., Spike sorting

Other time-frequency feature extraction methods

E.g., Wavelets

Other similarity methods

E.g., Dynamic time warping

Other decision-making methods

E.g., Neural networks



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- Quantum processor: Rigetti computing
- Images of implanted users: Top: Case Western Reserve University (<https://thedaily.case.edu/man-quadruplegia-employs-injury-bridging-technologies-move-just-thinking/>), Bottom: Jan Scheuermann (University of Pittsburgh/UPMC; <https://www.upmc.com/media/news/bci-press-release-chocolate>)
- Images of wearable BCIs: Cognixion, NextMind
- Types of BCIs: “Brain–computer interfaces for communication and rehabilitation,
- Illustrative BCI: Neuralink
- Electrodes: “Electrochemical and electrophysiological considerations for clinical high channel count neural interfaces”, Vatsyayan et al.
- Form factors: Neuropace, Medtronic, Bloomberg, “Fully Implanted Brain–Computer Interface in a Locked-In Patient with ALS” by Vansteensel et al., Blackrock Neurotech
- Jose Delgado’s video: Online, various sources (CNN, Youtube)
- Video of Kennedy and Ramsey: Online, various sources (Youtube, Neural signals)
- Code snippet inspiration: ECE 252 slides at Duke (Dan Sorin et al.)
- Apple processor pipeline: <https://dougallj.github.io/applecpu/firestorm.html>
- BCI Processing, Digitization, Filtering, FFT: *Brain–Computer Interfaces: Principles and Practice*, Ed: Jonathan Wolpaw and Elizabeth Winter Wolpaw
- Filtering: <https://www.allaboutcircuits.com/technical-articles/an-introduction-to-filters/>
- Common Average Referencing: “Using a Common Average Reference to Improve Cortical Neuron Recordings From Microelectrode Arrays”, Ludwig et al., *J Neurophysiol*, 2008
- FFT: <https://dibsmethodsmeetings.github.io/fourier-transforms/>
- Cross-Correlation: https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Comparison_convolution_correlation.svg CC-By-SA-3.0
- SVM: <https://www.mathworks.com/discovery/support-vector-machine.html>

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